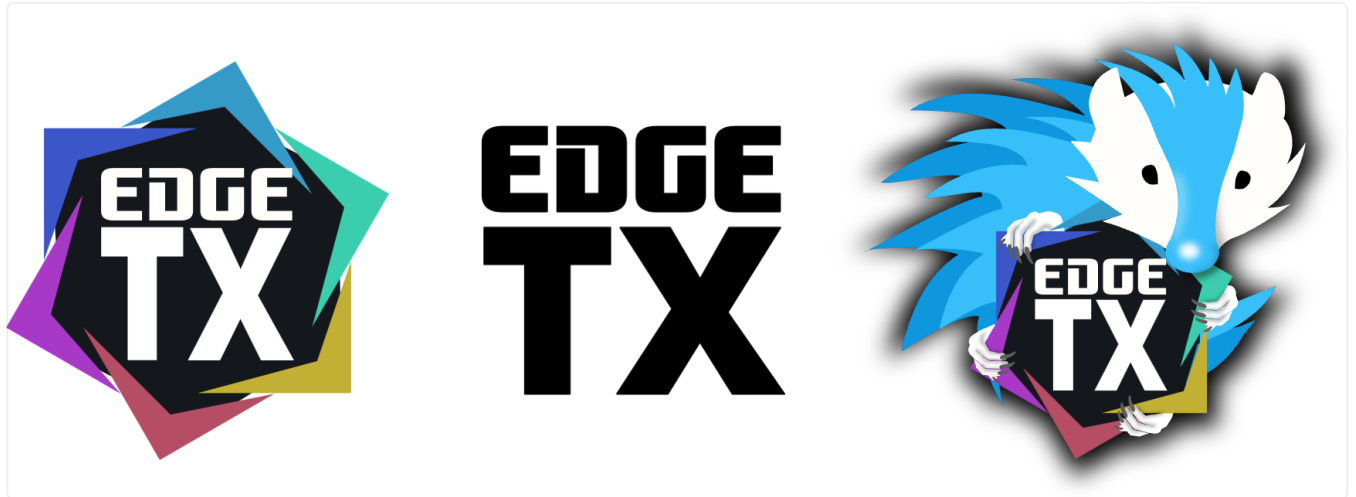


EdgeTX User Manual v2.10



If you would like to contribute to this guide, please take a look at the [Contribute to the User Manual](#) page.

The purpose of this user manual is to consolidate information from the community about the setup, configuration, and use of EdgeTX. The goal is to be your "one-stop shop" for information about anything related to EdgeTX. It is broken down into the following areas:

EdgeTX User Manual

The user guide explains all the configuration options available in EdgeTX as well as some high-level theoretical information about EdgeTX usage and model controls. It is broken into sections - one section covering the interface for [Color Screen Radios](#) and one section covering the interface for [Monochrome Screen radios](#).

EdgeTX How-to

The How-to section will provide detailed instructions about how to configure model or user-specific use cases in EdgeTX. It will cover common use cases as well as rare and specific use cases. This section of the manual will steadily grow as new How-to articles are submitted by contributors.

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Summary of changes since v2.9

Current for all merged PRs as of 31/05/2024 (v2.10.1)

Below is a summary of changes that affect the user interface and/or how EdgeTX functions. It does not cover all bug fixes. For a complete list of changes (including bug fixes), please read the release notes.

Color Screen Radios

- New Hardware Support
 - Flysky PL18
 - Flysky PL18 EV
 - Jumper T15
- General Changes
 - The mixer now runs at 1000Hz when in USB Joystick mode (needed for F.Sim competitors), also displays mixer run time in statistic/debug screen.
 - Minor UI improvements on many pages for better look and consistency
 - Bootloader background removed to make the text more legible
 - Default splash screen updated with new EdgeTX Logo and EdgeTX version information.
 - **Source** selection menu has been optimized for easier touch usability and sorting.
 - **Source** selection menu will now display both global variable number and name.
 - Added charging LED animation for PL18 and PL18EV.
- [User interface page](#)
 - The **System [SYS]** and **Models [MDL] buttons** have different [functionalities](#) depending on the screen they are used on.
 - [Trim hat switches](#) on NV14 and EL18 can now be used to navigate the menus.
 - Added [hardware shortcut keys to the virtual text and number keyboards](#).

- [Manage Models page](#)
 - Added 3 additional layouts for the model list.
 - Updated the model image frames size & shape. Also now displays model name on top of the image, instead of clipping the image.
 - Replaced the **New Label** button and **New Model** button with just a **New** button with options for **Model** or **Label**.
 - Replaced confusing model sorting icons with a simple text drop-down menu.
 - Added a single select option for model labels plus label AND/OR filtering logic (configurable in the [Radio Setup](#) screen).
- [Model Setup](#)
 - Timers that are enabled will show as highlighted on the **Model Setup** screen.
 - MIN can be used as source. When selected it will always returns -100.
 - Added **Interactive Checklist** option to **Pre-start checks** section. Allows users to add interactive checkboxes to displayed checklists.
- [Flight Modes](#)
 - Unused trim switches can now be configured to function as a 3 position momentary switch.
- [Mixes](#)
 - Added configurable precision for **slow up/dn** to be set to either 10ms or 100ms.
- [Global Variables](#)
 - Added the **Popup** option, which when enabled displays a popup message when the value of a GV changes with the new GV value.
- [Special Functions](#)
 - All special functions now have the **Enable** checkbox.
 - Special functions can be Enabled / Disabled without opening the Edit menu.
 - Added virtual trainer switch (**Tnr**) that can be selected as switch to activate a special function. Switch is ON when the trainer link is active.
 - **Backlight** special function brightness is limited to the On / Off values configured in the **Radio Setup → Backlight Screen**.
- [Telemetry](#)
 - EdgeTX will play "Telemetry connected" when telemetry connects for the first time of the flight.

- [SD Card](#)
 - Users can configure a custom shutdown image by adding a custom `shutdown.png` to the **IMAGES** folder.
 - **View text** option now available for .lua files
- [Radio Setup](#)
 - In **GPS settings**, updated the **Time Zone** option to allow configuration in 15 minute intervals.
 - Added the **Splash Screen** option which sets the duration that the splash screen will be displayed.
 - Added the **Startup Sound** option which toggles whether to enable/disable startup sound.
 - Added **PPM Units** option- Previously this was a build option.
 - In the **Enabled Features** section, added the current configuration setting for the active model to the right of the toggle switch.
- [Hardware](#)
 - Analog inputs, such as pots and sliders can now be configured as a **Switch**, **Axis X** or **Axis Y**. Additionally, they can also be configured to be ***inverted***.
 - EdgeTX will now detect at runtime if a serial port is available to allow for SBUS trainer on the external module bay. If so, the configuration option will be available.
- [Screen Settings](#)
 - In the top bar, the radio info, date/time and internal GPS are now configurable widgets, allowing 6 widget slots to be configured.
 - Selecting an empty widget will no longer display the 'Select widget' option and instead go right to the widget selection menu.
- [Widgets](#)
 - Added the alignment option to the **Text** widget to align widget text **Left**, **Center**, or **Right**.
- Alerts
 - Warning will be displayed if you try to shut down the radio while the trainer connection is still active.

Monochrome Screen Radios

- New Hardware Support
 - Jumper T-Pro V2
 - Jumper T-14
 - Jumper T-20
 - Flysky Gimbal support for Jumper T-20
 - Flysky Gimbal support for Frsky X9D+2019
 - RadioMaster Pocket
 - RadioMaster MT12
- General Changes
 - The mixer now runs at 1000Hz when in USB Joystick mode (needed for F.Sim competitors), also displays mixer run time in statistic/debug screen.
 - Splash Screen updated with new EdgeTX Logo
 - Radios with unused flexible serial port will now automatically be defined as **AUX Serial** (MT12).
- [Main View](#)
 - Added new view for surface radios with throttle and steering instead of sticks.
- [Model Settings](#)
 - Added **C-Interact** option to Pre-start checks section. Allows users to add Interactive Checkboxes to displayed checklists.
 - On surface radios (EX: MT-12), the throttle trim no longer has an effect on the reverse throttle range.
- [Flight Modes](#)
 - Unused trim switches can now be configured to function as a 3 position momentary switch.
- [Mixes](#)
 - Added configurable precision for **slow up/dn** to be set to either 10ms or 100ms.
- [Telemetry](#)
 - EdgeTX will play "Telemetry connected" when telemetry connects for the first time of the flight.
 - The number of configured sensors will be displayed in **parentheses** when the sensor list is collapsed.
- [Special Functions](#)

- All special functions now have the **enable** checkbox.
- OLED screen brightness can be controlled with **Backlight** special function.
- Added virtual trainer switch (**Tnr**) that can be selected as switch to activate a special function. Switch is ON when the trainer link is active.
- Added RGB Led special function to enable and change LED behavior.
- [Radio Setup](#)
 - In **GPS settings**, updated the **Time Zone** option to allow configuration in 15 minute intervals.
 - Added the **Startup Sound** option which toggles whether to enable/disable startup sound.
 - Added **PPM Units** option- Previously this was a build option.
 - In the **Enabled Features** section, added the current configuration setting for the active model to the right of the checkbox.
 - Added the **Rotary Encoder Mode - V-N E-I** = Vertical Normal, Edit Inverted (inverted when editing text)
- [Hardware](#)
 - Analog inputs, such as pots and sliders can now be configured as a **Switch**, **Axis X** or **Axis Y**. Additionally, they can also be configured to be inverted.
 - EdgeTX will now detect at runtime if a serial port is available to allow for SBUS trainer on the external module bay. If so, the configuration option will be available.
- Alerts
 - Warning will be displayed if you try to shut down the radio while the trainer connection is still active.

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Installing and Updating EdgeTX

Last updated 5 months ago

Installing and Updating EdgeTX

There are several ways to install or update EdgeTX on your radio transmitter. You can use the online tool EdgeTX buddy or manually install/update the bootloader and firmware using the bootloader method. There are advantages and disadvantages to both ways, so really, it boils down to person preference.

EdgeTX Buddy

Pros

- Firmware and SD card contents are all located in one location
- It takes you step by step through the process
- Normally a simple process.

Cons

- Must use a Chromium-based browser to access (Chrome, MS Edge, Brave, Opera, etc.)
- You must have the correct STM32 drivers installed on your computer. Usually, this is automatic. However, some computers install incorrect drivers, which can make this process more difficult.

Bootloader Method

Pros

- Flashing always works
- The flashing process is quicker.
- Does not rely on your computer for flashing

Cons

- Firmware, SD Card, and Sound files must be downloaded individually from different locations and placed manually on the SD Card.

Whichever way you choose, there is a guide that will help you. Below are the migration guides and installation guides for both methods:

Migrate from OpenTX to EdgeTX

[Migrate from OpenTX to EdgeTX using EdgeTX Buddy](#)

[Migrate from OpenTX to EdgeTX using the Bootloader](#)

Update from an earlier version of EdgeTX

[Update from an earlier version of EdgeTX using EdgeTX Buddy](#)

[Update from an earlier version of EdgeTX using the Bootloader](#)

Previous
Summary of changes since v2.9

Next
Migrate from OpenTX to EdgeTX using EdgeTX Buddy

Last updated 29 days ago

Migrate from OpenTX to EdgeTX using EdgeTX Buddy

In order to update from OpenTX to EdgeTX you will need to have both OpenTX & EdgeTX Companion installed on your computer. You can download OpenTX Companion from: <https://downloads.open-tx.org/2.3/release/companion/>. You can download EdgeTX Companion from: <https://github.com/EdgeTX/edgetx/releases> (File name: edgetx-cpn-[operation system]-[version].zip)

Backup up your models

Turn on your radio, navigate to **Radio Settings, Hardware** and scroll down to the bottom of the screen and select **EEPROM backup**. If you do not have this option, then your radio does not store your data in EEPROM and this step can be skipped.



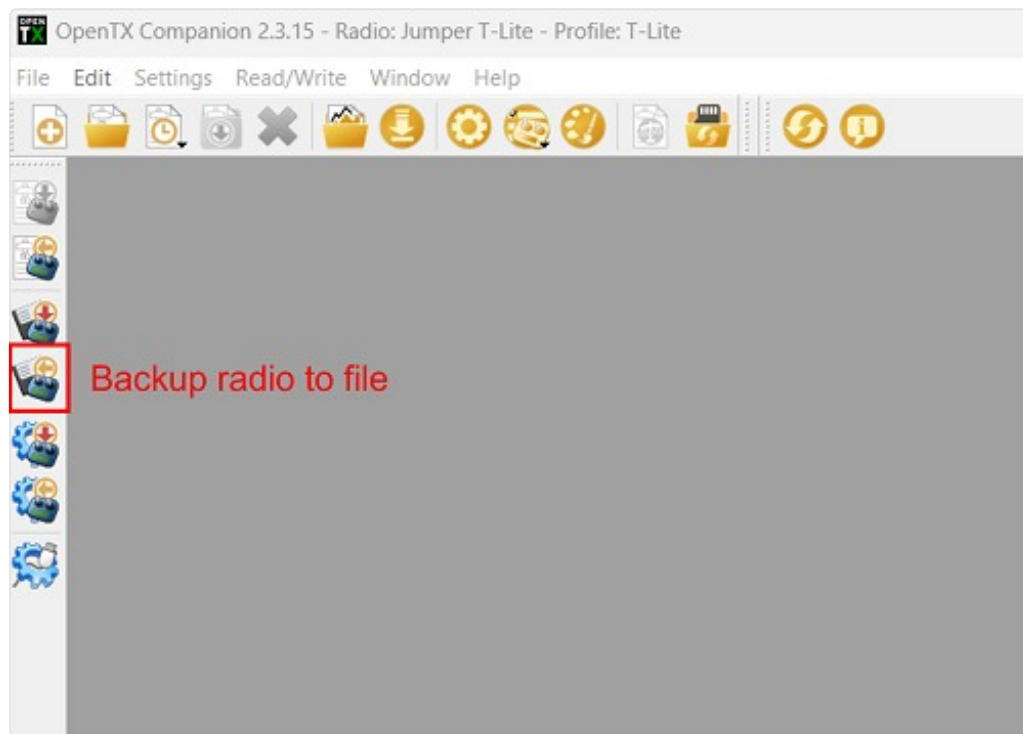
With your radio powered on, plug your radio into your computer via USB. When prompted by your radio for the USB mode, select **USB Storage**.

With your computer, copy the entire contents of your SD card to a safe place on your Computer. If you ever decide to go back to OpenTX you can use these files again. If you backed up your EEPROM in the step above, check the EEPROM folder to make sure that there is a recent backup file in there.

Start OpenTX Companion.

Select the **Backup radio to file** icon from the left side of the screen as shown below.

Select a saving location (desktop is fine) and give it a descriptive name.



After the file has been saved, close OpenTX Companion.

Delete the contents of the **Model** folder on your SD Card so it is empty.

Unplug the radio from the computer and power it off.

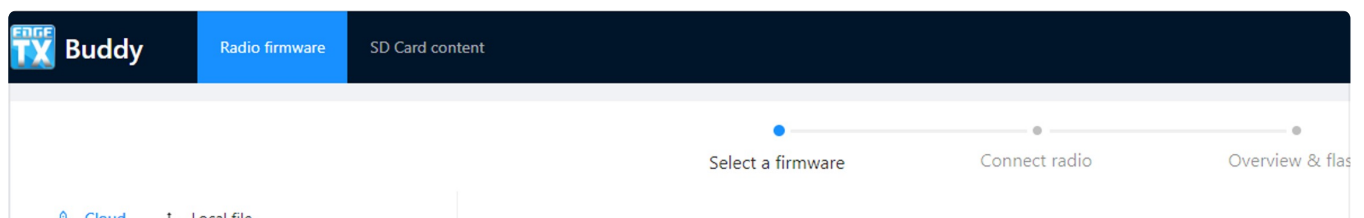
Flashing EdgeTX Bootloader and Firmware

With the radio powered off, plug your radio into your computer via USB. This will connect your radio to the computer via DFU mode.

- ❗ On the Jumper T-Pro, you have to plug in the radio while pressing the Boot0 button to enter DFU mode.

Go to this website: <https://buddy.edgetx.org/>

Select the **Firmware version** and **Radio model** - then **Flash via USB**.



Firmware version ⓘ

EdgeTX "Flying Dutchman" v2.8.0

Filters ▾

Radio model ⓘ

Jumper T-Lite

Copy URL

We are pleased to offer EdgeTX "Flying Dutchman" v2.8.0, packed with new UI design, features and fixes. As with any software, your models after updating. Please also ensure you read the "UI/UX behavioral changes and/or new capabilities" and "Known Issues" sections of the release notes.

Highlights of this release include:

- Complete overhaul of UI framework for color screen radios (now implemented using LVGL). What does this mean for you? It means that the UI is now more consistent across different screen orientations and sizes (i.e. the landscape RadioMaster TX16S vs portrait Flysky NV14), and reduced the number of Setup screens, and most of the Model Setup screens such as the first tab, Inputs tab, Mixes tab, Outputs tab and Functions tab. Check [this video out](#) to see what it looked like during development.
- New model select screen, and method of organising models. The new model labelling system is very powerful, as it allows you to label models with "Helicopter" and "Flybarless". You can then filter the model list by any of these labels, or by any combination of them. It also removes another pain point - which is adding models to a transmitter - the new label system allows you to add them as you see fit. For users with a large number of models with model images it will open a lot faster, as it now looks like during development, [see this video](#).
- When setting model/receiver IDs, the firmware will now tell you if the number is unique (not already used) or if it is not unique (since you don't care about the ID of a model using a different protocol).
- Fix for a bug in the STM32 SD card library that caused intermittent excessive startup times for some radios/SD cards using the stock SD card #2210.
- Reduced the risk of corrupt `radio.yml` ruining your day by using a checksum to detect file corruption (i.e. due to file corruption, the radio will now warn you, automatically rename the file to `radio_error.yml`, and prompt you to recalibrate the radio. You can then examine the file later to find out what went wrong. If you want to manually edit the file, there is a new parameter at the end of the file (see #1481). Additionally, some radios (typically color screen radios) which were suffering from occasional extra long startup times have been fixed.
- Lua API has been extended so it is possible to recreate the built-in widgets with Lua (#2279). Lua widgets can also be used to create custom widgets.
- On radios with software controllable power of the AUX1 and AUX2 serial UARTs, you can now turn the power on and off.
- New special function for color screen radios that lets you set which main view screen is active.
- Radio firmware now better indicates whether it is a nightly build, a pull request test build, or a self-compiled build, as well as the build date.
- Lua Tools list in Radio/SYS menu sorted alphabetically also on B&W radios (#2258).
- Add acoustic and/or haptic feedback for touch events depending on radio settings (#2193). As well as more consistent UI/UX.

Download .bin

Flash via USB

On the next screen, select the **STM32 Bootloader** device and click **Next**.

EDGE TX Buddy

Radio firmware

SD Card content

Select a firmware

Connect radio

Overview & flash

Available devices (2)

20100201396000000

0x08DA:0x0129

STM32 BOOTLOADER

365E367B3230

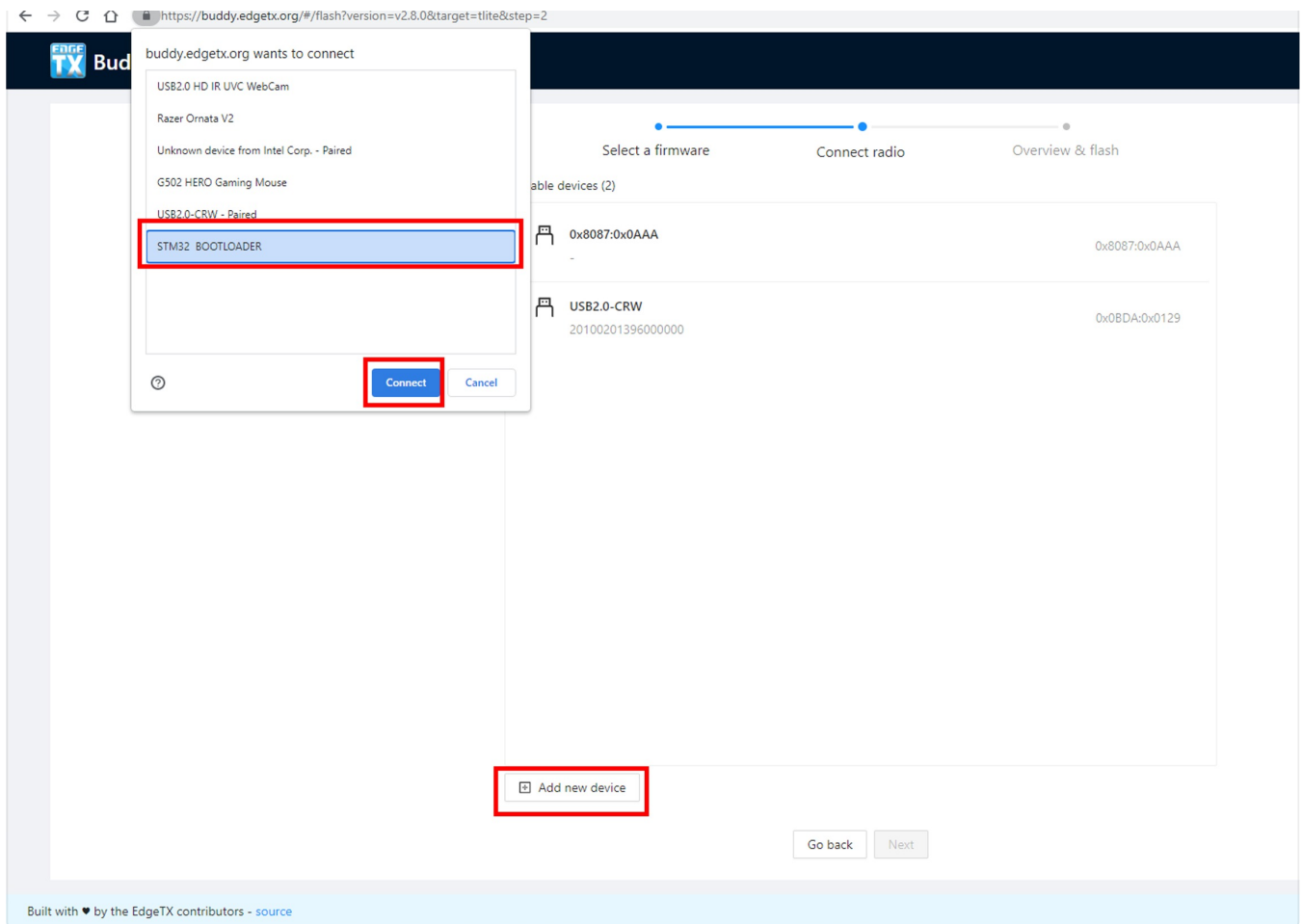
0x0483:0xDF11

Add new device

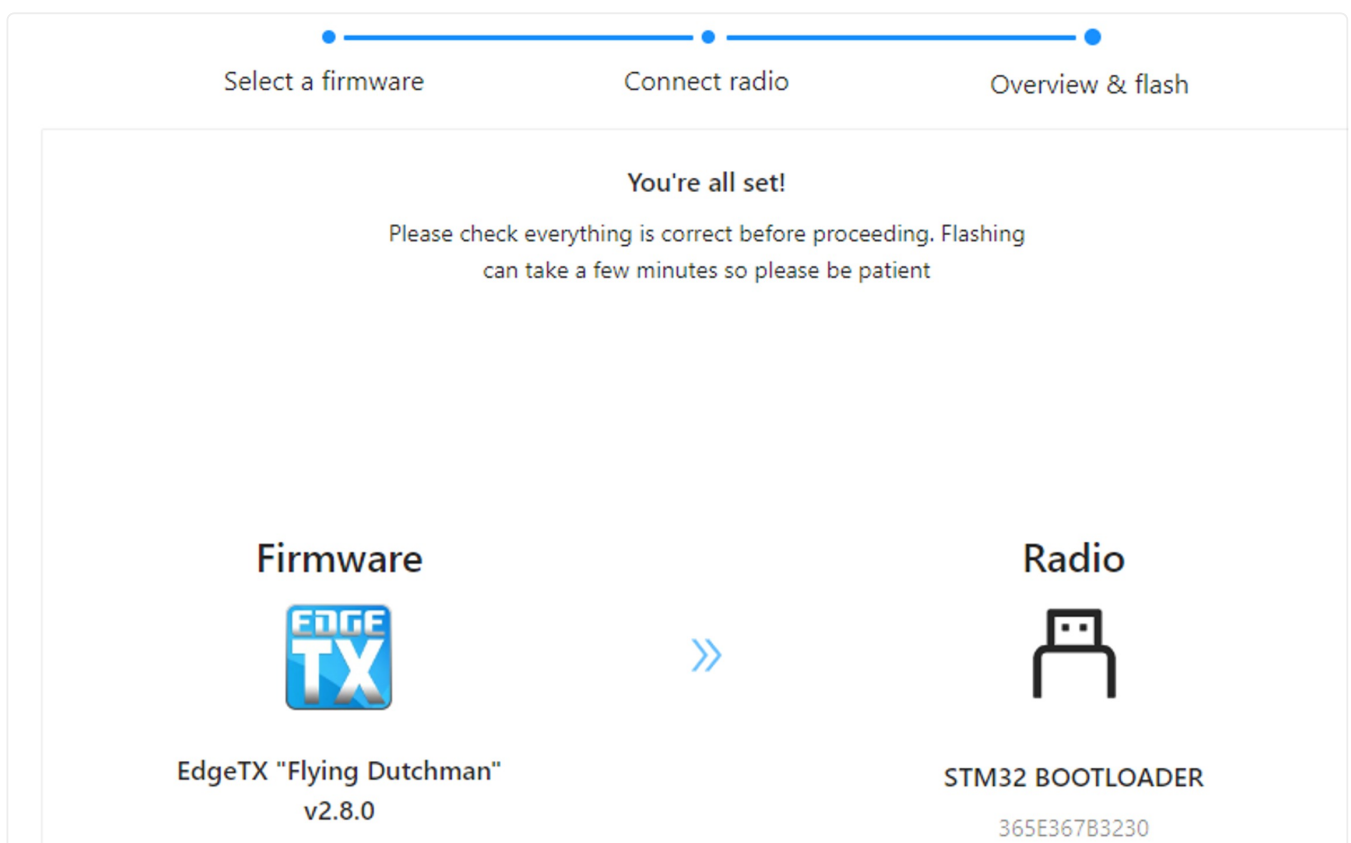
Go back

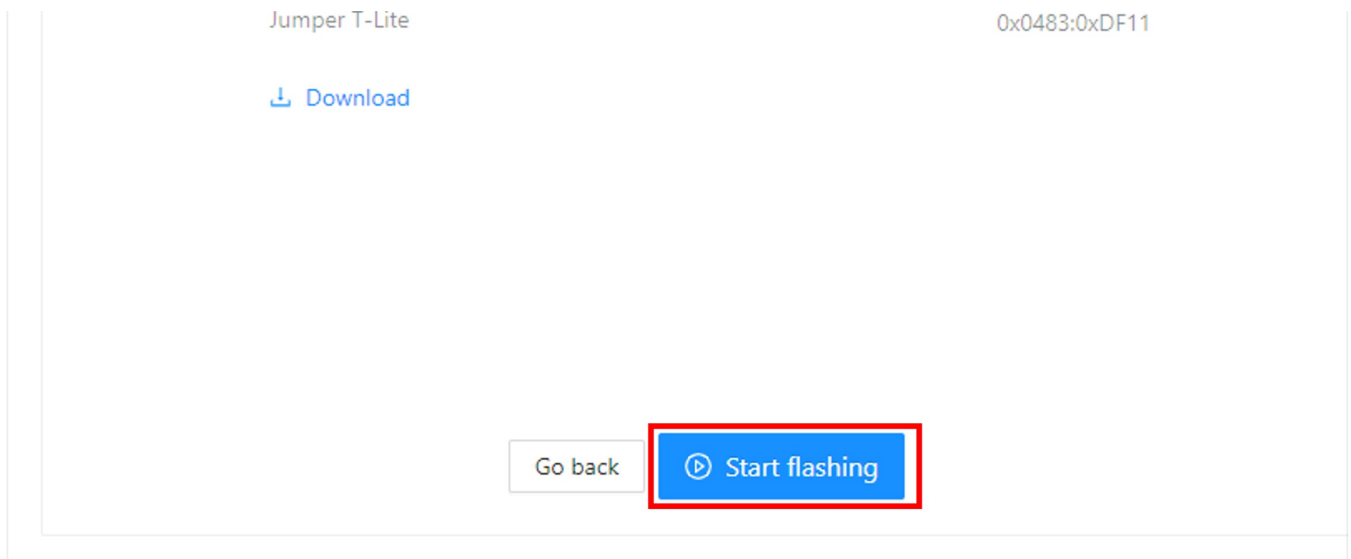
Next

If the **STM32 Bootloader** device is not present, then select **Add New Device**. From the pop up window, select **STM32 Bootloader** and click **Connect**.

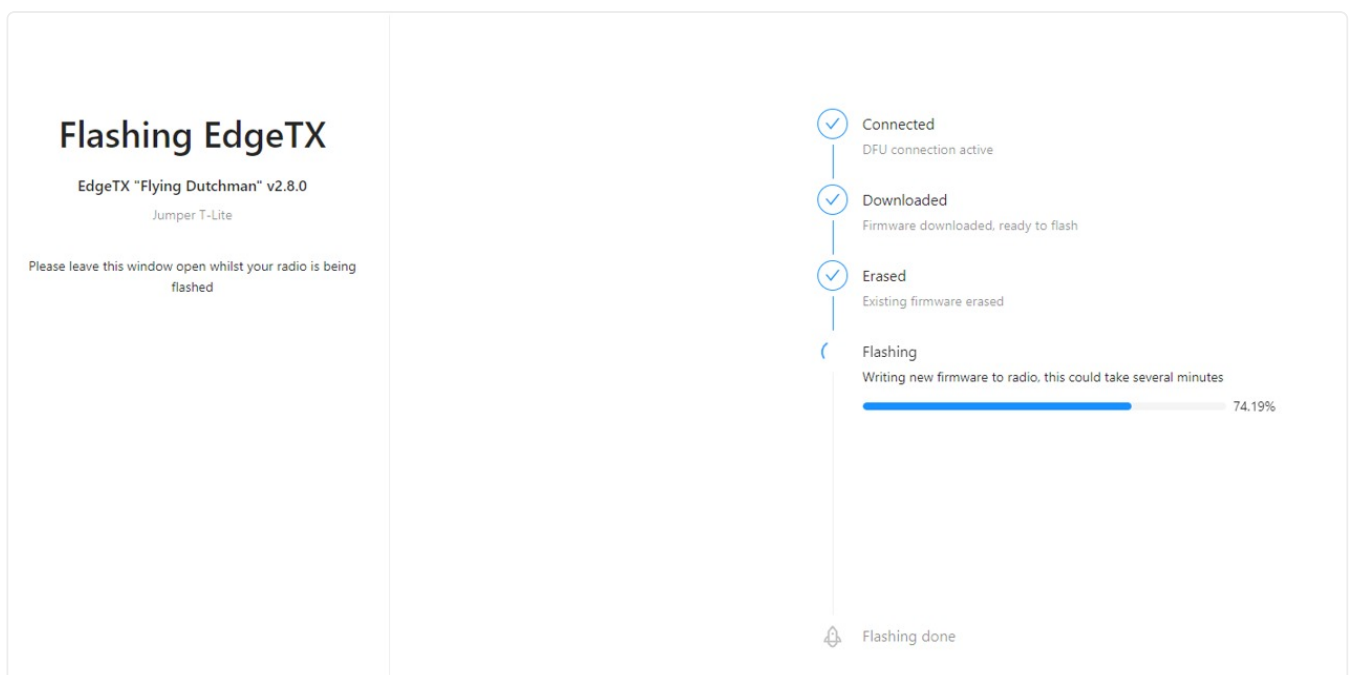


After selecting the **STM32 Bootloader** device and clicking **Next**, you will be presented with a confirmation screen to verify your settings. Once you have verified everything is correct (Version, Radio, and device) click the **Start Flashing** button.





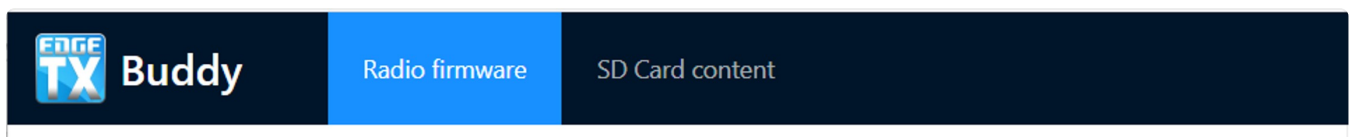
EdgeTX buddy will now start the flashing sequence. A progress screen will be displayed to show you the progress.



Once the flashing is complete, select the **setup your SD Card** link from the completion screen which will take you to the SD Card content screen.

At this point, the EdgeTX bootloader and firmware have been installed on your radio. The next step is to install the SD Card contents.

SD Card Preparation





Your radio has been flashed with EdgeTX

EdgeTX "Flying Dutchman" v2.8.0

Jumper T-Lite

You may now want to [setup your SD Card](#)

Done

Unplug the radio from the computer and power it on. You should see the EdgeTX Splash screen on the radio, but you will still hear "Welcome to OpenTX". This is normal - we will install the EdgeTX sound pack with the SD card contents next.

With the radio turned on, plug it in to your PC via USB and select **USB Storage** when the option is displayed on the radio. Click on the **Select SD Card** option and then navigate to your EdgeTX SD card.



Buddy

Radio firmware

SD Card content



The SD card editor is still in development

You may notice missing features or bugs, it's recommended to continue using Flasher as your main SD Card tool



Step 1. Power on your device, make sure it's not plugged into USB

Step 2. Connect your device to the computer via USB, and if prompted select 'USB Storage'

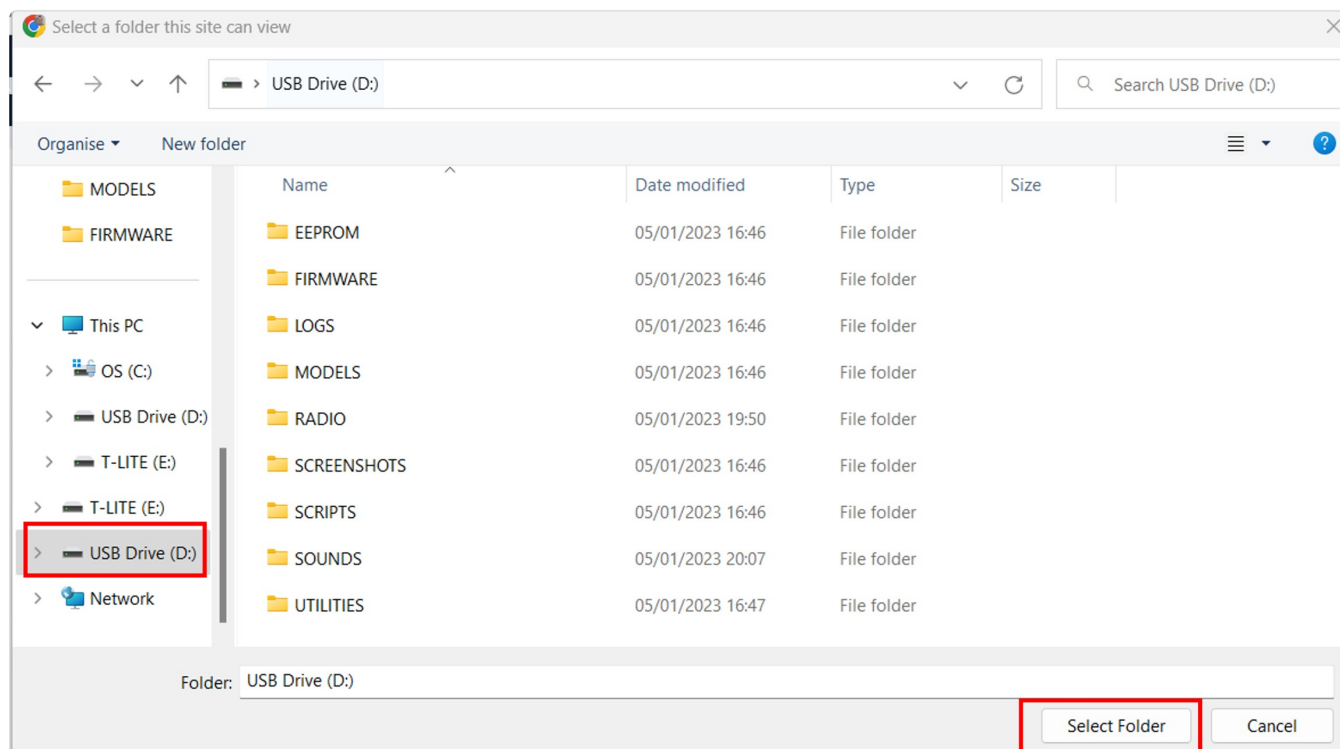


Step 3. Once connected, select the devices SD Card via the file explorer to make changes



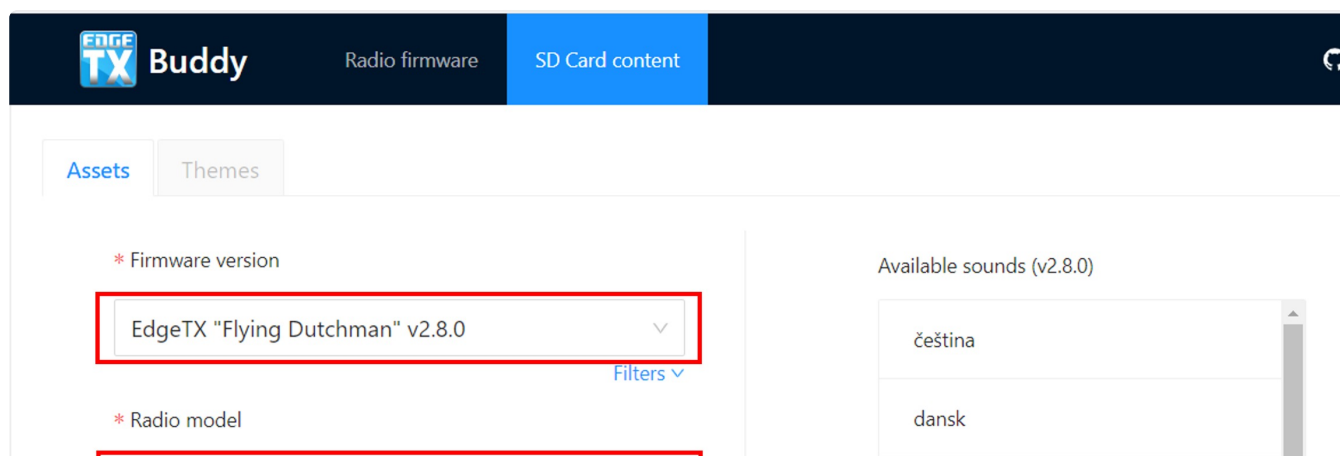
Select SD Card

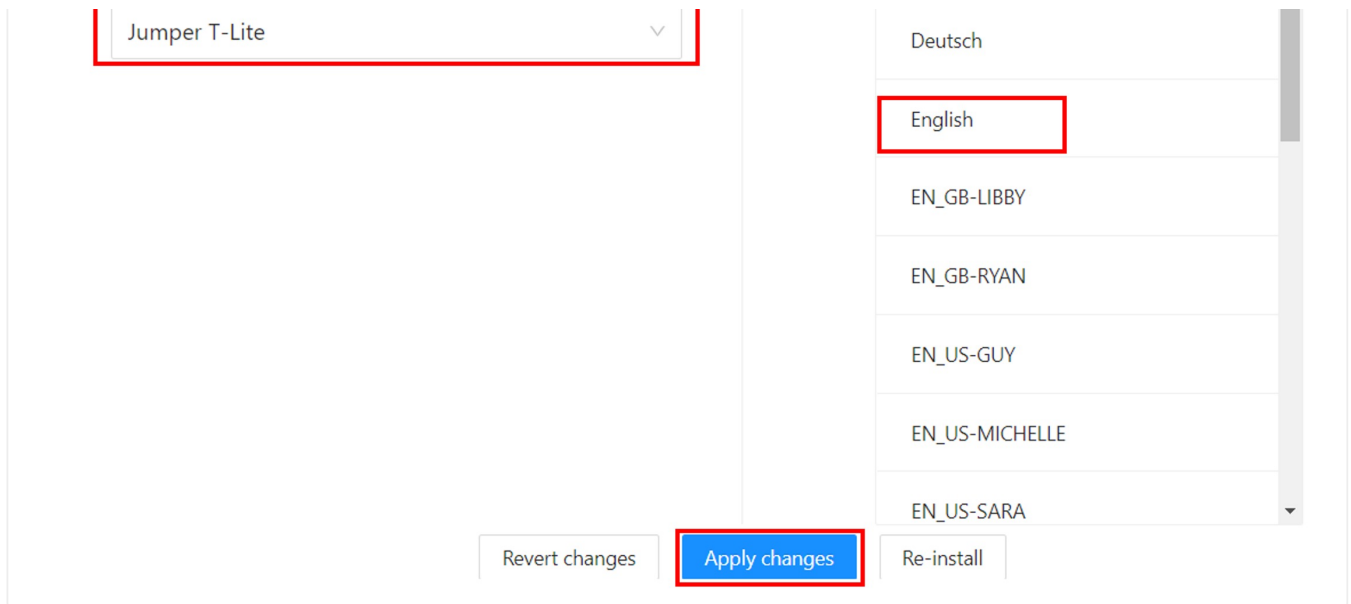
The EdgeTX SD Card will be mounted as a USB Drive on your computer. Select the USB Drive (notice the OpenTX files are still in there - that is the correct one.) and then click on **Select folder**.



ⓘ Your PC may ask you to give EdgeTX buddy permission to your SD card contents. This is normal and required for buddy to be able to modify the files on the SD Card.

On the SD Card Content screen, verify the Firmware version and Radio model are still correct, then select the desired language for the sound pack. Click on **Apply Changes**. A status window will pop up and show you the installation progress. Once the installation of the files is complete, the status window will close.



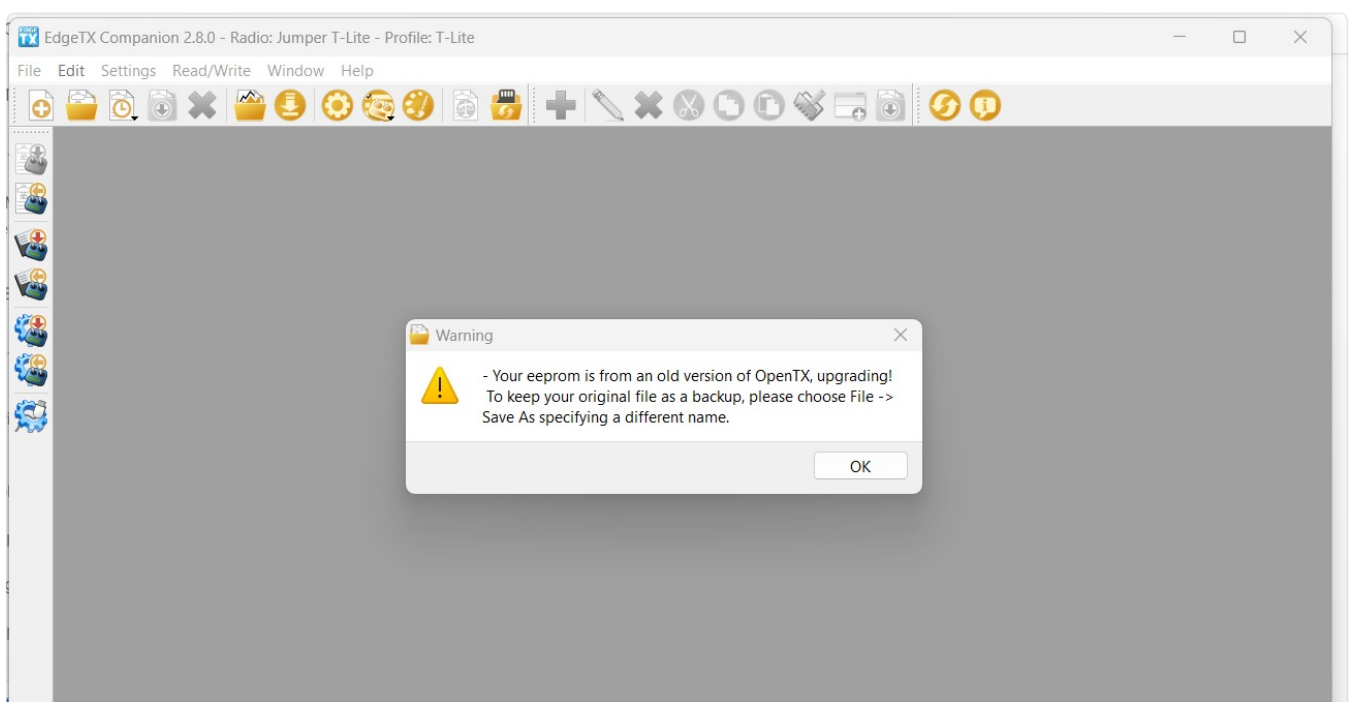


At this point, you now have the EdgeTX Bootloader, Firmware and the SD card contents installed. The last step is to convert your models over from OpenTX and put them on the radio. You can now close EdgeTX Buddy.

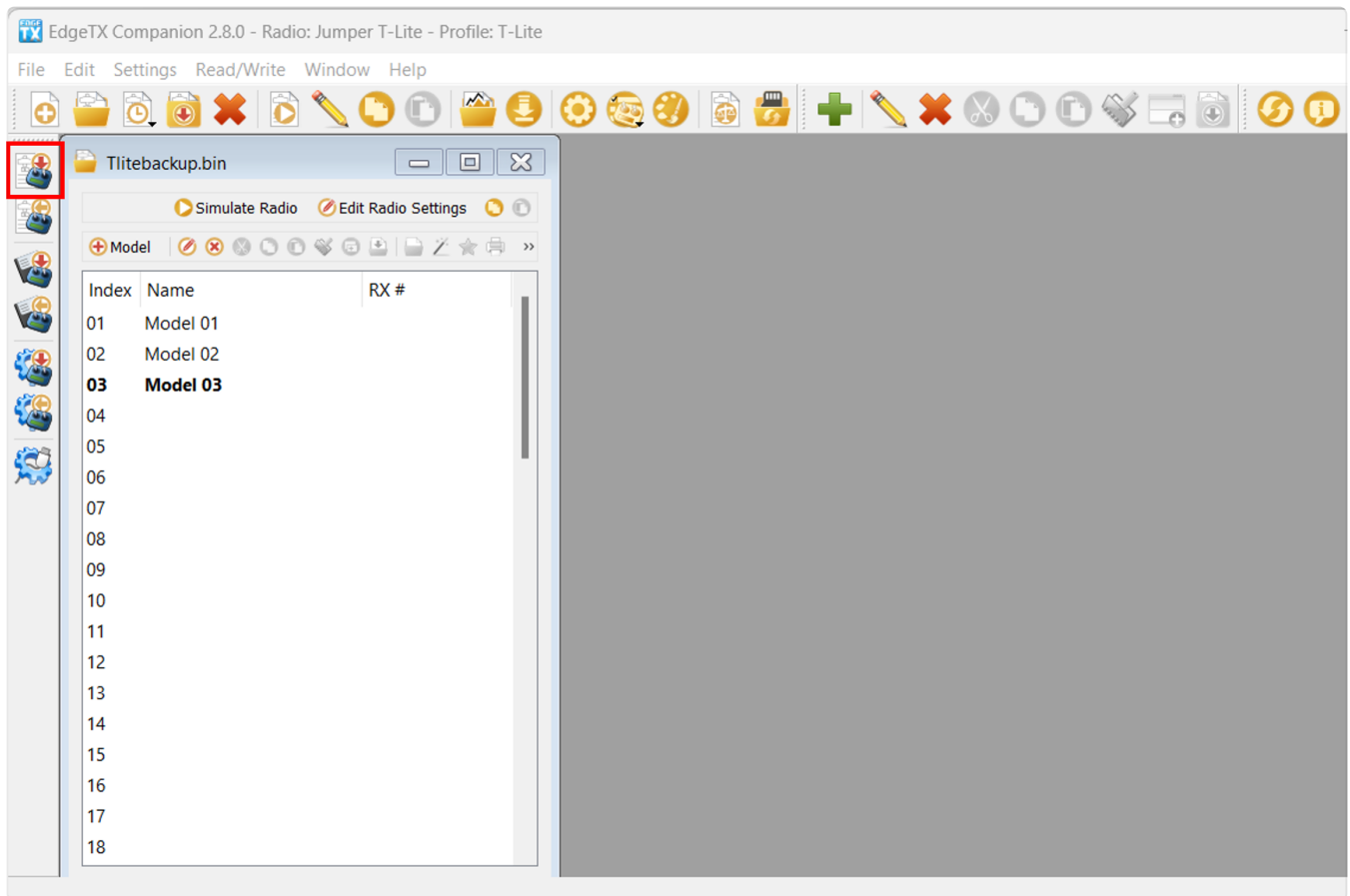
Restoring your Models from OpenTX

Open EdgeTX Companion. If you have not already done so, create a radio profile for your radio and make sure that it is selected as active.

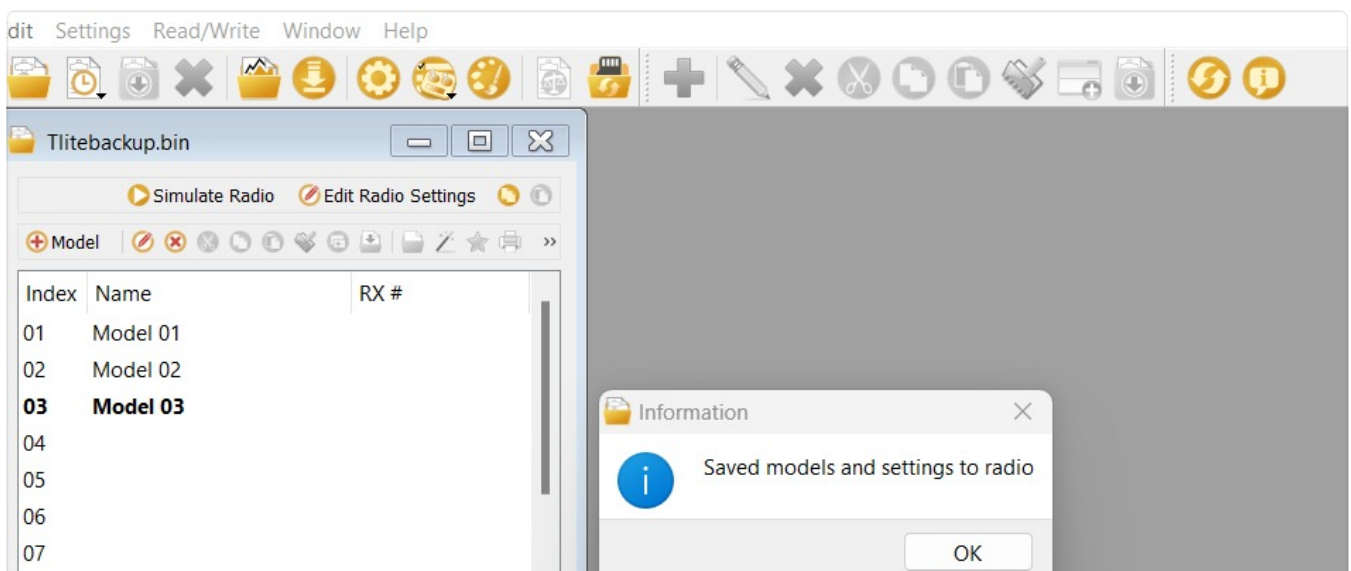
In the upper left corner of Companion, select **File**, then **Open**, then select the OpenTX Backup file that you made at the very beginning. A warning message will be displayed. Click **OK**.

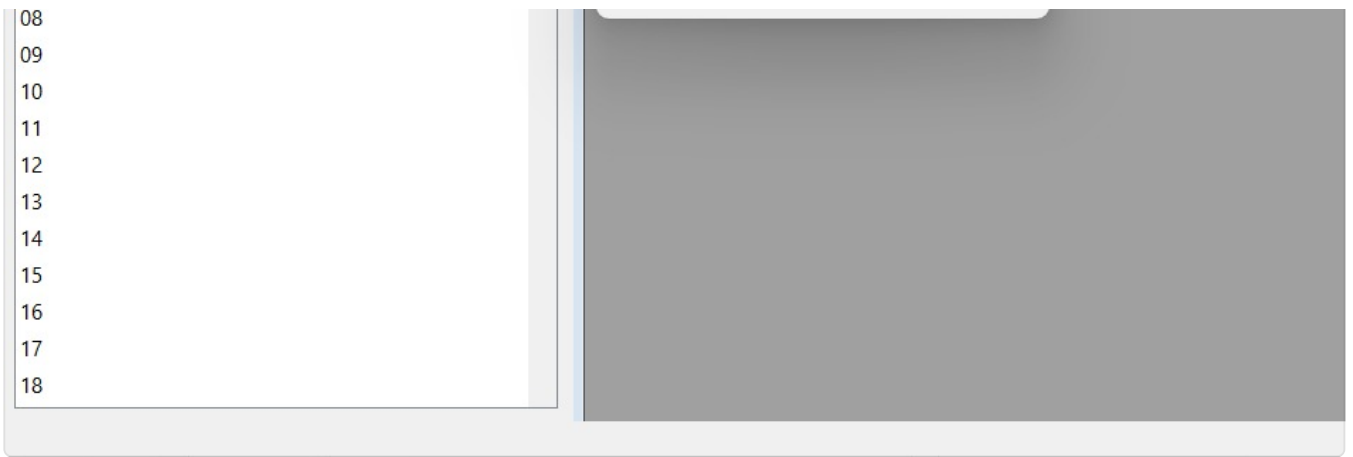


You will then see all your models from OpenTX in EdgeTX Companion. Click on the **Write models and Settings to Radio** button. It will warn you that it will overwrite all the models on your radio. Click **Yes**.



The models and settings will be written to the radio. A message will be displayed when complete. Click on **OK**. Unplug your radio from the USB port and close EdgeTX Companion.





Congratulations, you have now successfully updated to EdgeTX!

All of your models have been updated to the EdgeTX .yaml format and you have the EdgeTX sound pack installed. You are now ready to use EdgeTX.

i Unfortunately, it is not possible to copy over the setup for your widgets from OpenTX. They will have to be set up again manually in EdgeTX.

i Your Lua Scripts from OpenTX will still be on your SD Card. However, they may not all work with EdgeTX and may need to be re-installed to get them to work. You can find a list of EdgeTX-compatible LUA scripts here: <https://github.com/EdgeTX/lua-scripts>

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Installing and Updating EdgeTX

Next
Migrate from OpenTX to EdgeTX using the Bootloader

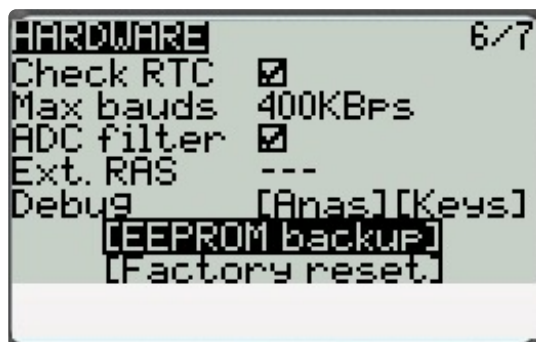
Last updated 29 days ago

Migrate from OpenTX to EdgeTX using the Bootloader

In order to update from OpenTX to EdgeTX you will need to have both OpenTX & EdgeTX Companion installed on your computer. You can download OpenTX Companion from: <https://downloads.open-tx.org/2.3/release/companion/>. You can download EdgeTX Companion from: <https://github.com/EdgeTX/edgetx/releases> (File name: edgetx-cpn-[operation system]-[version].zip)

Backing up your Models

Turn on your radio, navigate to **Radio Settings, Hardware** and scroll down to the bottom of the screen and select **EEPROM backup**. If you do not have this option, then your radio does not store your data in EEPROM and this step can be skipped.



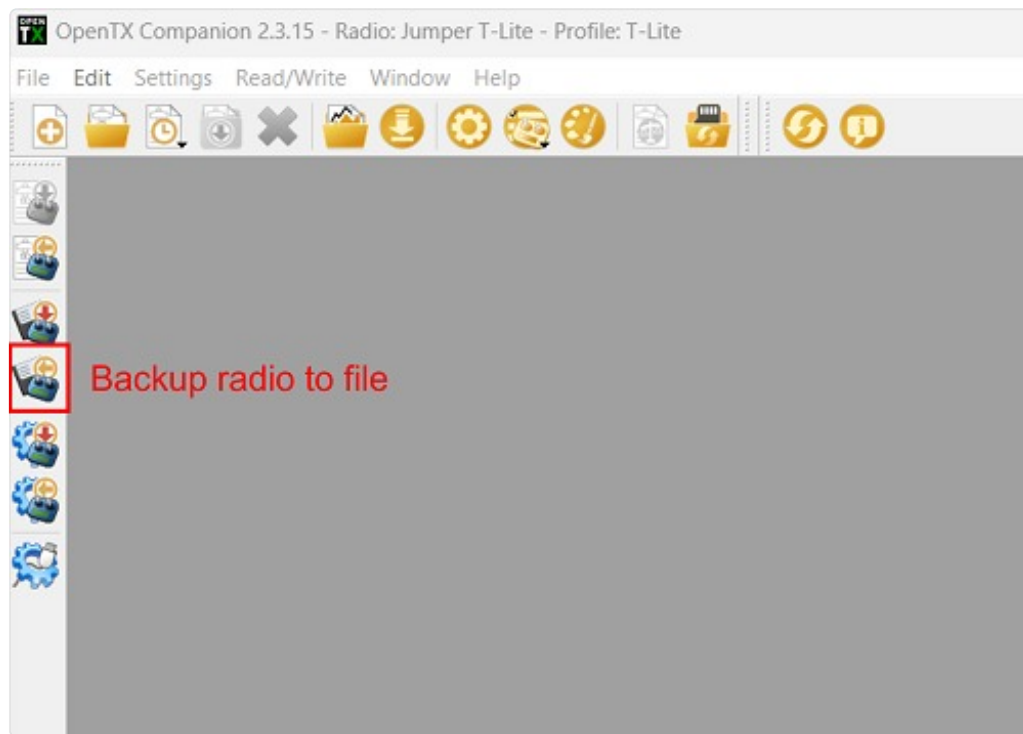
With your radio powered on, plug your radio into your computer via USB. When prompted by your radio for the USB mode, select **USB Storage**.

With your computer, copy the entire contents of your SD card to a safe place on your Computer. If you ever decide to go back to OpenTX you can use these files again. If you backed up your EEPROM in the step above, check the EEPROM folder to make sure that there is a recent backup file in there.

Start OpenTX Companion.

Select the **Backup radio to file** icon from the left side of the screen as shown below.

Select a saving location (desktop is fine) and give it a descriptive name.



After the file has been saved, close OpenTX Companion. Unplug the radio from the computer and power it off.

SD Card Preparation

Download and extract the EdgeTX SD card content for your radio type to your computer. The SD card contents can be found here:

<https://github.com/EdgeTX/edgetx-sdcard/releases>

The list below shows which .zip file to use for different radio types:

- c480×272zip (480×272 Horizontal Color Screen) - TX16s, T16, Horus x10s, Horus x12s, most color screen radios...
- c480×320 (480×320 Horizontal Color Screen)
- c320×480zip (320×480 Vertical Color Screen)- FlySky Nirvana NV14, EL18
- bw128×64.zip (128×64 BW Screens) -All monochrome screen radios *except* X9D series.
- bw212×64zip (212×64 BW Screens) - X9D, X9D Plus, X9D Plus 2019

Delete everything from your SD card and copy the contents of the unzipped folder to your blank SD card. (If you did a format, ensure it is set to fat32)

Copy over any custom sounds, model images, widgets or Lua scripts to their respective folders.

Download the desired sound pack (if you didn't transfer your existing sounds) (<https://github.com/EdgeTX/edgetx-sdcard-sounds/releases>), unzip and copy to the "Sounds" folder on your SD card.

Flashing the EdgeTX Bootloader and Firmware

Download the current EdgeTX firmware. You can download the latest release .zip file (edgetx-firmware-vX.X.X.zip) directly from Github - <https://github.com/EdgeTX/edgetx/releases/latest>

Unzip the file and save the correct .bin file (same name as your radio type) to the "**Firmware**" folder on the SD card for your radio.

Turn on your radio and navigate to the SD card screen. Open the "Firmware" folder and select the EdgeTX firmware file that you just copied to your SD card. Once the file is selected, select the option to "**Flash bootloader**". The bootloader will be flashed to the EdgeTX bootloader.

Exit back to the main screen and then shut off your radio.

Boot your radio in bootloader mode by holding trim switches T4 and T1 to center while pushing the power button on.



On the Jumper T-Pro, you have to plug in the radio while pressing the Boot0 button to enter DFU mode.

You should now see the EdgeTX bootloader. Select the option "**Write Firmware**". Select the EdgeTX firmware file that you saved to your SD card. Long-press to flash it.

After the flashing is complete, select "**Exit**". The radio will restart and you should be greeted with "**Welcome EdgeTX**".

When the radio starts with EdgeTX for the first time, you will get a warning: **STORAGE WARNING - Missing or Bad Radio Data**-. Press the white circle or roller to bypass the warning. Then you will get another STORAGE WARNING - Storage Preparation. Press

the white circle or roller again. Once the SD card is prepared, the calibration screen will appear. Calibrate your radio.

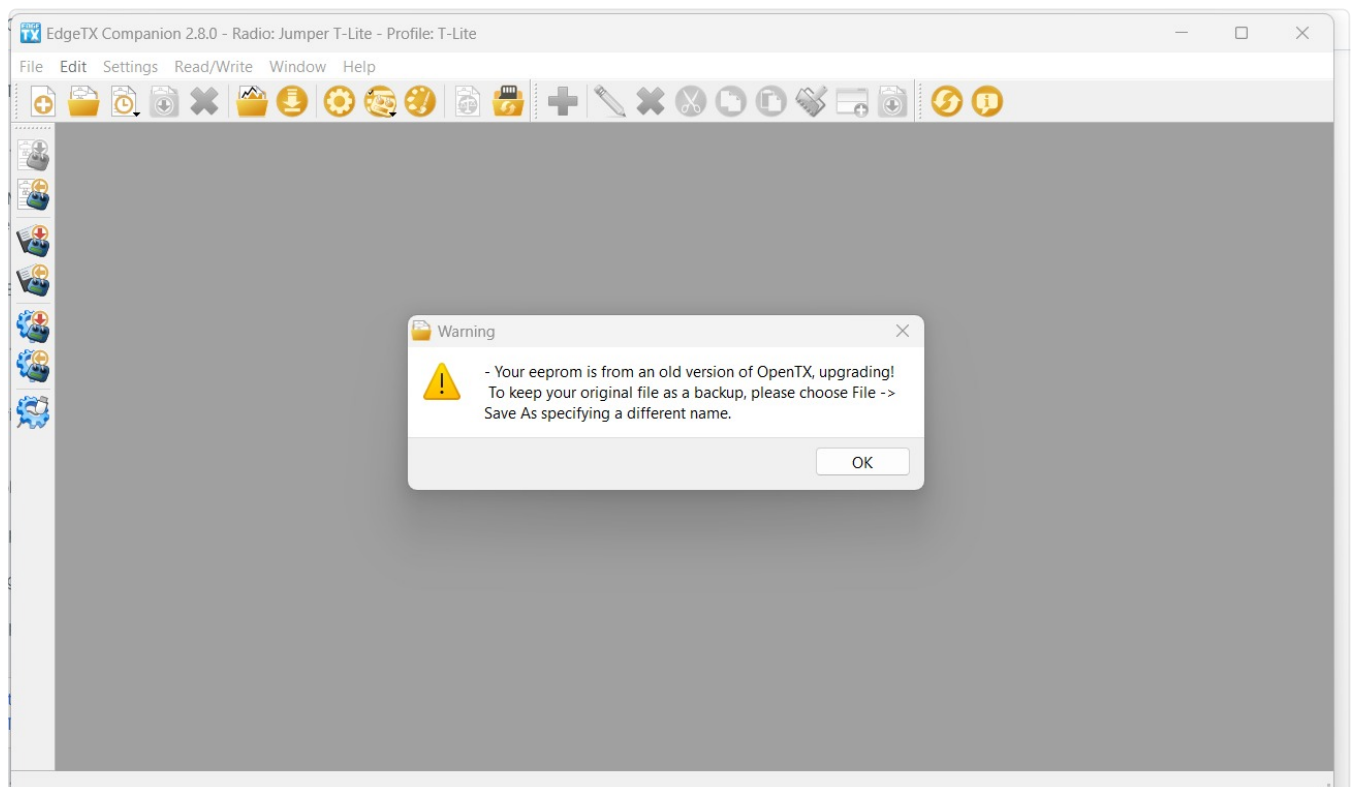
At this point, you now have the EdgeTX Bootloader, Firmware and the SD card contents installed. The last step is to convert your models over from OpenTX and put them on the radio.

Restoring your Models from OpenTX

With your radio powered on, plug your radio into your computer via USB. When prompted by your radio for the USB mode, select **USB Storage**.

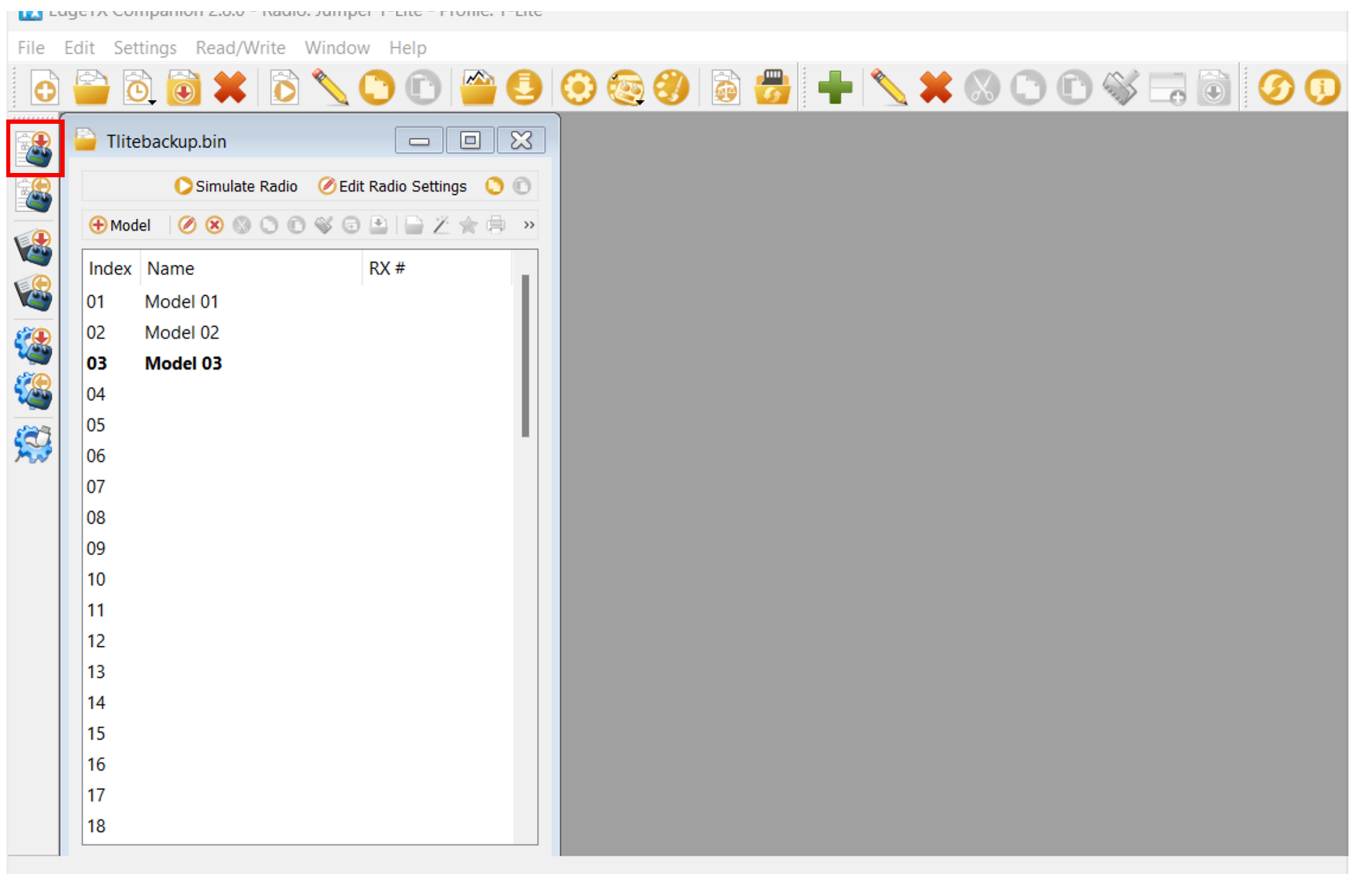
Open EdgeTX Companion. If you have not already done so, create a radio profile for your radio and make sure that it is selected as active.

In the upper left corner of Companion, select **File**, then **Open**, then select the OpenTX Backup file that you made at the very beginning. A warning message will be displayed. Click **OK**.

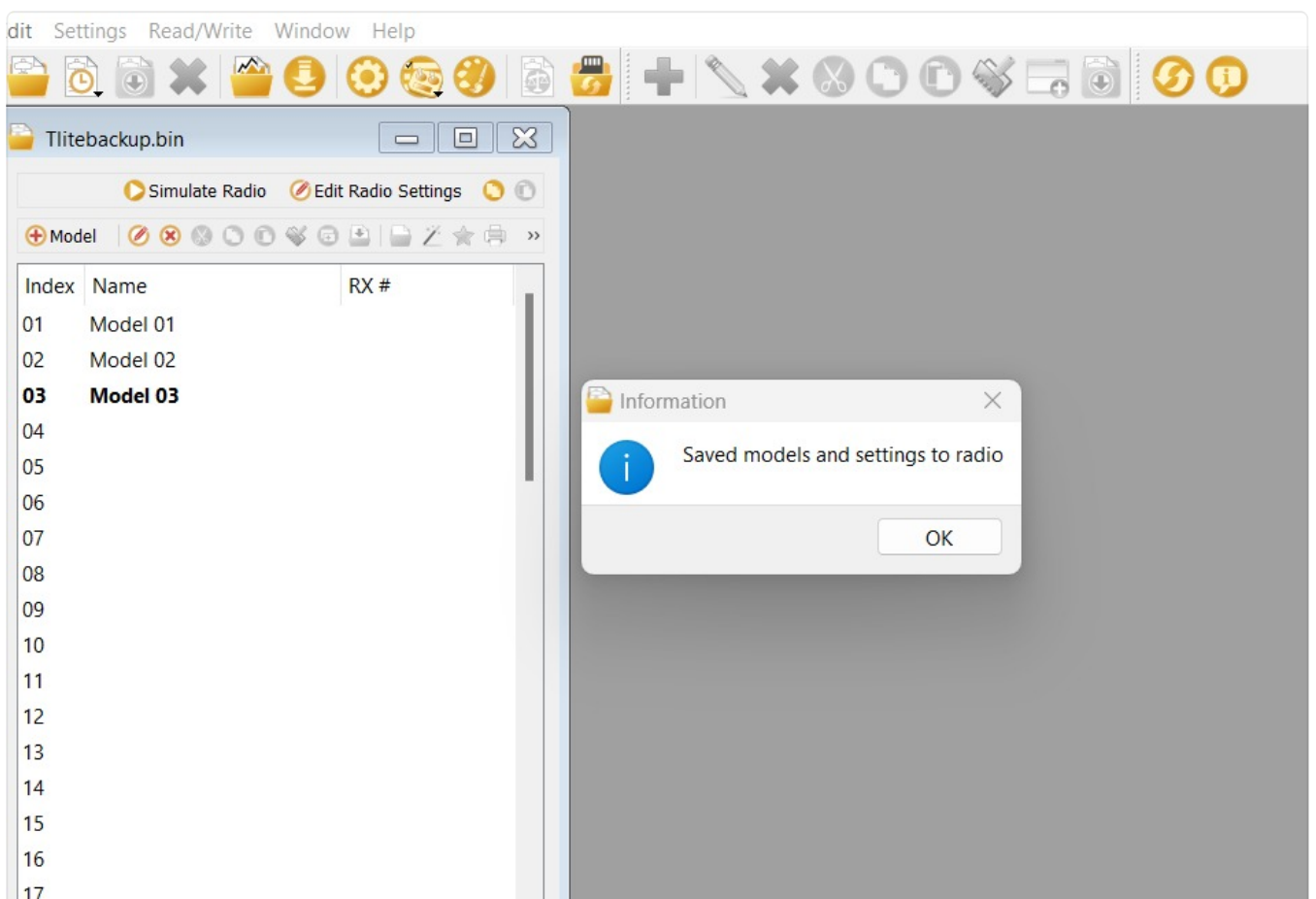


You will then see all your models from OpenTX in EdgeTX Companion. Click on the **Write models and Settings to Radio** button. It will warn you that it will overwrite all the models on your radio. Click **Yes**.







The models and settings will be written to the radio. A message will be displayed when complete. Click on **OK**. Unplug your radio from the USB port and close EdgeTX Companion.



Congratulations, you have now successfully migrated to EdgeTX!

All of your models have been updated to the EdgeTX .yaml format and you have the EdgeTX sound pack installed. You are now ready to use EdgeTX.

 Unfortunately, it is not possible to copy over the setup for your widgets from OpenTX. They will have to be set up again manually in EdgeTX.

 Your Lua Scripts from OpenTX will still be on your SD Card. However, they may not all work with EdgeTX and may need to be re-installed to get them to work. You can find a list of EdgeTX-compatible LUA scripts here:
<https://github.com/EdgeTX/lua-scripts>

Previous
Migrate from OpenTX to EdgeTX using EdgeTX Buddy

Next
Update from an earlier version of EdgeTX using EdgeTX Buddy

Update from an earlier version of EdgeTX using EdgeTX Buddy

Back-up SD Card Contents


Before making any updates to your radio, we **ALWAYS** recommend that you back up your current SD Card contents using the following steps.

With your radio powered on, plug your radio into your computer via USB. When prompted by your radio for the USB mode, select **USB Storage**.

With your computer, copy the entire contents of your SD card to a safe place on your computer. You can use these files again if you need to roll back the update.

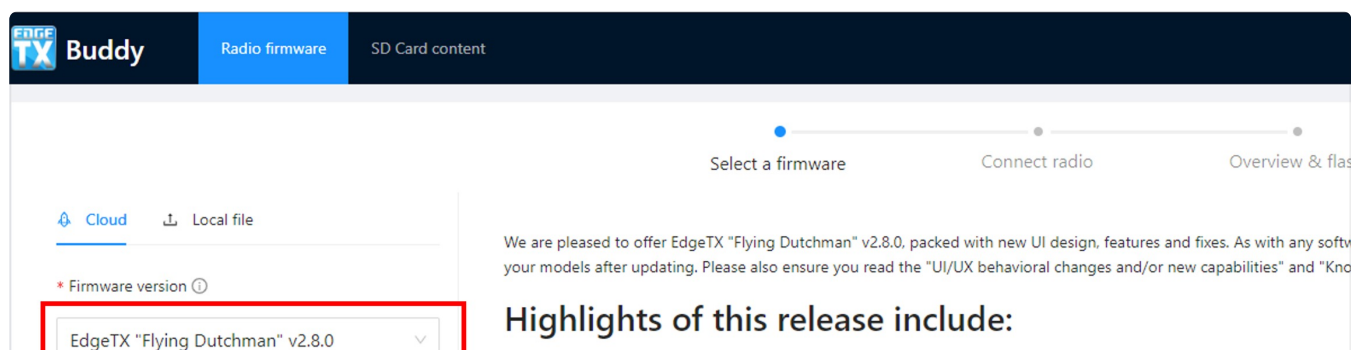
Update Bootloader and Firmware

With the radio powered off, plug your radio into your computer via USB. This will connect your radio to the computer via DFU mode.

 On the Jumper T-Pro, you have to plug in the radio while pressing the Boot0 button to enter DFU mode.

Go to this website: <https://buddy.edgetx.org/>

Select the **Firmware version** and **Radio model** - then **Flash via USB**.



Filters

* Radio model ⓘ

Jumper T-Lite

Copy URL

- Complete overhaul of UI framework for color screen radios (now implemented using LVGL). What does this mean for with different screen orientations and sizes (i.e. the landscape RadioMaster TX16S vs portrait Flysky NV14), and reduced Setup screens, and most of the Model Setup screens such as the first tab, Inputs tab, Mixes tab, Outputs tab and Flight the next release. Check [this video](#) out to see what it looked like during development.
- New model select screen, and method of organising models. The new model labelling system is very powerful, as it "Helicopter" and "Flybarless". You can then filter the model list by any of these labels, or by any combination of them a long list of models. It also removes another pain point - which is adding models to a transmitter - the new label system them as you see fit. For users with a large number of models with model images it will open a lot faster, as it now looks like during development, [see this video](#).
- When setting model/receiver IDs, the firmware will now tell you if the number is unique (not already used) or if it is protocol (since you don't care about the ID of a model using a different protocol).
- Fix for a bug in the STM32 SD card library that caused intermittent excessive startup times for some radios/SD cards the stock SD card #2210
- Reduced the risk of corrupt `radio.yml` ruining your day by using a checksum to detect file corruption (i.e. due to file corrupt, the radio will now warn you, automatically rename the file to `radio_error.yml`, and prompt you to recalibrate examine the file later to find out what went wrong. If you want to manually edit the file, there is a new parameter at (see #1481). Additionally, some radios (typically color screen radios) which were suffering from occasional extra long
- Lua API has been extended so it is possible to recreate the built-in widgets with Lua (#2279). Lua widgets can also be
- On radios with software controllable power of the AUX1 and AUX2 serial UARTs, you can now turn the power on and
- New special function for color screen radios that lets you set which main view screen is active.
- Radio firmware now better indicates whether it is a nightly build, a pull request test build, or a self-compiled build, as
- Lua Tools list in Radio/SYS menu sorted alphabetically also on B&W radios (#2258).
- Add acoustic and/or haptic feedback for touch events depending on radio settings (#2193). As well as more consistent

Download .bin

Flash via USB

On the next screen, select the **STM32 Bootloader** device and click **Next**.

Buddy

Radio firmware
SD Card content

Select a firmware
Connect radio
Overview & flash

Available devices (2)

	20100201396000000	0x0BDA:0x0129
	STM32 BOOTLOADER 365E367B3230	0x0483:0xDF11

+ Add new device

Go back

Next

If the **STM32 Bootloader** device is not present, then select **Add New Device**. From the pop up window, select **STM32 Bootloader** and click **Connect**.

(164) How to upgrade to EdgeTX
Update from OpenTX to EdgeTX
EdgeTX Buddy

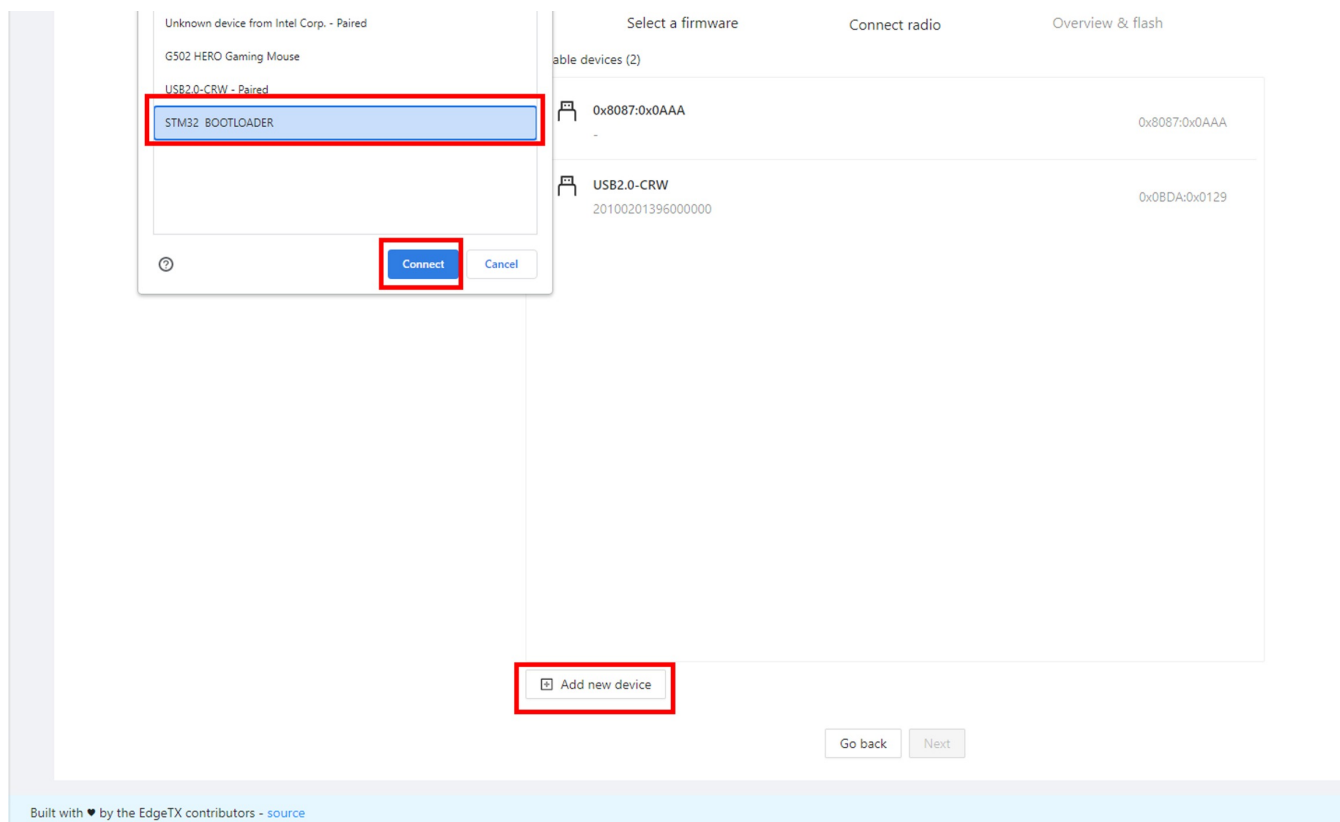
<https://buddy.edgetx.org/#/flash?version=v2.8.0&target=tlite&step=2>

Buddy

buddy.edgetx.org wants to connect

USB2.0 HD IR UVC WebCam

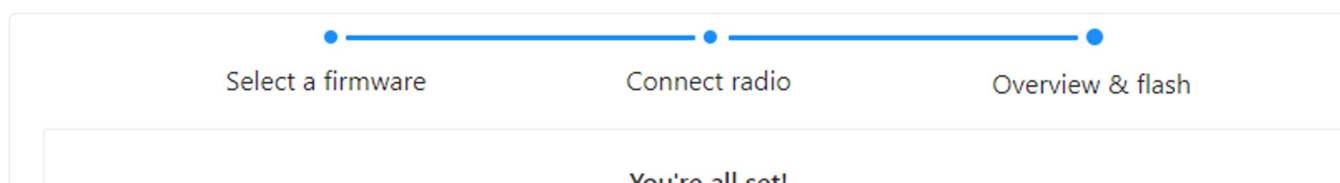
Razer Ornata V2



Note: If the STM32 BOOTLOADER is not available to select, then that usually means that there is an issue with the drivers on your computer. You can install the **ImpulseRC Driver Fixer** to fix your computer drivers. It is available to download from here: https://impulserc.blob.core.windows.net/utilities/ImpulseRC_Driver_Fixer.exe

If you cannot get your computer to detect the STM32 BOOTLOADER, then you must use the bootloader method to update EdgeTX. Skip the remainder of this section and proceed to the [Update SD Card Contents section](#). After updating the SD card, we will walk you through updating the firmware via the bootloader.

After selecting the **STM32 Bootloader** device and clicking **Next**, you will be presented with a confirmation screen to verify your settings. Once you have verified everything is correct (Version, Radio, and device) click the **Start Flashing** button.



Please check everything is correct before proceeding. Flashing
can take a few minutes so please be patient

Firmware



EdgeTX "Flying Dutchman"
v2.8.0

Jumper T-Lite

[Download](#)



Radio



STM32 BOOTLOADER

365E367B3230

0x0483:0xDF11

[Go back](#)

[Start flashing](#)

EdgeTX buddy will now start the flashing sequence. A progress screen will be displayed to show you the progress.

Flashing EdgeTX

EdgeTX "Flying Dutchman" v2.8.0

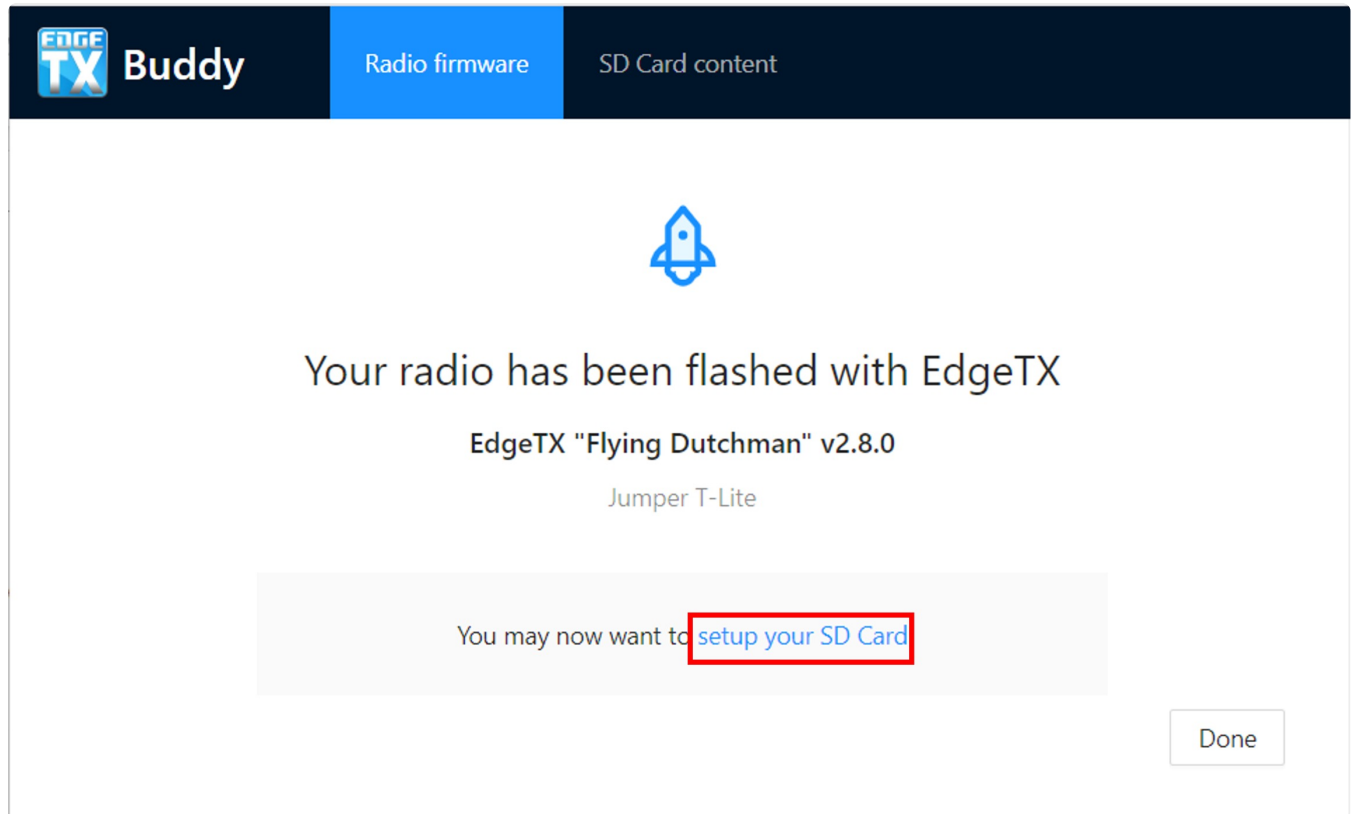
Jumper T-Lite

Please leave this window open whilst your radio is being
flashed

- ✓ Connected
DFU connection active
- ✓ Downloaded
Firmware downloaded, ready to flash
- ✓ Erased
Existing firmware erased
- (Flashing
Writing new firmware to radio, this could take several minutes
 74.19%

Flashing done

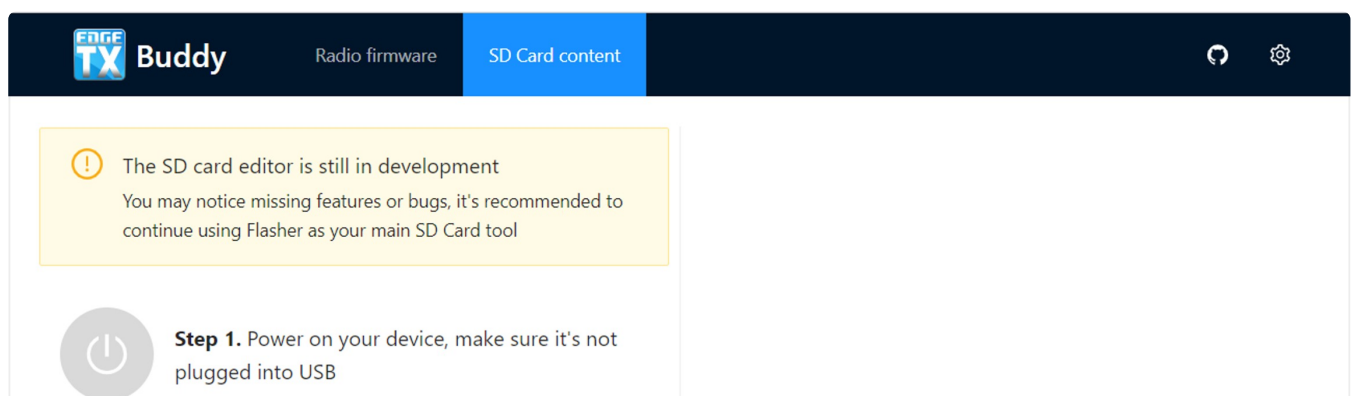
Once the flashing is complete, the next step is to update your SD card. It is not always necessary to update your SD card contents. However, it is recommended. To update your SD card contents, select the **Setup your SD Card** link from the completion screen, which will take you to the SD Card content screen.




Update SD Card Contents

Unplug the radio from the computer and power it on.


With the radio turned on, plug it in to your PC via USB and select **USB Storage** when the option is displayed on the radio. Click on the **Select SD Card** option and then navigate to your EdgeTX SD card.



Step 2. Connect your device to the computer via USB, and if prompted select 'USB Storage'



Step 3. Once connected, select the devices SD Card via the file explorer to make changes

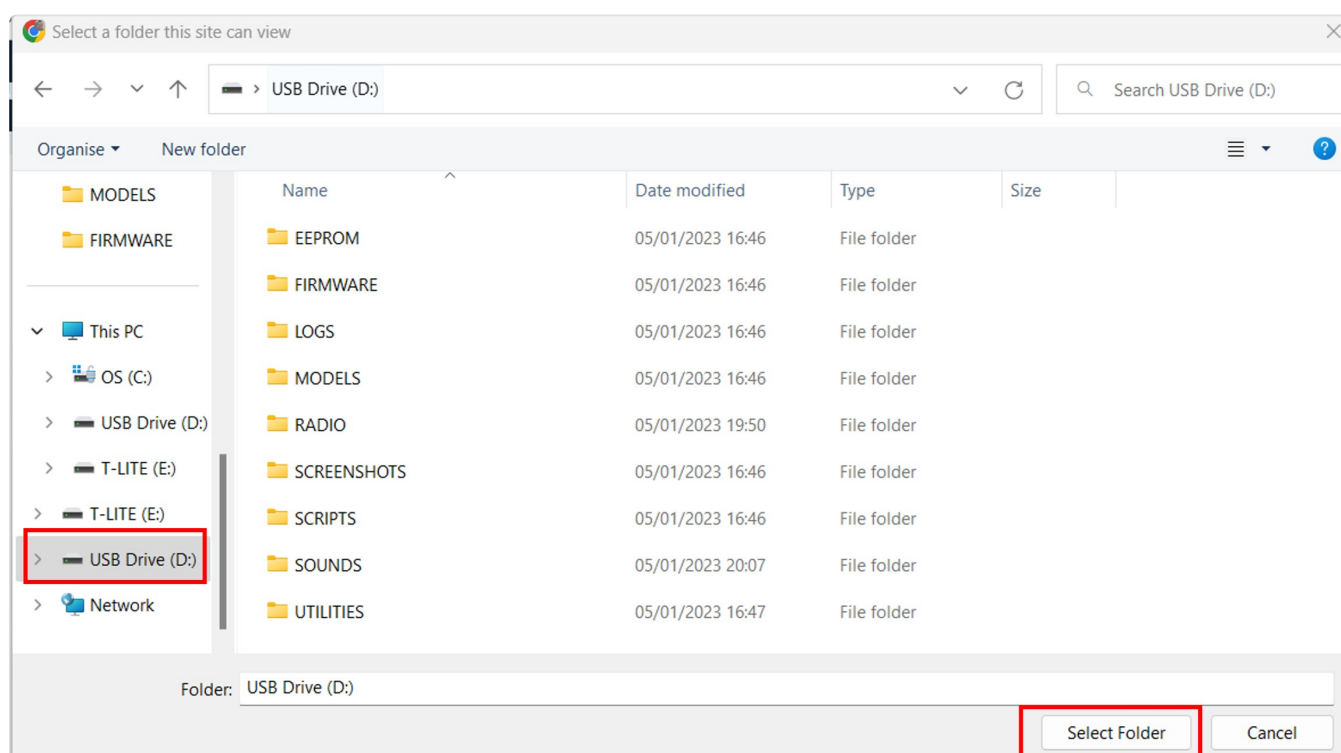



Select SD Card

Built with ♥ by the EdgeTX contributors - [source](#)

Donate and support EdgeTX development →

The EdgeTX SD Card will be mounted as a USB Drive on your computer. Select the USB Drive and then click on **Select folder**.



 Your PC may ask you to give EdgeTX buddy permission to your SD card contents. This is normal and required for buddy to be able to modify the files on the SD Card.

On the SD Card Content screen, verify the Firmware version and Radio model are still correct, then select the desired language for the sound pack. Click on **Apply Changes**. A status window will pop up and show you the installation progress. Once

the installation of the files is complete, the status window will close.

EdgeTX Buddy

Radio firmware SD Card content

Assets Themes

* Firmware version

EdgeTX "Flying Dutchman" v2.8.0

Filters

* Radio model

Jumper T-Lite

Available sounds (v2.8.0)

čeština

dansk

Deutsch

English

EN_GB-LIBBY

EN_GB-RYAN

EN_US-GUY

EN_US-MICHELLE

EN_US-SARA

Revert changes Apply changes Re-install

Note: EdgeTX Buddy will update all SD card files that are part of the default EdgeTX installation. It will not modify or delete any additional files you have added (LUA scripts, sound files, images, custom themes, model files, radio setup file, etc) that are already existing on the SD card.

Congratulations, you have now successfully updated EdgeTX!

If you were not able to flash your firmware with EdgeTX Buddy, follow the steps below to flash the firmware with the bootloader. Keep your radio connected to your computer via USB and in USB storage mode.

Update Radio Firmware with the Bootloader

Navigate back to the **Radio Firmware** tab.

Select the **Firmware version** and **Radio model** - then **Download .bin**.

After the firmware is downloaded, you will be asked for the location to save the file. Navigate to the radio's SD card and select the **Firmware** folder. Then select **Save**.

The screenshot shows the EdgeTX Buddy web interface. The top navigation bar has 'Radio firmware' selected. The left sidebar shows 'Cloud' and 'Local file' options. The main content area has two dropdown menus: 'Firmware version' (set to 'EdgeTX "Flying Dutchman" v2.8.0') and 'Radio model' (set to 'Jumper T-Lite'). Below these is a 'Copy URL' button. The right side of the page displays 'Highlights of this release include:' followed by a list of bullet points. At the bottom right, there are two buttons: 'Download .bin' (highlighted with a red box) and 'Flash via USB'.

EdgeTX Buddy

Radio firmware SD Card content

Select a firmware Connect radio Overview & flash

Cloud Local file

* Firmware version ⓘ

EdgeTX "Flying Dutchman" v2.8.0 Filters

* Radio model ⓘ

Jumper T-Lite

Copy URL

We are pleased to offer EdgeTX "Flying Dutchman" v2.8.0, packed with new UI design, features and fixes. As with any software, please ensure you read the "UI/UX behavioral changes and/or new capabilities" and "Known Issues" before updating your models after updating. Please also ensure you read the "UI/UX behavioral changes and/or new capabilities" and "Known Issues" before updating your models after updating.

Highlights of this release include:

- Complete overhaul of UI framework for color screen radios (now implemented using LVGL). What does this mean for you? It means that the UI is now more consistent across different screen orientations and sizes (i.e. the landscape RadioMaster TX16S vs portrait Flysky NV14), and reduced the number of Setup screens, and most of the Model Setup screens such as the first tab, Inputs tab, Mixes tab, Outputs tab and Flight modes tab. Check [this video out](#) to see what it looked like during development.
- New model select screen, and method of organising models. The new model labelling system is very powerful, as it allows you to label models with "Helicopter" and "Flybarless". You can then filter the model list by any of these labels, or by any combination of them. It also removes another pain point - which is adding models to a transmitter - the new label system allows you to add them as you see fit. For users with a large number of models with model images it will open a lot faster, as it now loads images lazily. Check [this video](#) to see what it looked like during development, [see this video](#).
- When setting model/receiver IDs, the firmware will now tell you if the number is unique (not already used) or if it is not unique (since you don't care about the ID of a model using a different protocol).
- Fix for a bug in the STM32 SD card library that caused intermittent excessive startup times for some radios/SD cards. The stock SD card #2210.
- Reduced the risk of corrupt `radio.yml` ruining your day by using a checksum to detect file corruption (i.e. due to a corrupt file, the radio will now warn you, automatically rename the file to `radio_error.yml`, and prompt you to recalibrate the radio later to find out what went wrong. If you want to manually edit the file, there is a new parameter at the end of the file (see #1481). Additionally, some radios (typically color screen radios) which were suffering from occasional extra long startup times (see #1481). Additionally, some radios (typically color screen radios) which were suffering from occasional extra long startup times (see #1481).
- Lua API has been extended so it is possible to recreate the built-in widgets with Lua (#2279). Lua widgets can also be used to create custom widgets.
- On radios with software controllable power of the AUX1 and AUX2 serial UARTs, you can now turn the power on and off.
- New special function for color screen radios that lets you set which main view screen is active.
- Radio firmware now better indicates whether it is a nightly build, a pull request test build, or a self-compiled build, as well as the version number.
- Lua Tools list in Radio/SYS menu sorted alphabetically also on B&W radios (#2258).
- Add acoustic and/or haptic feedback for touch events depending on radio settings (#2193). As well as more consistent UI/UX.

Download .bin Flash via USB

Disconnect the USB cable from the radio and turn off the radio.

Boot your radio into bootloader mode by holding trim switches T4 and T1 to center while pushing the power button on.

You should now see the EdgeTX bootloader. Select the option **Write Firmware**. Select the EdgeTX firmware file that you saved to your SD card. Long-press to flash it.

After the flashing is complete, select **Exit**. The radio will restart with the updated EdgeTX version.

Congratulations, you have now successfully updated EdgeTX!

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Migrate from OpenTX to EdgeTX using the Bootloader

Next

Update from an earlier version of EdgeTX using the Bootloader

Last updated 1 month ago

Update from an earlier version of EdgeTX using the Bootloader

Back-up SD Card Contents

Before making any updates to your radio, we ALWAYS recommend that you back up your current SD Card contents using the following steps.

With your radio powered on, plug your radio into your computer via USB. When prompted by your radio for the USB mode, select **USB Storage**.

With your computer, copy the entire contents of your SD card to a safe place on your computer. You can use these files again if you need to roll back the update.

SD Card Preparation

Download and extract the EdgeTX SD card content for your radio type to your computer. The SD card contents can be found here:

<https://github.com/EdgeTX/edgetx-sdcard/releases>

The list below shows which .zip file to use for different radio types:

- c480×272zip (480×272 Horizontal Color Screen) - TX16s, T16, Horus x10s, Horus x12s, most color screen radios...
- c480×320 (480×320 Horizontal Color Screen)
- c320×480zip (320×480 Vertical Color Screen)- FlySky Nirvana NV14, EL18
- bw128×64.zip (128×64 BW Screens) -All monochrome screen radios *except* X9D series.
- bw212×64zip (212×64 BW Screens) - X9D, X9D Plus, X9D Plus 2019

Copy the extracted files to your radio's SD card. If asked, overwrite the existing files. This will only update the SD card files that are part of the default EdgeTX installation. It

will not modify or delete any additional files you have added (LUA scripts, sound files, images, custom themes, model files, radio setup file, etc) that are already existing on the SD card.


Download the desired sound pack (<https://github.com/EdgeTX/edgetx-sdcard-sounds/releases>), unzip and copy to the "Sounds" folder on your SD card. If asked, overwrite the existing files.

Flashing the EdgeTX Bootloader and Firmware

Download the current EdgeTX firmware. You can download the latest release .zip file (edgetx-firmware-vX.X.X.zip) directly from Github - <https://github.com/EdgeTX/edgetx/releases/latest>


Unzip the file and save the correct .bin file (same name as your radio type) to the "**Firmware**" folder on the SD card for your radio.

Turn on your radio and navigate to the SD card screen. Open the "Firmware" folder and select the EdgeTX firmware file that you just copied to your SD card. Once the file is selected, select the option to "**Flash bootloader**". The bootloader will be updated.


 **Note:** When updating the bootloader using EdgeTX, you won't see the "Flash bootloader" option if the bootloader file is meant for a different radio target.

Exit back to the main screen and then shut off your radio.

Boot your radio in bootloader mode by holding trim switches T4 and T1 to center while pushing the power button on.

 On the Jumper T-Pro, you have to plug in the radio while pressing the Boot0 button to enter DFU mode.

You will see the EdgeTX bootloader. Select the option "**Write Firmware**". Select the EdgeTX firmware file that you saved to your SD card. Long-press to flash it.

 **Note:** When you're flashing the firmware with the bootloader and the bootloader detects a different target from what it's currently running, it will display an error message stating

that the firmware is invalid.

After the flashing is complete, select "**Exit**". The radio will restart and you should be greeted with "**Welcome EdgeTX**".

Congratulations, you have now successfully updated EdgeTX!

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[Having trouble updating?](#)

Last updated 6 months ago

Having trouble updating?

If you're here reading this, you probably got stuck with something either while trying to update or after updating. So checkout the list of issues and possible resolution steps below, to see if something matches the problem you are having. If there isn't, either join us on [Discord](#) (there is usually someone around who can help out), drop by our [GitHub Discussions](#) forum, or the [RCGroups forum thread](#) if that is more your thing.

I'm trying to flash using EdgeTX Buddy, but my handset isn't detected

1. Make sure when you plug the radio into the computer, that your handset is **turned off**. If you are getting a prompt about what mode to put the USB into, you will not be able to update. DFU mode, which used to flash the firmware, only operates when the handset is plugged in when in the **OFF** state.
2. Does your radio have a boot / DFU button? Check the [Access DFU and Bootloader Mode](#) page to see if your handset is one of those listed where you need to hold a button down when plugging the USB in.
3. You could be facing driver issues. If you are on Windows, you could firstly try the [ImpulseRC Driver Fixer](#) tool. Alternately, you could go to the STMicroelectronics website, and download their free [STM32CubeProgrammer tool](#), which includes the necessary drivers, and works with all the major operating systems. It does however require creating a (free) account at the the STMicroelectronics website, but it is the official tool for programming the micro-controller being used in all supported radio handsets.
4. Check with another USB cable... not all cables are created equally, and some cables are "charge only" cables.

I updated EdgeTX, and now my radio doesn't turn on, or acts strangely

1. Firstly, double check that you selected the correct name / target for your handset. Some incorrect selections will still boot, but buttons and controls will work incorrectly, or the screen will be upside down. Other combinations simply won't work at all, or make the radio seemingly go crazy, and you need to unplug the battery to get it to turn off. If you flashed the wrong target, simply go to EdgeTX Buddy, select the correct radio model, and flash the firmware.
2. Some handsets can have the wrong option bits set on the microcontroller, and as a result, will refuse to boot with EdgeTX 2.10 or later. The exact cause of this is unknown,

but the fix is *relatively* simple. See the (collapsed) instructions below for more information.

> Resetting Option Bits

3. If you are really stuck, you can follow this guide on [how to unbrick your radio](#).

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User Manual for Color Screen Radios

Last updated 2 months ago

User Manual for Monochrome Screen Radios



EdgeTX supported monochrome screen radios

EdgeTX supports the following monochrome screen radios:

- BETAFPV LiteRadio 3 Pro
- FrSky QX7 / QX7S / QX7 ACCESS / QX7S ACCESS
- FrSky X9 Lite / X9 Lite S
- FrSky X-Lite / X-Lite S / X-Lite Pro
- FrSky X9D / X9D+ / X9D+ SE

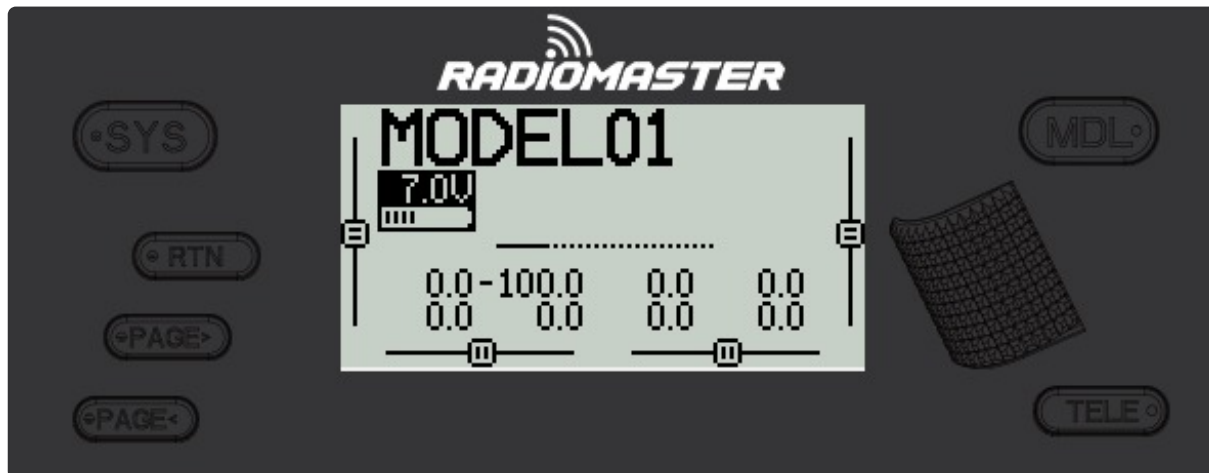
- FrSky X9D+ 2019 / X9D+ SE 2019
- Frsky X9E / Frsky X9E Hall
- iFlight Commando8
- Jumper T12 / T12 Plus / T12 Pro Hall
- Jumper T-Lite
- Jumper T-Pro / T-Pro V2
- Jumper T-14
- Jumper T-20
- RadioMaster MT12
- RadioMaster T8 / T8 Pro
- RadioMaster TX12 / TX12 Mark II
- RadioMaster Boxer
- RadioMaster Pocket
- RadioMaster Zorro

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Statistics](#)

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User Interface](#)

Last updated 7 months ago

User Interface



Common buttons user for radio menu navigation

The buttons below are commonly used to navigate EdgeTX. If your radio does not have these buttons, please consult the [manufacturer's documentation](#) to see your radio's specific button configuration.

Buttons:

- **[SYS]** - System Button
 - Short press **[SYS]** button from the main screen to go to the [Tools](#) page of the Radio Settings menu.
- **[MDL]** - Model Button
 - Short press **[MDL]** button from the main screen to go to the [Model Select](#) page of the Models menu
- **[RTN]** - Return / Back
 - Short press **[RTN]** button to return to the previous page, previous menu or cancel action
- **[PAGE>]** / **[PAGE<]** - Page next & page previous
 - Used to navigate between different screens, tabs, or options settings, depending on the screen.
- **[TELE]** - Telemetry
 - Press the **[TELE]** button to go to the configured telemetry screens. More

information about the telemetry screens is found in the [Display](#) section.

- **[Roller]** or **[Dial]** - Next & previous value

The roller is used to navigate through menu options.

- **[Enter]** - Accept

- Used to select option, function or accept value

- Push **[Roller]** or **[Dial]** button to select or enter.

Previous
User Manual for Monochrome Screen Radios

Next
Main View

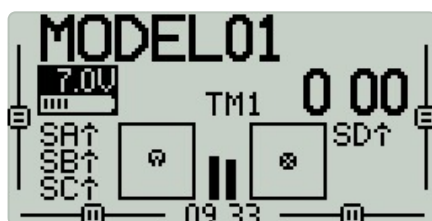
Last updated 10 months ago

Main View

The main view is the default view normally used during radio operation. This view displays information such as the model name, trim positions, transmitter battery voltage, flight mode, receiver signal strength, and Timers. A clock is also displayed in the center of the lower portion of all screens. There are five main view screens.



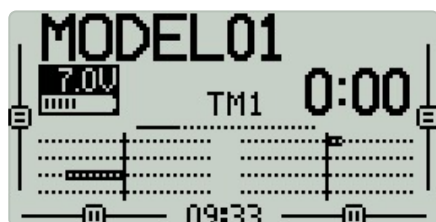
Screen 1



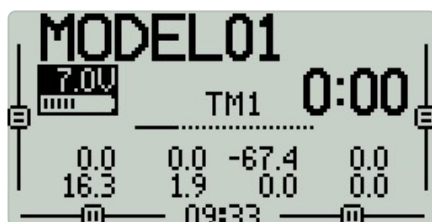
Screen 2



Screen 2 (Surafce Radios)



Screen 3



Screen 4



Screen 5

Screens

Screen 1 - This view displays the model name, trim positions (if trims are enabled), clock, transmitter battery voltage, flight mode, receiver signal strength, and Timers 1 and 2 (if enabled).

Screen 2 - This view displays the model name, trim positions (if trims are enabled), clock, transmitter battery voltage, flight mode, receiver signal strength, and Timer 1 (if enabled). It also has a graphical representation of the stick, pot, and switch positions. Use the **[Roller]** or **[Dial]** to scroll thru the additional pages. The second page shows the state of the [logical switches](#).

Screen 3 - This view displays the model name, trim positions (if trims are enabled), clock, transmitter battery voltage, flight mode, receiver signal strength, and Timer 1 (if enabled). It also shows the values of output channels as a bar graph, 8 channels per

page. Use the ****[Roller]**** or **[Dial]** to scroll thru the additional pages.

Screen 4 - This view displays the model name, trim positions (if trims are enabled), clock, transmitter battery voltage, flight mode, receiver signal strength, and Timer 1 (if enabled). It also shows the numerical values of the output channels, 8 channels per page. Use the **[Roller]** or **[Dial]** to scroll thru the additional pages.

Screen 5 - This view shows either the channel monitor or mixer monitor, 8 channels per page. Use the roller or dial to scroll thru the additional pages. Push the **[Roller]** or **[Dial]** button to switch between the channel monitor and mixer monitor.

Long pressing the **[Roller]** or **[Dial]** button from the main view screen will show a pop-up menu with the options below:

- **View Notes** - Displays the configured model checklist. This option is only visible if a valid model checklist file is in the **Models** folder.
- **Reset** - See [Reset](#) page.
- **Statistics** - See [Statistics](#) page.
- **About** - Displays the EdgeTX firmware version being used by the radio.

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User Interface

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Reset

Last updated 1 month ago

Reset

Selecting **Reset** from the pop-up menu will give you the following options:

Reset flight - When selected, this option:

- Resets all timers configured with a persistence setting of **Flight** to zero.
- Resets all discovered telemetry sensor values.
- Resets all logical switch states
- Triggers the same checks as loading the model - i.e. throttle position, switch state, is failsafe set check, display pre-flight checklist if configured, stuck keys test, etc.

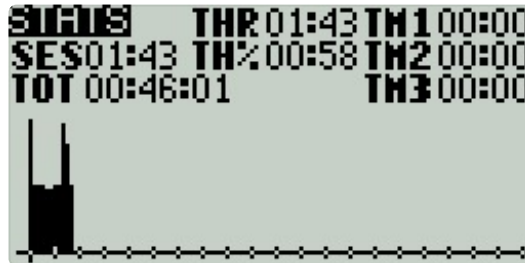
Reset timer 1 / 2 / 3 - Resets only the selected timer to zero regardless of the configured persistence setting.

Reset telemetry - This option resets all discovered telemetry sensor values.

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Statistics](#)

Statistics



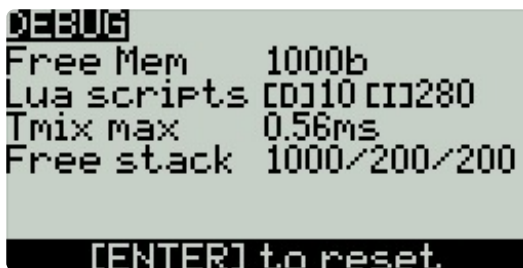
Statistics screen

The **Statistics** screen presents you with statistics regarding radio usage. All data is reset once the radio is powered off. The following information is provided:

- **SES** - The amount of time that the radio has been turned on.
- **THR** - The amount of time that the throttle has been above the 0% stick position.
- **TH%** - The amount of time that the throttle has been above the 50% stick position.

Long pressing the **[Roller]** or **[Dial]** button will reset the Statistics and Debug screens.

Pressing **[PAGE>]** will take you to the **Debug** screens.



Debug screen 1



Debug screen 1

The **Debug** screen provides data points used by the developers when debugging issues in the software. Most users will not find the information useful on this screen unless debugging issues with developers. The following debug information is provided.

- **Free mem** - Current free radio memory in bytes.
- **Lua scripts**
 - **[D]** - Maximum Lua duration in milliseconds.

- **[I]** - Maximum Lua interval in milliseconds.
- **TMix max** - Maximum mixer task duration.
- **Free stack - [Menu] / [Mix] /[Audio]**
 - **[Menu]** - Minimum free stack memory for menu tasks.
 - **[Mix]** - Minimum free stack memory for mixer tasks.
 - **[Audio]** - Minimum free stack memory for audio tasks.
- **TIm RX Err** - Numer of received telemetry errors

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Last updated 7 months ago

Model Settings

Model Select

Pressing the **[MDL]** button from the Main view will open the **Model Select** screen.



Model Select screen

Use the **[Roller]** or **[Dial]** to scroll through the model slots.

Pressing **[Enter]** on an empty model slot will give you the following options:

- **Create Model** - This option creates a new model with the default configuration options.
- **Restore Model** - This option creates a new copy of a selected model that has been previously backed up.

Pressing **[Enter]** on an occupied model slot that is not the active model (not marked with an asterisk *) will give you the following options:

- **Select Model** - this option selects this model as the active model.
- **Backup Model** - This option makes a copy of the model in the **Backup** folder on the SD Card.
- **Copy Model** - This option makes an exact copy of the model and allows you to select which model slot it will be placed in.
- **Move Model** - This option allows you to move the selected model to a different model slot.
- **Delete Model** - This option deletes the selected model.

Pressing **[Enter]** on an occupied model slot that is the active model (marked with an asterix *) will give you the following options:

- **Move Model** - This option allows you to move the selected model to a different model slot.
- **Copy Model** - This option makes an exact copy of the model and allows you to select which model slot it will be placed in.
- **Backup Model** - This option makes a copy of the model in the **Backup** folder on the SD Card.

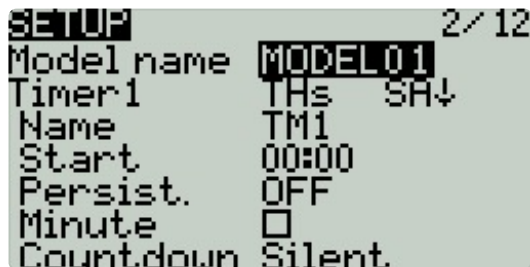
Pressing the **[PAGE>]** button will take you to the **Setup** screen.

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Setup




The **Setup** screen is where you start to configure your model. It contains the following settings:

Name - Name of the model. The maximum number of characters is 10.

- To edit the text, using the **[roller]** or **[dial]**, press the button, scroll to select the desired letter, then press the button again to move to the next space. To toggle between lower and upper case, long-press the button. Press the **[RTN]** button to exit out of text editing mode.

Image - Image displayed on the main view (only for radios with 212 × 64 displays).

 Image dimensions shall be 64 × 32 pixels, 16 bit, grayscale, .bmp file. The image must be stored in the **IMAGES** folder of the SD card.

Timers

Timer 1/2/3 - There are 3 configurable timers in EdgeTX. The following configuration options will be displayed once the timer is no longer set to **OFF**:


Timer 1 **[Mode]** **[Switch]**

[Mode] - The options include:

- OFF** - The timer is not used
- ON** - The timer runs all the time

- **Strt (Start)** - The timer starts once the configured switch is activated. After the time is started, the timer ignores the switch position.
- **THs (Throttle)** - The timer starts once the throttle is raised and the configured switch is activated. The timer will stop counting if either the throttle position is lowered back to the minimum value or the configured switch is deactivated.
- **TH% (Throttle %)** - The timer counts proportionally to the throttle. It counts in real-time at full throttle and half speed at 50% throttle.
- **THt (Throttle Start)** - The timer starts once the throttle is raised and the configured switch is activated. After starting, the timer ignores the throttle position and will keep counting unless the switch is deactivated.

[Switch] - Select the switch that will trigger the timer to start. If no switch is selected, the timer will trigger based only on the configured mode. In addition to a switch, you can also select a trim, a telemetry source (triggered when telemetry data is received from that source), or physical activity (stick movement or button press) (labeled as **ACT**)

 Those items with a "!" mark in front of the trigger name mean that the condition is reversed. For example, "!SA-" means "when SA switch is not in middle/center position (= up or down)".

Name - Name of the timer

Start - The time used for the timer's advanced functions. The default value is 00:00 and when left as such, the timer operates like a stopwatch, counting upward until stopped. If a different time is entered in this box, then the additional field will appear next to the time with the options: **Remain** or **Elaps**.

If set to **Remain**, the counter will function like a countdown timer - counting down from the designated time to zero and then alerting the user. If set to **Elaps**, the timer functions like an alarm, counting up from zero until the designated time and then alerting the user.

Persist. (Persistence):

- **OFF** - The timer value is reset when switching models or when the radio is turned off / on.
- **Flight** - The timer value is NOT reset when switching models or when the radio is turned off / on. The timer value is only reset when the **Reset flight** option is

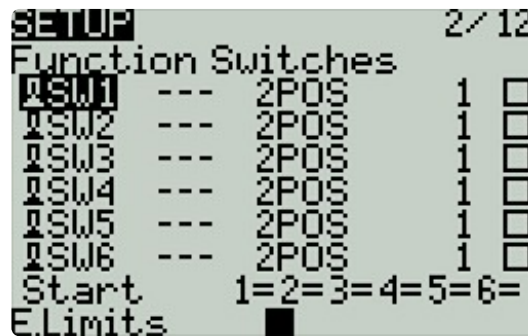
selected in the [Reset](#) menu.

- **Manual Reset** - The timer value is reset only when it is individually selected to be reset (example: Reset timer1) in the [Reset](#) menu.

Minute (Minute Call) - If selected, you will be notified every minute that passes as described in the **Countdown** option.

Count Down:

- **Silent** - No notification is given until the timer reaches zero. When it reaches zero, you will hear one beep.
- **Beeps** - The radio will beep every second starting at the time designated.
- **Voice** - The radio will count down by second starting at the time designated.
- **Haptic** - The radio will vibrate every second starting at the time designated.



Function Switches

Function Switches

The functions switches are a type of multiposition switch (on select transmitters) that are managed directly by EdgeTX. Physically, they look like a regular 6-pos switch but are much more flexible.

Unlike other switches managed at the radio level, function switches are defined per model and configured in the model setup page. They contain the following configuration options:

Switch Type

- **None**: the switch is disabled
- **Toggle**: they are active only during the push duration
- **2POS**: pushing the switch will alternate the state between OFF and On

Switch group

A traditional 6POS is a group of 6 switches that work together, where only one can be active at a time. Function switches expand that concept and let you choose how the switches should be grouped.

'-' defines a function switch with no group. Pushing it will only affect this switch.

'1', '2' or '3' define groups. All the switches in a group act together, **where only one (the last pushed) can be active.**

Always on groups

Selecting this check box makes the assigned group act like a traditional 6-position switch where one button from the group must be on at all times.

Startup Position

Start - Defines the state that each switch will be in when the model is loaded.

- ↑ Switch is inactive
- ↓ Switch is active
- = Switch is set to the same state it was in when the model was last used (it keeps old state).

ⓘ Unlike hardware 6-POS implementation (Horus, TX16S,...), software managed switches can not be used as an analog source, they are individual switches with either ↑ or ↓ position. The behavior of previous 6P source can be achieved using a combination of mixer lines



```
SETUP 2/12
E.Limits ■
E.Trims □ [Reset]
Show Trims No
Trim Step Fine
```

Trims settings

Trims

E.Limits (Extended Limits) - When enabled, it increases the minimum and maximum

range for the output values to -150 and 150. Extended limits are necessary if the full range of the control surface cannot be reached with standard limits.

E. Trims) Extended Trims - Increases the maximum trim adjustment value from $\pm 25\%$ to $\pm 100\%$.

Reset - This resets all trim values to zero.

Show trims - When set to **Yes**, it will display the numerical trim value on the trim bar. When set to **CHANGE**, it will display the numerical value once the trim is no longer at zero.

Trim Step: - Defines the amount of increase/decrease in trim when the trim switch is pressed.

- Course = 1.6%
- Medium = 0.8%
- Fine = 0.4%
- Extra Fine = 0.2%
- Exponential = 0.2% near the center and the step value increases exponentially as the distance from the center increases.



Throttle Settings

Throttle

The throttle related configuration options below are displayed in collapsible menu.

T-Reverse - When enabled, this option reverses the output direction of the configured throttle channel.

T-Source - The source that will be used for the throttle.

T-Trim-Idle - When enabled, the throttle trim will only affect the bottom portion of the throttle band.

- ⓘ For example, with **Trim idle only** enabled, the throttle stick at the lowest point might have a value of -80 and the center point will still be 0 and the highest point of 100. Without this enabled, the throttle stick at the lowest point might have a value of -80 however, the center point will be 20 and the highest point of 100.

T-Trim-SW - The trim switch that will be used to trim the throttle. It is possible to substitute the throttle trim switch with the aileron, rudder, or elevator trim switches.

- ⓘ On surface radios (EX: MT-12), the throttle trim has no effect on the reverse throttle range and has some effect over the entire forward throttle range.



Pre-start Checks options

Pre-start Checks

Whenever a new model is loaded, EdgeTX will conduct pre-flight checks based on the checks that are configured on this page. If any of the checks are failed, EdgeTX will give the user an audio and visual warning that must be acknowledged before using the model. The following preflight checks below are displayed in collapsible menu.

Checklist - When this option is selected, the model notes file will be displayed when the model is loaded. A valid model notes file must be in the **Models** folder on the SD card. The model notes file must be a .txt file and must have the EXACT same name as the model it is for, for example: Mobula6.txt. The text in the file is up to the user.

C-Interact (Interactive checklist) - This option is used with the **Checklist** option. When this option is selected, any line of text in the checklist file that begins with = will display as a check box when the checklist is displayed. All displayed checkboxes must be **checked** by selecting them in order to close the checklist.

T-Warning - When selected, the radio will check that the throttle is at the minimum

value for the configured throttle source in the **T-Source** configuration option.

Cust-Pos - When this option is selected, the value designated in **Pos. %** will be used for the **T.Warning**.

Pos. % - minimum value of the throttle for the throttle warning when **Cust-Pos** is enabled.

S-Warning - The section displays all the switches that are configured on the radio and allows you to select which position is the correct position for the switch state check. Selecting the switch will cycle through the available switch positions or turn the check off for the switch completely.


Pot warn. - When activated, this option checks the position of the pots & sliders. There are three options - **OFF**, **ON** and **Auto**. When **ON** or **AUTO** is selected, buttons for the available pots and sliders will appear. To enable the pot warning for an individual pot, select the pot with the **[roller]** or **[dial]** and click the button to highlight it. Highlighted pots are enabled.

- **OFF** - Pot and slider positions are not checked.
- **ON** - Positions are checked against manually configured pot and slider positions. To set the check position, select the item that you want to set, and long-press the **[Enter]** button to set its current position for the check.
- **Auto** - Positions are checked for pots and sliders and compared to the last automatically saved position before the radio was turned off or the model was changed.

Ctrl Beep - Allows you to turn on/off the center beep function for the individual sticks, pots, and sliders by highlighting them with the **[roller]** or **[dial]** and pressing the button. When a switch is highlighted, the function is enabled.

Glob. Funcs - When enabled, global functions programmed in the radio settings will apply to this model. When disabled, global functions will not apply to this model.


ADC filter - Enables/disables the ADC filter for this model. The **Global** option will take the value designated in the radio settings, which is *on* by default.

 The ADC filter is a filter for the proportional channels (sticks, pots, sliders), smoothing out smaller fast movements that occur due to noise in the system electronics. Normally, this filter should be *disabled* for models with flight controllers.


Internal / External RF

The configuration settings for both the Internal and External RF sections work the same. The only difference is that the **Internal RF** section is for configuring the built-in module and the **External RF** section is for configuring an RF module in the external module bay.

The configuration options are: **OFF** or the ***module name*** of the installed module as configured in the radio settings. Configuration options are unique to each installed module. Please consult the manufacturer's documentation for configuration options.

 Configuration options for the multi-protocol module are described here:
<https://www.multi-module.org/using-the-module/protocol-options>

Receiver number - A receiver number is a user-assigned number for a model that is sent to the receiver when bound. Each model must have a unique receiver number. However, models using different protocols may have the same receiver number without issues. EdgeTX will inform you when a receiver number is unique or if it is already being used with a text above the number field.

 If using the radio in gamepad mode, both internal and external RF modules should be turned off. This will result in increased performance when connected to a computer via USB.

Trainer

Trainer Mode - The **Trainer Mode** option is where you can configure the CPPM passthrough mode and method. When enabled, this allows the CPPM signals from a radio in **Slave** mode to be passed through to another radio in Master mode which will then pass the signal to the model it is connected to. CPPM passthrough can be used for several different use cases, such as: connecting a head tracker, Instructor / Student training mode, and controlling complex models that require more stick inputs than available on a standard transmitter.

Master mode - This is the mode for the radio that will be connected to the model. This

radio also shall configure the special/global function (Trainer) to activate the passthrough mode. When the passthrough mode is activated, the CPPM signals from the radio in **Slave mode** will be sent to the model for control.

Slave mode - This is the mode for the radio that will pass it's CPPM values to the radio in **Master mode**, which are then sent to the model.

Below are the possible configuration options:

- **OFF** - Trainer mode is not used for this model.
- **Master/Jack** - Master mode using a cable connection.
- **Slave/Jack** - Slave mode using a cable connection.
 - **Ch. Range** - This is the range of channels that will be sent to the radio in Master mode. Channel 10 is the recommended last channel to use.
 - **PPM frame** - The first field is the length of the PPM frame. The second field is the stop length/delay between pulses. The dropdown is to select the polarity of the signal. The frame length is automatically adjusted to the correct value when the number of transmitted channels is changed. However, this automatically assigned value can be manual changed. **Note:** *In most cases, the default setting does not need to be changed.*
- **Master / Bluetooth** - Master mode using a Bluetooth connection (if installed in radio).
- **Slave / Bluetooth** - Slave mode using a Bluetooth connection (if installed in radio).
- **Master / Multi** - Master mode using an additional externally mounted Multi-protocol module for the connection. For more information on this setup, see [Set-up wireless trainer with a Multi -protocol module](#)



The screenshot shows a menu titled 'SETUP' with a page indicator '2/12'. The menu lists various features and their status, with 'Global' being the selected option for most items. The items are: Enabled Features (with an up arrow), Radio Menu Tabs, GLOBAL FUNCTIONS (Global), TRAINER (Global), Model Menu Tabs, HELI SETUP (Global), FLIGHT MODES (Global), CURVES (Global), LOGICAL SWITCHES (Global), and SPECIAL FUNCTIONS (Global).

Feature	Status
Enabled Features	↑
Radio Menu Tabs	
GLOBAL FUNCTIONS	Global
TRAINER	Global
Model Menu Tabs	
HELI SETUP	Global
FLIGHT MODES	Global
CURVES	Global
LOGICAL SWITCHES	Global
SPECIAL FUNCTIONS	Global

Enabled Features options

Enabled Features

The **Enabled Features** section allows you to configure which pages are visible in the selected model's radio setup and model settings area of EdgeTX. The page names are displayed in a collapsible menu with the following configurable options:

- **Global** - When selected, the tab will take the global value configured in the **Enabled Features** area in **Radio Setup**. The configured global value will display next to the option.
- **On** - When selected, this tab will be visible when this model is loaded.
- **Off** - When selected, this tab will not be visible when this model is loaded.

Note: Turning off a tab only hides the tab and does not change the items already configured in that tab.

EXCEPTION: Turning off the Global / Special Functions tab will disable configured global / special functions for that model.



USB Joystick advanced mode settings

USB Joystick

The **USB Joystick** has two possible modes, **Classic** and **Advanced**.

Note: If using the radio as a USB Joystick, both internal and external RF modules should be turned off. When configured as such, the mixer will run at 1000Hz when in Joystick mode (which is needed for F.Sim competitors). Additionally, it also displays mixer run time in statistic/debug screen. This will result in increased performance when connected to a computer via USB.

In **Classic mode**, the radio's configured output channels will be sent to the target device in numerical order and mapped to the device's preconfigured USB controller axes and buttons. Below is the default channel mapping for Microsoft Windows.

- Ch 1 - X Axis

- Ch 2 - Y Axis
- Ch 3 - Z Axis
- Ch 4 - X Rotation
- Ch 5 - Y Rotation
- Ch 6 - Z Rotation
- Ch 7 - Dial
- Ch 8 - Slider
- CH 9 - Ch 32 - Buttons 1 - 24

In **Advanced mode** you can configure the following additional options:

If. mode (Interface mode): This indicates to the target device (the device you are connecting your transmitter to) what type of device you are connecting. The options are **Joystick, Gamepad, MultiAxis**.

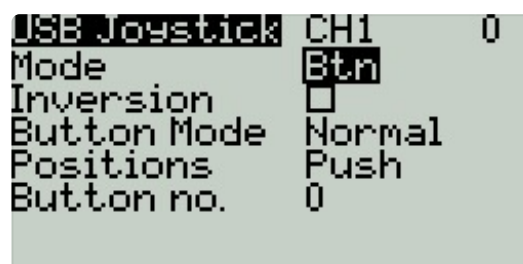
Note: Currently there is a limitation in MS Windows that may limit your transmitter to being only detected as a Joystick, regardless of what is selected in this option. In MacOS, Linux and Andriod this functions properly.

Circ. cut (Circular cutout) - For axis pairs (X-Y, Z-rX): By default, the range of the axis pairs is a rectangular area. With this option, the axis will be limited to a circular area (like gamepad controllers commonly are). Options are : **None** or **X-Y, Z-rX** or **X-Y, rX-rY** or **X-Y, Z-rZ**

Channel Settings

Mode - For each output channel, you can select the mode that you want to use for that channel. The available options are **None, Btn, Axis, Sim**.

- **None** - Channel is not used



Button mode options for a selected channel

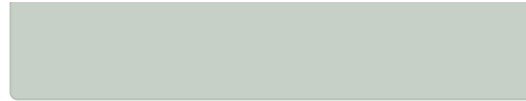
- **Btn** - Channel is used to simulate a button. Configuration options include:
 - **Inversion** - Inverts the output channel signal. Options are: **On** / **Off**
 - **Button Mode** -
 - **Normal** - Each position of a multiposition switch is represented by a button. The current switch state is represented by a continuous button press.
 - **Pulse** - Similar to "Normal" mode. However, instead of continuous button press it is represented by a short button press.
 - **SWEmu** - The toggle switch emulates a push button. The first press turns the virtual button on, the second press turns it off.
 - **Delta** - The change of the output channel is represented by 2 buttons. While the output value is decreasing, the first button is pressed. When the output value is increasing, the second button is pressed. If there is no change, then no buttons will be pressed.
 - **Companion** - This option should be selected when using your transmitter to control the simulator in EdgeTX Companion. It allows the multi-position switches to function properly in the simulator.
 - **Positions** - The type of button that will be simulated.
 - **Push** - will only map to one button
 - **2POS - 8 POS** - will map to the number of buttons that the switch has (ex: 3POS will map to 3 buttons).
 - **Button No:** The button number that the output will be mapped to and sent to the target device as.



Axis mode options for a selected channel

- **Axis** - The channel is used to simulate an axis and will be mapped to one of the target device's default axes.
 - Axis options are: **X, Y, Z, rotX** (rotation X), **rotY, rotZ**





Sim mode options for selected channel

- **Sim** - The channel is used to simulate a common sim axis and it will be listed on the target device as the selected option (ex: Thr)
 - Sim Axis options are: **Ail, Ele, Rud, Thr, Acc, Brk, Steer, Dpad**

Pressing the **[PAGE>]** button will take you to the **Heli Setup** screen.

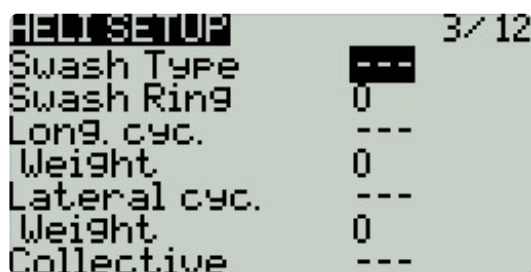
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Heli Setup

The **Heli Setup** page in Model Settings is an optional page that is available on custom-compiled versions of EdgeTX. The heli setup page is often used for collective pitch mixing (CCPM) used in flybarred helicopters where the receiver directly controls the swashplate servos. Most flybarless helicopters do not need to configure this page. The outputs of the CCPM mixer are CYC1, CYC2, and CYC3, which need to be assigned to an output channel on the Mixes screen.



Heli Setup screen

The heli setup screen has the following configuration options:

- **Swash Type** - Swash type for your model. Options are **120**, **120x**, **140**, and **90**.
- **Swash Ring** - Set the swash ring limit only as needed. **1** = maximum limit → **100** or **0** = no limit.
- **Long. cyc. source** - Select source input.
 - **Weight** - Percentage value of the stick travel to use.
- **Lateral cyc.source** -Select source input.
 - **Weight** - Percentage value of the stick travel to use.
- **Coll. pitch source** - Select source input.
 - **Weight** - Percentage value of the stick travel to use.

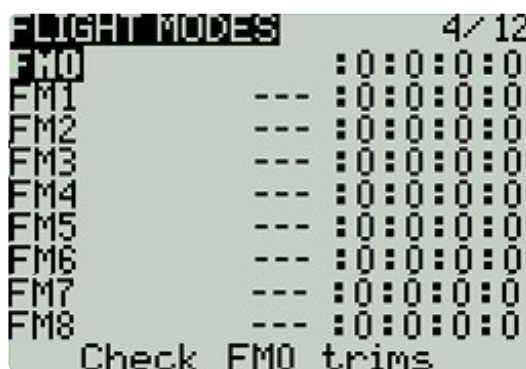
Pressing the **[PAGE>]** button will take you to the **Flight Modes** screen.

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Flight / Drive Modes

Flight modes (FM) and Drive modes (DM) (on surface radios) allow you to have different trim settings for each flight/drive mode. Once multiple flight/drove modes are configured, you can adjust the trim settings in each flight/drive mode without affecting the trim settings in other flight/drive modes (unless they are configured to do so). There are nine possible Flight/Drive modes, with flight/drive Mode 0 being the default mode.

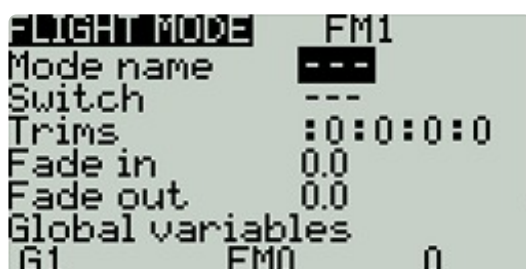


Flight Modes Overview screen

The Flight/Drive Modes Overview screen shows an overview of the configured Flight/Drive Modes. The information below is displayed for each flight mode row:

- Mode #
- Mode Name
- Switch
- Trim settings (RETA)

Check FM Trims: When check FM trim is pressed, the trims for the current flight/drive mode are temporarily disabled. This is used to test the impact of the current flight/drive mode's trims on the outputs.



G2	FM0	0
G3	FM0	0
G4	FM0	0
G5	FM0	0
G6	FM0	0
G7	FM0	0

Flight Mode Configuration screen

Selecting a flight/drive mode from the overview screen will open the configuration page, which has the following options:

Name: The custom name for the flight mode. If configured, this name will be shown on the upper left position of the main screen next to the battery voltage.

Switch: The trigger to enable that flight/drive mode. It can be a switch, pot, telemetry, trim or logical switch.

Trims - To configure the trims, select the trim that you want to configure (each column is one trim). Then scroll to select the flight/drive mode (**0-8**) that will provide the initial trim value and modifier (= or +). Select -- to disable the trim.

When **3P** is selected instead of the flight mode (**0-8**), the trim will act as a 3 position momentary switch.


Modifier - there are two possible value modifiers = and +. The = modifier uses the trim value directly from the selected flight/drive mode. The + modifier uses the trim value from the selected flight/drive mode and then adds the trim value from the flight/drive mode you are configuring.

Example 1: If you are configuring FM1 and set the value to =0, FM1 will have the trim value of the current value of the same trim in FM0. In this case, changes made to the trim in FM1 will also affect the trim in FM0 and vice-versa.

Example 2: If you are configuring FM1 and set the value to +0, FM1 will have the trim value of the same trim in FM0, plus any trim changes made while in FM1. In this case, changes made to the trim in FM1 do not affect the trim in FM0. However, changes to trim values FM0 will affect trim values in FM1.

Fade in: Gradually change the trim value when this flight/drive mode is enabled. Specify the time in seconds (0.0 - 25.0) until the value change is completed.

Fade out: Gradually change the trim value when this flight/drive mode is disabled. Specify the time in seconds (0.0 - 25.0) until the value change is completed.

 If the trim is turned off (--) on the setup page, you will not be able to adjust it at all on the main view screen.

Global Variables

Global variables are variables whose values are shared across all the configuration screens of a model. Their values can be used in weights, offsets, differential, expo settings, outputs, and in logical switch comparisons. The bottom portion of the flight/drive mode configuration screen shows an overview of each global variable for the selected flight/drive mode. For each global variable row, the following information is displayed:

- **Global Variable Number:** Displayed as **GV(1-9)**
- **Global Variable Name:** User-defined name for the global variable - up to three characters.
- **Mode:** Where the value of the global variable comes from. Options are:
 - **Own:** the global variable value for the selected flight/drive mode is manually defined in the **Value** text field.
 - **FM(1-9)** - global variable value for the selected flight/drive mode is inherited from the flight mode defined in the drop-down.
- **Value:** The current value of the global variable.

You can edit the value of the global variable by changing the value in the value text field. Selecting the global variable number will open the global variable configuration screen will give you the following options:



GVARS G1	
Name	---
Unit	-
Precision	0.--
Min	-1024
Max	1024
PoPUP	<input type="checkbox"/>
FMO	0

Global Variables configuration screen

- **Name** - Name for the global variable. Three characters are allowed.
- **Unit** - (optional) Allows you to add a % label to the displayed values when

selected. It DOES NOT affect how the values are calculated.

- **Precision** - Allows you to select the number precision options whole numbers (**0.-**) and decimal (**0.0**). The default value is **0.-**
- **Min** - Defines the minimum that is allowed for the global variable.
- **Max** - Defines the maximum value that is allowed for the global variable.
- **Popup** - When enabled, a pop-up window will be displayed on the main screen when the value of this global variable changes during normal use.
- **FM1 → FM8** - Allows you to select the global variable inheritance for the flight/drive mode. **Long press** the field to switch between **Own** and **Inheritance** mode. In **Own** mode, you can define the global variable value for the selected flight mode. In **Inheritance** mode, you can select the Flight Mode that the global variable will inherit the value from.

Pressing the **[PAGE>]** button will take you to the **Inputs** screen.

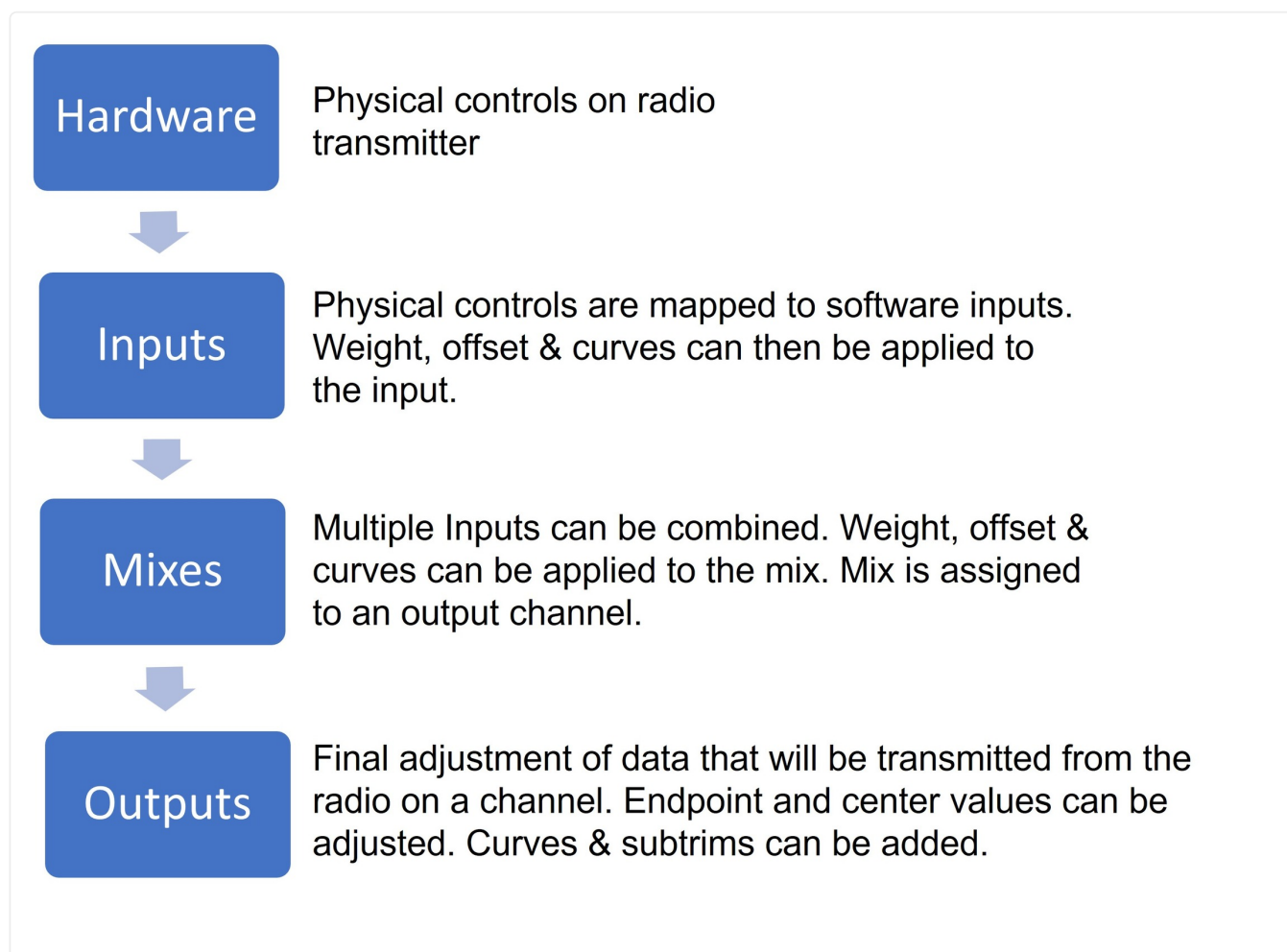
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Inputs, Mixes & Outputs

To be able to support many different types of radio transmitters, EdgeTX uses a generic control data flow that can be applied to any radio transmitter. In this data flow, any of the radio's physical controls (sticks, switches, sliders, pots) can be mapped to an input in the software. These inputs can be directly assigned or combined with other inputs into a single mix. These mixes can be modified by applying weights, offsets, and curves and are then assigned a channel for output. Final adjustments to the control data are made (including subtrims, curves, endpoint, and center values) before finally sending the control data to the RF module. The flowchart below depicts a visual summary of this control data flow. Detailed information about the flow is provided in the following sections [Inputs](#), [Mixes](#), and [Outputs](#).



Control data flow

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[Inputs](#)

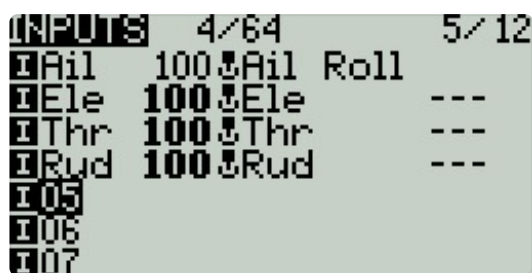
Last updated 8 months ago

Inputs

The **Inputs** screen is where you map your physical radio controls (for example: sticks, sliders, and pots) to a software input to be used by the radio. After the control has been mapped, it is then possible to apply modifiers to the inputs, such as a weight, offset or curve, which will then be applied anywhere that input is used. Although it is possible to also assign switches as inputs, it is normally not needed as switch outputs seldomly need to be modified by a weight, offset or curve. By default, EdgeTX will automatically map your controller sticks to Aileron, Elevator, Throttle, Rudder based on the default channel order defined in **Radio Setup**.

ⓘ Your input channels may default to a different order based on the settings defined in **Radio Setup**.

ⓘ The Inputs section is also commonly referred to as "**Dual Rates**" as it was previously called this in earlier versions of OpenTX.



INPUTS 4/64		5/12
IAil	100%	Ail Roll
IEle	100%	---
IThr	100%	---
IRud	100%	---
I05		
I06		
I07		

Inputs screen

The inputs screen shows you an overview of your configured inputs. Each row represents an input line and displays the following information from left to right: Input name, weight, activation switch, line name. These items are described in the [Input configuration page](#) area below.

Selecting an existing input line and pressing **[Enter]** will toggle between **Copy/Paste** mode and **Move** mode. In **Copy/Paste** mode, a copy of the input line is made which can be pasted in the desired input line. In **Move** mode, the selected input can be moved to a different line. Press the **[Return]** button to exit this mode.

Selecting an empty input line and pressing **[Enter]** will create a new input and open the input configuration page.

Selecting an existing input line and long-pressing **[Enter]** will give you the following options:

- **Edit** - opens the input configuration page for that input line.
- **Insert before** - Inserts a new input line before the selected input.
- **Insert after** - Inserts a new input line after the selected input.
- **Copy** - copies the selected input line.
- **Move** - selects the input line to be moved. The input is moved using one of the paste commands after a new line is selected (i.e. cut & paste).
- **Delete** - deletes the selected input line.
- **Paste before** - pastes the copied or moved input line before the selected input line.
- **Paste after** - pastes the copied or moved input line before the selected input line.



Input Configuration Page

Input configuration page

The input configuration page allows you to edit the input configuration parameters. To the right of the configuration parameters, you can see a live graph that shows how your configuration options will affect the slope of the input.

Input Name - Name for the input. Three characters are possible.

Line Name - Name of the individual line in the input. Multiple physical inputs can be mapped to one input by adding an additional input line under the input.

Source - The physical control used for the input. In addition to physical controls, you can also specify MAX (always returns 100), MIN (always returns -100), cyclics, trim switches, channel values and more. Moving the physical control after the source has

been selected will automatically map it to that input.

Weight - Percentage value of the stick travel to use (often referred to as "rates"). Long-pressing here will switch from numerical value to a global variable.

Offset - The value added to or subtracted from the input source.


Curve - Specifies the type of curve that will be used. The following curve options exist:

- **Diff** - Multiplies only the range above or below the middle (0) by the specified %.
- **Expo** -The input value is changed exponentially. Increasing the % will result in a gentle slope near the middle(0). Decreasing the % will result in a steep slope near the middle (0). With a % of 0, the slope will be linear.

- **Func** -

Function	Slope Behavior
---	The slope will be linear.
$X > 0$	The range below the middle (0) is always 0. Above the middle (0), the slope is linear.
$X < 0$	The range above the middle (0) is always 0. Below the middle (0), the slope is linear.
$ X $	The range above the middle (0), the reaction is linear. The sign is inverted in the range below the middle (0). The curve draws a V-shaped graph.
$f > 0$	The range above the middle (0) is always +100. The range below the middle (0) is always 0. The output value will always be either 0 or +100.
$f < 0$	The range above the middle (0) is always 0. The range below the middle (0) is always -100. The output value will always be either 0 or -100.
$ f $	The range above the middle (0) is always +100. The range below the middle (0) is always -100. The output value will always be either +100 or -100.

- **Cstm** - assigns a custom-defined curve. See [Curves](#) for more information about custom-defined curves.

 Values for weight, offset and curve % can also be defined by a configured global values
Selecting the **GV** button will display a list of configured global values to select from.

Modes - Specifies which flight modes this input is active for.

Switch - The switch that activates the input line. If no switches are defined, then it is always active.

Side - Specifies the input range for which this line setting is valid. If you select ---, it will be valid in the entire range of Source values. If you select **x>0**, it will be valid in the upper half of the value of Source. If you select **x<0**, it will be valid in the lower half of the value of Source.

Trim - Specifies whether or not to include the trim values in this input. Additionally, you can select a different trim to use for this input.

Pressing the **[PAGE>]** button will take you to the **Mixes** screen.

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Inputs, Mixes & Outputs

Next
Mixes

Last updated 11 months ago

Mixes

The **Mixes** screen is where several Inputs can be combined into one "Channel Mix". These mixes are then assigned to a radio channel for output. This is also the place where switches, knobs or sliders are assigned to a channel for output. Similar to the Input section, it is also possible to assign a weight, offset or curve to a channel mix.



Mixes Page

The **Mixes** screen shows you an overview of your configured mixes. Each row represents a mixer line and displays the following information from left to right: channel, weight, input, mix name switch. These items are described in the [Mixes configuration options](#) area below.

Selecting an empty mix line and pressing **[Enter]** will create a new mix and open the mixes configuration page.

Selecting an existing mix line and pressing **[Enter]** will toggle between **Copy/Paste** mode and **Move** mode. In **Copy/Paste** mode, a copy of the mix line is made, which can be pasted into the desired channel or mix line. In **Move** mode, the selected mix can be moved to a different channel. Press the **[Return]** button to exit this mode.

Selecting an existing mix line and long-pressing **[Enter]** will give you the following options:

- **Edit** - opens the mixes configuration page for that mix line.
- **Insert before** - Inserts a new mix line before the selected mix.
- **Insert after** - Inserts a new mix line after the selected mix.
- **Copy** - copies the selected mix line.

- **Move** - selects the mix line to be moved.
- **Delete** - deletes the selected mix line.



Mixes Configuration Screen

Mixes Configuration Options

The right portion of the mixes configuration page contains a graph that shows the channel range for the mix.

When the **edit** option is selected for a mix, the following configuration options are available:

- **Mix Name** - Name of the mix (optional). Up to 6 characters are allowed.
- **Source** - The source for the mix. In addition to inputs, you can select sticks, pots, sliders, trims, physical and logical switches, heli mixer outputs, trainer import channel values, and other channels.
- **Weight** - Percentage of the source value to use. Long-pressing here will switch from numerical value to a global variable.
- **Offset** - The value added to or subtracted from the source.
- **Trim** - Specifies whether or not to include the trim values in this mix. For the trim values to be included, the trim field for the relevant input must also be enabled on **INPUTS** screen.
- **Curve** - Specifies the type of curve that will be used. See the **curve** section on the [Inputs](#) page for detailed explanations of the different curve types.
- **Switch** - The physical switch that activates this mix line (optional). If no switch is selected, then the mix will be active by default.

- **Warning** -when selected, the radio will beep when this mix is active. You can choose from OFF or beep patterns 1, 2, 3.
- **Multiplex** - The multiplex setting defines how the current mixer line interacts with the others on the same channel. **Add** will add its output to them, **Multiply** will multiply the result of the lines above it, and **Replace** will replace anything that was done before it with its output.
- **Modes** - Specifies which flight modes this mix is active for. Visible modes are active.
- **Delay up** - Creates a time delay in seconds between when the source value increases and when it is output.
- **Delay down** - Creates a time delay in seconds between when the source value decreases and when it is output.
- **Slow prec** (precision) - Changes the precision for Slow up/dn between 0.0 and 0.00.
- **Slow up** - Adjusts the transition speed for source value increases. Specify the time to transition from -100% to + 100% in seconds. You can specify a range from 0.00 seconds to 25.00 seconds.
- **Slow down** - Adjusts the transition speed for source value decreases. Specify the time to transition from -100% to + 100% in seconds. You can specify a range from 0.00 seconds to 25.00 seconds.

Pressing the **[PAGE>]** button will take you to the **Outputs** screen.

Previous
Inputs

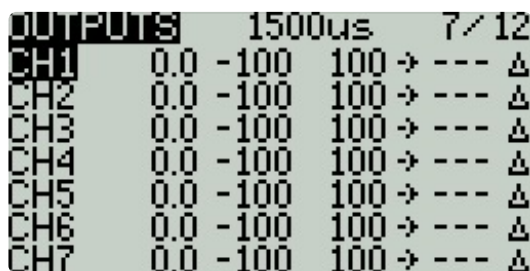
Next
Outputs

Last updated 8 months ago

Outputs

The **Outputs** screen is where final adjustments to the control data are made (including subtrims, curves, endpoint, and center values) before finally sending the control data to the RF module. This is where the channel center, limits (to prevent servo binding) and output direction are set.

❗ A **Trim** is a temporary adjustment to a flight control normally done while in operation with a trim switch. A **Subtrim** is a semi-permanent adjustment to a flight control that is normally configured when setting up the model in the output settings.



OUTPUTS	1500us	7/12
CH1	0.0 -100 100 → --- Δ	
CH2	0.0 -100 100 → --- Δ	
CH3	0.0 -100 100 → --- Δ	
CH4	0.0 -100 100 → --- Δ	
CH5	0.0 -100 100 → --- Δ	
CH6	0.0 -100 100 → --- Δ	
CH7	0.0 -100 100 → --- Δ	

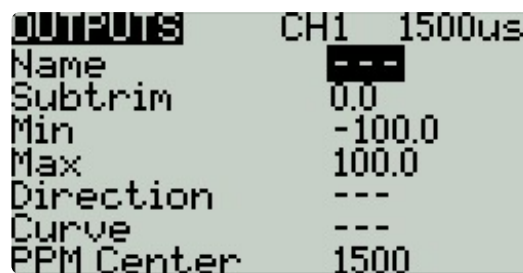
Outputs screen

The output screen shows all the output channels. For each output line, it displays the values for the subtrim, minimum and maximum limits, direction, curve, and subtrim mode. After the last output line is the option **Trims⇒Subtrims**. When this option is selected, it adds the current trim value to the subtrim value for each configured output. The trim value is then reset to zero.

Selecting an output line will give you the following options:

- **Edit** - Opens the output configuration screen.
- **Reset** - Sets the subtrim value back to zero. The trim value is not changed.
- **Cpy Trims → Subtrim** - Adds the current trim value to the subtrim value. The trim value is not changed.
- **Cpy Sticks → Subtrim** - Adds the current value of the stick deflection as the subtrim value.
- **Cpy min/max to all** - Copies the settings in Min / Max field of selected channel to

all other channels.



Outputs	CH1	1500us
Name	---	
Subtrim	0.0	
Min	-100.0	
Max	100.0	
Direction	---	
Curve	---	
PPM Center	1500	

Outputs Configuration page

The output configuration screen has the following configuration options:

- **Name** - Name for the Output up to 6 characters.
- **Subtrim** - The subtrim value (max 100). It can also be set to a global variable by pressing the **[Enter]** button to switch to GV Mode and then selecting the desire global variable.
- **Min** - Minimum output limit. Commonly used to prevent servo binding on models that use servos for the control surfaces.
- **Max** - Maximum output limit. Commonly used to prevent servo binding on models that use servos for the control surfaces.
- **Direction**- Select --- for normal output value, **INV** if you want to invert the output value.
- **Curve** - Specify the custom curve (in any) that you want to use for this output. See **Curves** for more information about custom-defined curves.
- **PPM Center** - Specify the pulse-width value for the center value of the output channel (between 1000 - 2000). Changing this will shift the entire output range, including upper and lower limits.
- **Subtrim mode** - Defines how the subtrim value affects the min/max output values. There are two options:
 - **△ (Center Only)** - Only the center value shifts. The upper and lower limits do not change. The reaction of the stick differs between the upper half and the lower half from midpoint.
 - **= Symmetrical** - Both the upper and lower limits will shift according to the shift of the center value. The reaction of the stick is the same on both sides of the midpoint.

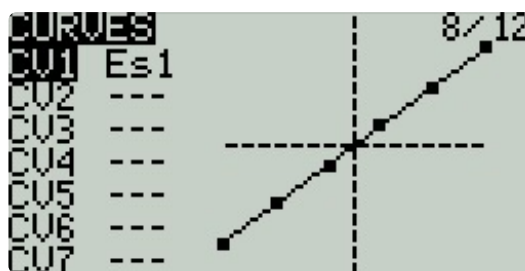
Pressing the **[PAGE>]** button will take you to the **Curves** screen.

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Curves

The **Curves** screen allows you to define custom curves to use in the Inputs, Mixes, or Output screens. The curves screen will show the configured custom curves, with a graphical representation of each curve.



Curves Screen

Selecting one of the curves or empty curve slots will open the configuration page for that curve.



Curves Configuration Screen

Curves Configuration

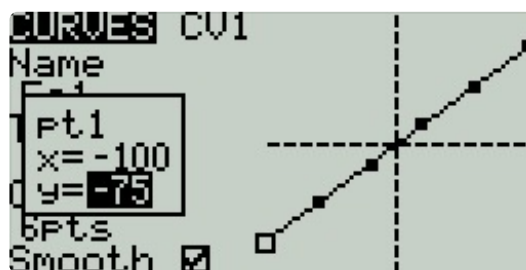
The curve configuration screen has the following configurable options:

- **Name** - Name for the curve. Only 3 characters are possible.
- **Type** - Type of curve: Options are **Standard** and **Custom**
 - **Standard** - Horizontal axis points are fixed values based on the number of points. Vertical axis points are adjustable.
 - **Custom** - Both horizontal and vertical axes are adjustable.
- **Count** - number of points in the curve. Press the **[Enter]** button to modify the

number of points. Long-pressing the **[Enter]** button will give the following additional options:

- **Preset** - Allows you to set the curve to one of the preset slope values (-45 to 45 degrees in 15 degree increments). The curve will have 5 points, and smoothing is not enabled by default.
- **Mirror** - Mirrors the selected curve.
- **Clear** - Clears all curve values from the selected curve.
- **Smooth** - When enabled, connects the points with curved lines instead of straight lines.

Editing Curve Points



Editing Curve Points pop-up

After the last configuration option (Smooth), you will automatically begin to scroll through the configured points on the curve. To change the values of the points, press the **[Enter]** button and then adjust the values as desired. For **Standard** curves, you will only be able to adjust the Y value. For **Custom** curves, you can adjust both the X and Y values.

Pressing the **[PAGE>]** button will take you to the **Logical Switches** screen.

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Outputs

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Logical Switches

Logical Switches

Logical Switches are virtual two-position switches whose values (ON/OFF or +100/-100) are based on the evaluation (true/false) of a defined logical expression. Once configured, logical switches can be used anywhere in EdgeTX that a physical switch can be defined.

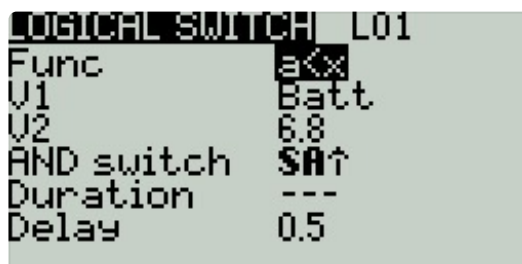
The **Logical Switches** page shows you all the configured logical switches as well as an overview of their configured options.



Logical Switches Screen

Selecting a logic switch will give you the following options:

- **Edit** - Opens the Logical Switches configuration page for the selected logical switch.
- **Copy** - Copies the selected logical switch
- **Paste** - Pastes a copied logical switch onto the selected logical switch. Note: it will overwrite the selected logical switch.
- **Clear** - Deletes all configuration options for the selected logical switch.



Logical Switches Configuration Screen

After selecting to edit a logical switch, you will have the following configuration options:

- **Func** - The logical function that you want to use. See [Logical Switch Functions](#) below for a description of the possible functions you can use.
- **V1** - The first variable in the expression to evaluate.
- **V2** -The second variable in the expression to evaluate.
- **AND switch** - Switch that must be active to allow the logical switch to be evaluated for activation.
- **Duration** - The duration that the logical switch will remain active (true) once meeting activation criteria.
- **Delay** - Delay between when the activation criteria for the logical switch has been met and when the logical switch changes to the activated state (true).

Logical Switch Functions

In the expression, a and b represent sources (sticks, switches, etc.), and x represents the constants (values) to be compared.

Expression	Description
$a=x$	True when the source V1 is exactly the same as the constant V2.
$a\sim x$	True when the source V1 is about the same as the constant V2.
$a>x$	True when the source V1 is greater than the constant V2.
$a<x$	True when the source V1 is less than the constant V2.
$ a >x$	True when the absolute value of the source V1 is greater than the constant V2.
$ a <x$	True when the absolute value of the source V1 is less than the constant V2.
AND	True when both sources V1 and V2 are TRUE.
OR	True when either source V1 or V2 is TRUE.
XOR	True when the source V1 and V2 positions do not match.
	Momentarily true when the source V1 has been active for the defined period of time and then deactivated. The first time field (T1) under V1 is

Expression	Description
Edge	the minimum active duration required for source V1 to activate the logical switch. The second time (T2) is the maximum time allowed for the source V1 to be active for the logic switch to be activated. When T2 is set to --, the logical switch will be true regardless of how long V1 has been active. When T2 is set to 3, if V1 is active for more than 3 seconds, the logical switch will not be set to true when the source is deactivated. When T2 is set to <<, the logical switch will be true when the time conditions in T1 are met without source V1 being deactivated.
a=b	True when source V1 is the same as source V2.
a>b	True if source V1 is greater than source V2.
a<b	True if source V1 is less than source V2.
$\Delta > x$	Momentarily true every time the source V1 changes by more than the amount indicated by the constant V2.
$ \Delta > x$	Momentarily true every time the absolute value of the source V1 changes by more than the amount indicated by the constant V2.
Tim (Timer)	Momentarily true every xxx seconds. Argument V1 is the duration that the logical switch is true (active). Argument V2 is the time between logical switch activations. Repeats timer cycle as long as the defined switch is active.
Stky (Sticky)	"Sticks" true after switch V1 is active (true) and stays active (true) regardless of V1 position until switch V2 is activated (true) and "unsticks" or deactivates (false) the logical switch.

Pressing the **[PAGE>]** button will take you to the **Special Functions** screen.

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Last updated 8 months ago

Special Functions

The **Special Functions** section is where you can configure the special functions that are included in EdgeTX. These special functions add additional functionality beyond normal model controls, such as enabling trainer mode, playing a sound, adjusting the radio backlight, adjusting radio volume, etc. On the special functions screen, you will see all configured special functions as well as some of the configured options such as function name, activation switch, if the function is enabled, and other configuration options.



SPECIAL FUNCTIONS 10/12			
SHT	P14 Trk	fm-acc	- <input type="checkbox"/>
SC-	P19 Trk	fm-hor	- <input type="checkbox"/>
SC↓	P19 Trk	fm-ang	- <input type="checkbox"/>
L02	P19 Trk	lowbat	- <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
L01	Reset	Tmr1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Rud+	Adjust G1	+= 50	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Rud-	Adjust G1	-= 50	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Special Functions

Configuring Special Functions

To configure a special function, select the desired special function row and press the **[Enter]** button. Then, scroll with the **[Roller]** to select the attribute that you want to edit (it will be highlighted) and press the **[Enter]** button to edit it (it will now be blinking). Edit the option by scrolling with the **[Roller]** and pressing the **[Enter]** button to select the desired option. Once all the options are configured, press the **[Return]** button to exit out of editing mode for the special function.

All special functions have the configuration options below. Additional options may be added based on the selected function. See the **Functions** section below for these additional options.

- **Trigger** - The switch or trigger that will make the special function active. Long pressing on this section will allow you to quickly select the category of the switch and filter the results. You can select the following filters: **Switches**, **Trims**, **Logical Switches**, **Other** and **Invert**

- **Function** - The function that will be used. See below for function descriptions.
- **Enable** - Toggle on/off to enable the function. To be able to activate the special function by a switch, it must be enabled. This option is usually the last option listed as a checkbox on the far right of the screen. Disabled special functions will not function regardless of the configured switch position.

Functions

Below are all the available functions in EdgeTX, what they do, as well as what additional configuration options that will be shown when the function is selected.

Override (Channel Override) - Overrides the defined channel with the defined value.

- **CH** - Channel to be overridden
- **Value** - Value to replace the normal channel value. (Range -100 to +100)

Trainer - Enables trainer mode.

- **Value** - Specifies which controls will be given over to the student. Options include **Sticks** (all sticks), **Rud** (Rudder), **Ele** (Elevator), **Thr** (Throttle), **Ail** (Aileron), and **Chans** (all channels).

Inst. Trim (Instant Trim)- Sets all trims to the current values of their respective sticks.

Reset (Reset Timer)- Resets the timer or telemetry specified in the value back to their initial values.

- **Reset** - Options are **Tmr 1**, **Tmr 2**, **Tmr 3**, **All**, and **Telemetry**. See [Reset Telemetry](#) for more information on what data is reset for each option.

Set (Set Timer) - Sets the specified timer to the specified value.

- **Timer** - Options are **Tmr 1**, **Tmr 2**, **Tmr 3**
- **Value** - The range is 00:00:00 to 08:59:59

Adjust (Adjust Global Variable) - Changes the value of the specified global variable.

- **Global var** - Select the global variable that you want to adjust.
- **Mode** - Select the mode to change the global variable. Options are: **Constant**, **Mixer Source**, **Global var**, **Inc/Decrement**. Long-press the **[Enter]** button to select

the mode.

- **Constant** - Sets the specified global variable to the defined constant value.
- **Mixer Source** - Sets the specified global variable to the defined mixer source value.
- **Global Var** - Sets the specified global variable to the defined global variable value.
- **Inc/Decrement** - Increments/decrements the specified global variable by the specified amount.

Volume - Changes the radio volume. The change source is specified in the Volume dropdown.

SetFailsafe - Sets the custom failsafe values for the selected module (Internal/External) to the current stick position when activated. For this option to work, the Failsafe mode for the RF module must be set to **custom**.

Play Sound - Plays the sound selected in the value field when activated.

- **Value** - Sound to play. Possible values are **Beep1/2/3, Warn1/2, Cheep, Ratata, Tick, Siren, Ring, SciFi, Robot, Chirp, Tada, Crickt, AlmClk**. *Note: SD card sound pack is not required.*
- **Repeat** - Frequency to repeat the sound. Options are **!1x** (do not play at startup even if the switch is active), **1x** (play once), **1s** thru **60s** (play every xx seconds).

Play Track - Plays the .wav sound file selected in the value field when activated.

- **Value** - .wav sound file to play from the SD card.
- **Repeat** - Frequency to repeat the track. Options are **!1x** (do not play at startup even if the switch is active), **1x** (play once), **1s** thru **60s** (play every xx seconds).

Play Val - Announces the value of the selected element in the value field.

- **Value** - The source for the value to announce. It can be an input, stick, pot, slider, trim, physical and logical switch, trainer import channel value, global variable, telemetry sensor or channel.
- **Repeat** - Frequency to repeat the announcement. Options are **!1x** (do not announce at startup even if the switch is active), **1x** (announce once), **1s** thru **60s** (announce every xx seconds).

Lua Script - Executes the Lua script defined in the value field. The Lua script must be

located in /SCRIPTS/FUNCTIONS/ folder on the SD card. Lua scripts that display information on the screen cannot be executed with this special function.

- **Value** - LUA script file to play from the SD card.
- **Repeat** - Frequency to repeat the Lua script. Options are: **ON** (repeat indefinitely as long as switch is active) or **1x** (once)

BgMusic - Plays the .wav file selected in the value field on a loop when enabled. The file shall be in the SOUNDS/(language)/ folder on the SD card.

BgMusic II - Temporarily pauses the .wav file playback specified in the **BgMusic**

Vario - Enables the variometer beeping sound for the ascent and descent of the model.

Haptic - Causes the radio to vibrate (haptic feedback) when enabled.

- **Value** - Type of vibration pattern. Options are: 0 - 4.
- **Repeat** - Frequency to repeat the vibration pattern. Options are **!1x** (do not vibrate at startup even if the switch is active), **1x** (vibrate once), **1s** thru **60s** (vibrate every xx seconds).

SD Logs - Creates a log .csv file of the radio and telemetry values in the LOGS folder on the SD Card. The radio will create a new entry into the log file based on the frequency configured in the **Value** setting. The value options are **0.0s - 25.5s** (Note: 0.0 effectively disables this option). Each time the function is activated, the radio will create a new log file provided that the function is activated at least as long as the value setting. **Note:** Logging will not start if SD card has less than 50mb of free space.

Backlight - adjusts the screen contrast (LED screens) or OLED brightness (OLED screens) based on the source defined in the value dropdown.

Screenshot - Creates screenshot as a .bmp file in the SCREENSHOT folder on the SD Card.

RacingMode - Enables racing mode (low latency) for FrSky Archer RS receivers. Racing mode must also be enabled in External RF Module Settings.

Audio Amp Off (select radios) - Disables the Audio Amplifier so that no sound comes from the speaker, including annoying feedback or interference. This option is only

available on select radios.

RGB Led - Executes the selected LED related Lua script on the SD card in the **Scripts** - > **RGBLED** folder.

Pressing the **[PAGE>]** button will take you to the **Telemetry** screen.

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Telemetry

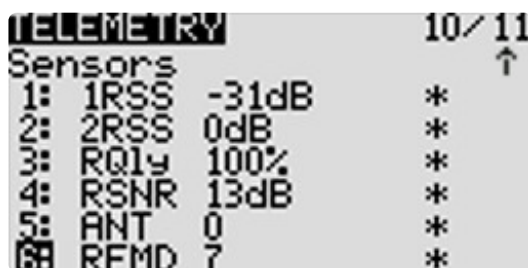
Last updated 8 months ago

Telemetry

Telemetry is data received from the model to the radio from various sensors. These sensors may be included in the radio receiver or flight controller or may be separate sensors, such as GPS, variometer, or magnetometer. The received telemetry data can be displayed by EdgeTX in widgets, configured in alarms or audio call-outs.

The Telemetry screen is where you configure these sensors to use in EdgeTX. Below are the following configuration options:

Sensors



TELEMETRY			10/11
Sensors			↑
1:	1RSS	-31dB	*
2:	2RSS	0dB	*
3:	RQ1y	100%	*
4:	RSNR	13dB	*
5:	ANT	0	*
6:	RFMD	7	*


Sensors portion of the Telemetry screen

All previously configured sensors are listed here. The list is collapsible by clicking on the **arrow icon** to the right side of the **Sensors** label. The number of configured sensors will be displayed in **parentheses**, ex: (6), when the sensor list is collapsed. Sensors that have not received data since the model was loaded or the telemetry values were reset display --- for the values. The asterisk * to the left of the sensor value will flash when the sensor has received a data update. A solid asterisk* indicates that the sensors that are receiving regular updates. Sensors that are no longer receiving regular updates will not be marked with the asterisk*. See [Common Telemetry Sensors](#) for a list of commonly used sensors in EdgeTX.

The following options are listed under the sensor list.

- **Discover New:** When selected, it will look for new sensors on the model and automatically configure them. If the sensor list is collapsed when a new sensor is discovered, the newly found sensor will be visible on the sensor list (old sensors will remain collapsed/hidden).

- **Add New:** When selected, it will create a new blank sensor for that must be configured manually.
- **Delete All:** This option will delete all previously configured sensors.
- **No inst. (ignore instances):** This option prevents multiple sensors from reporting the same telemetry data.

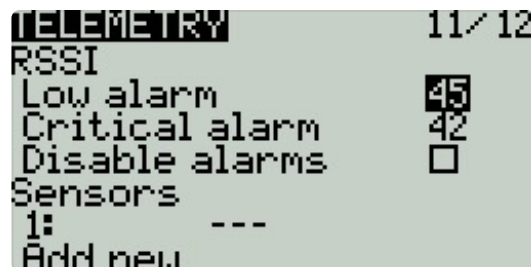
 If no sensors are listed in the sensors section, you may need to select **Discover New** to detect the sensors. Additionally, not all RF protocols transmit telemetry data.

If you long-press the **[Enter]** button for a specific sensor, the following options will be displayed:

- **Edit:** Allows you to edit the sensor's configuration options.
- **Copy:** Creates a copy of that sensor.
- **Delete:** Deletes that sensor.

See the [Sensor Configuration](#) page for a detailed description of all the configuration options for setting up or editing sensors.

RX Status



RSSI Portion of Telemetry screen


Here you can configure the threshold for the RX alarms. The Rx-Stats label will change (Rx-Stats, RSSI, Rqly, Sgnl) depending on the protocol that is used with the model.

- **Low alarm** - The threshold value when the "RF signal low" voice prompt will be played. The recommended value is 45.
- **Critical alarm** - The threshold value when the "RF signal critical" voice prompt will be played. The recommended value is 42.
- **Disable telemetry alarms** - When enabled, no alarm voice prompts will be played.

Variometer

```
TELEMETRY 11/12
Add new
Delete all
No inst. ■
Vario
Source ---
Range -10 10
Center -0.5 0.5 Tone
```

A variometer detects changes in the model altitude. EdgeTX can alert the user of these altitude changes by providing a rising/lower pitched tone. Use the **Variometer** menu on the Radio Setup page to set the actual frequency and volume of the tone to be played. The following options exist to configure the variometer alarm.

 You will need to use a **Vario** Special or Global Function to enable this functionality!

- **Source** - Specifies the sensor to use as the variometer. It is selected from the telemetry sensors added in **Sensors** section.
- **Range** - Specifies the ascent/descent range that will trigger the change in the Variometer beeping pitch. If climb/descent rate is within the range specified here, beeping pitch will change according to that value. When it goes beyond the range specified here, beeping pitch will stop changing. Units are meters/second or feet/second based on the **Units** setting on the **Radio Setup** page.
- **Center** - Specify the range for ignoring changes in climb/descent rates. When the climb/descent rate is within the range specified here, the beeping pitch will not change.
- **Tone/Silent** - Specifies whether to beep when climb/descent rate is within the range specified by **Center**.

Pressing the **[PAGE>]** button will take you to the **Display** screen.

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Special Functions

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Sensor Configuration

Sensor Configuration

SENSOR 1	0
Name	---
Type	Custom
ID	0000 1
Source	Internal
Unit	-
Precision	0.--
Ratio	-

Sensor Configuration page

The below options can be configured for sensors:

- **Name:** Name of the sensor - up to 4 characters.
- **Type:** Options are **custom** or **calculated**. Custom sensors are defined by the hardware. Calculated sensors are a sensors whose value is calculated using other sensors values. See below for more information on calculated sensors.
- **ID:** This number indicates what type of sensore it is. It contains two parts. The first part is the ID number which defines the sensor type. The second part is the instance number for the hardware. If multiple sensors of the same type are configures, the instance numbers must be unique.
- **Unit:** The unit for the sensor. This unit is used when the sensor value is displayed on the screen or read aloud.
- **Precision:** Specifies the number of digits after the decimal point when the sensor value is displayed on the screen. The number is truncated based on this setting.
- **Ratio:** Specifies the ratio value to multiply with the sensor value as needed by some sensors.
- **Offset:** Specifies the offset value to add to the sensor value.
- **Auto Offset:** When selected, the first received value is used as offset. You can use the [Reset telemetry](#) option to reset the offset on already configured sensors.
- **Positive:** When selected, the value of the sensor will be displayed only when it is a positive number. Displays zero when the sensor value becomes a negative number.
- **Filter:** When selected, the sensor value becomes a rolling average of the last 5 received values.

- **Logs:** When selected, the value of this sensor will be saved in the log file. SD Card logging is configured in Special Functions or Global Functions.

Calculated sensors contain the additional configuration options:

- **Formula:** Type of calculation to use. Options include:
 - **Add:** Add the values of up to 4 designated sensors.
 - **Average:** Calculates the average value of up to four designated sensors.
 - **Minimum:** Find the minimum value of up to 4 designated sensors.
 - **Maximum:** Find the maximum value of up to 4 designated sensors.
 - **Multiply:** Multiplies the value of 2 sensors.
 - **Totalize:** Calculate the cumulative value of one sensor.
 - **Cell:** This is the formula for FrSKY Lipo battery sensor. It displays cell voltage specified by the number in "Cell index" field.
If you specify "Lowest" in "Cell index" field, the voltage of the cell with the lowest is displayed.
If you specify "Highest" in "Cell index" field, the voltage of the cell with the highest is displayed.
If you specify "Delta" in "Cell index" field, the voltage difference between lowest and highest cell is displayed
 - **Consumpt:** Calculates the power consumption (mAh) by cumulatively add the values of current sensor.
 - **Distance:** Calculates the distance between the receiver and the radio using GPS sensor and altimeter values.
- **Source 1, 2, 3, 4:** The sensors that will provide the argument values that are used in the formula defined above.
- **Persistent:** When selected the sensor values will be saved when switching between models or powering down the radio.

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Telemetry](#)


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Common Telemetry Sensors](#)

Common Telemetry Sensors

The following sensors are commonly used and normal automatically detected by EdgeTX:

Name	Description	Data source
1RSS	Received signal strength antenna 1 (RSSI)	Receiver
2RSS	Received signal strength antenna 2 (RSSI)	Receiver
Rqly	Receiver link quality (valid packets)	Receiver
RSNR	Receiver signal-to-noise ratio	Receiver
RFMD	Receiver packet rate	Receiver
TPWR	Transmitter transmitting power	Transmitter
TRSS	Transmitter signal strength antenna	Transmitter
TQly	Transmitter link quality (valid packets)	Transmitter
TSNR	Transmitter signal-to-noise ratio	Transmitter
ANT	Sensor for debugging only	Transmitter
GPS	GPS Coordinates	GPS / Flight Controller
Alt	GPS Altitudes	GPS / Flight Controller
Sats	GPS Satellites acquired	GPS / Flight Controller
Hdg	Magnetic orientation	GPS / Flight Controller

Name	Description	Data source
RXBt	Battery voltage	Flight Controller
Curr	Current draw	Flight Controller
Capa	Current consumption	Flight Controller
Ptch	FC Pitch angle	Flight Controller
Roll	FC Roll angle	Flight Controller
Yaw	FC Yaw angle	Flight Controller
FM	Flight mode	Flight Controller
VSPD	Vertical Speed	Flight Controller w/ Baro

 Each sensor has two auto generated sensors for their minimum and maximum values. They share the same name with a negative and positive symbol added to the end. For example: **RXBt +** This displays the maximum value that the sensor attained during the flight. Using the [Reset Telemetry](#) or Flight function will reset this value to 0.

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Sensor Configuration

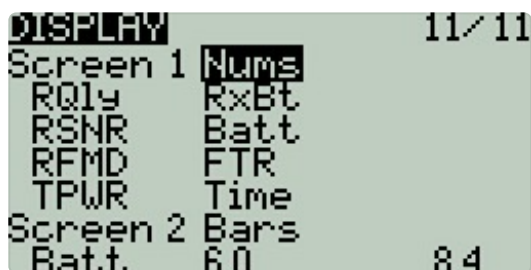
Next
Display

Display

The **Display** screen is where you configure the telemetry screens shown when pressing the **[Tele]** button from the main screen.

You can configure up to Four telemetry screens. You can choose one of the following display types for each screen:

Nums (Numbers) - The *numbers* type displays the number value of the selected telemetry sensor or other configured object. The screen will be divided into two columns with four rows - each cell can display the data from a different sensor or object. On the display screen, the top bar will show the model name, radio battery voltage, and time in addition to the configured cells. If **Timer1** is configured in the model, then it will replace the model name in the top bar.

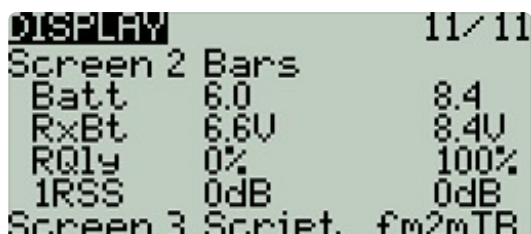


Display Numbers Configuration



Display Screen with Numbers

Bars - The *Bars* type displays a bar graph representing the value of the selected telemetry sensor or other configured object. The screen will be divided into four rows - each row can display the data from a different sensor or object. For each sensor, you must define the minimum and maximum values for the bars. On the display screen, the top bar will show the model name, radio battery voltage, and time in addition to the configured cells. If **Timer1** is configured in the model, then it will replace the model name in the top bar. Additionally, a 5th bar will be shown at the bottom with the RSSI value.



Screen 4 None

Display Bars Configuration

RSSI : 99

Display Screen with Bars

Script- The **Script** type executes the telemetry Lua script that is configured. The telemetry Lua script must be located in the SD card folder: SD Card→Scripts->Telemetry in order to be available to be configured.

DISPLAY 11/11
Screen 1 Script fm2mTB
Screen 2 None
Screen 3 None
Screen 4 None

Display Script Configuration

D7.8 Roxanne XFLY
VTX type not set STAB RQLY
23 23-01-29 Timer1
6.6v 12:44 00:00
3.3 00 -- +99

Display Screen with fm2m Lua Script

① Additional Lua scripts for EdgeTX can be found here: <https://github.com/EdgeTX/lua-scripts>

To configure the screens, scroll to the screen you want to configure and then press the **[Enter]** button. Then scroll to select the type of screen that you want to use and press the **[Enter]** button to select it. Depending on the selected screen type, you can then configure the telemetry objects for each cell by scrolling to the desired object and selecting it by pressing the **[Enter]** button. After all desired cells are configured, press the [Return] button to exit out of the configuration menu.

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Common Telemetry Sensors

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Radio Settings

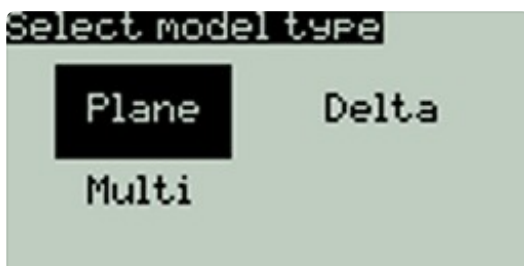
Radio Settings

Tools

Pressing the **[SYS]** button from the Main view will open the **Tools** screen.

The **Tools** page in Radio Settings is where you can select Lua script-based tools for execution. Lua scripts that are located on the SD card in the **Tools** folder will be listed here. Selecting a tool will execute it. By default, EdgeTX includes several tools. Other tools can be downloaded and added to the SD card as well. The following tools are included in the default EdgeTX SD card.

Wizard Loader




Setup Wizard



Setup Wizard Configuration menu

The Wizard Loader tool assists you in setting up a new model by running a setup wizard for a particular model type. Once the model type is selected, the wizard will take you through a series of prompts and then configure your selected model based on the information provided.

NOTE: The wizard does not create a new model, it only configures the currently selected model. You must manually create a new model first and then run the wizard. If you run this wizard on an already configured model, it will overwrite your model settings!

 Additional EdgeTX compatible Lua scripts can be downloaded from:
<https://github.com/EdgeTX/lua-scripts>

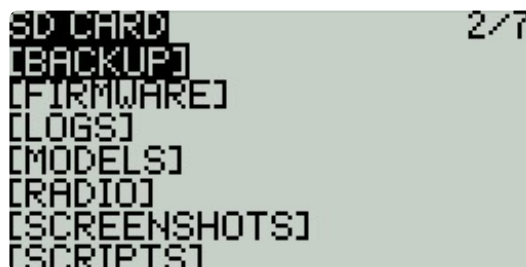
Pressing the **[PAGE>]** button will take you to the **SD Card** screen.

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SD Card



SD Card Screen

The **SD Card** screen shows you the contents of your SD card, allows you to navigate the folders and interact with the files in the folders. All folders contain a README.txt file that describes what type of files belong in this folder. After selecting a file in one of the folders, you will be presented with some of the options below, depending on the file type that was selected:

- **Assign bitmap** - Assigns the selected image file as the model image of the currently selected model.
- **Copy** - Copies the selected file.
- **Delete** - Deletes the selected file.
- **Execute** - Executes a Lua script. Used for files ending in **.lua**
- **Flash [target]**- Flashes the selected firmware file to the select target module. Examples: Flash Bootloader, Flash Internal Multi.
- **Paste** - Pastes the copied file.
- **Play** - Plays the selected sound file.
- **Rename** - Renames the file.
- **View text** - Views the selected **.txt**, **.csv**, and **.lua** files.

The folders listed on the SD card screen are the same as what you will see when connecting your radio to your computer. Below are the folder names and explanations for all the folders that come with the default EdgeTX SD Card.

BACKUP

The backup folder contains model files for models that were backed up from the EEPROM. This folder will only be present on radios that store the model files in EEPROM.

FIRMWARE


Place the firmware files that you want to flash in this folder. This folder is empty by default (except for the readme.txt file). When selecting a .bin file you will be given the option to flash the firmware to a particular module. Also, only firmware files in this location will be visible from the bootloader menu.

IMAGES

NOTE: This folder is only used for radios with 212×64 displays.

Place your custom model image files in this folder. This folder is empty by default (except for the readme.txt file). Selecting an image file will give you the option to **Assign Bitmap**, which assigns the selected image file as the model image of the currently selected model.

The ideal image size for *model images* is 64×32 pixels. The picture format should be .bmp The image file name should not exceed 9 characters and the image formatting should be 4 bit indexed colored mode.

 <https://www.skyraccoon.com/> has a large repository of free image files that can be used with EdgeTX.

LOGS

This is where the log files that are configured in the [special function SD Logs](#) are written. These files can be viewed with the **View text** option. This folder is empty by default (except for the readme.txt file).

MODELS


This is where the model files, label information, and preflight checklists are stored. Each model will have a **model[#].yaml** file that contains all configured options.

Models that are deleted via the radio will be moved to the **DELETED** folder that is included in this folder. The remaining model files are what will be visible on the **Model Select** screen.

If you have configured the **Display checklist** option in model settings, the model notes file goes in this folder. The model notes file must be a .txt file and must have the EXACT same name as the model it is for, for example: Mobula6.txt. The text in the file is up to the user.

RADIO

This folder contains the **radio.yaml** file. This file contains all the radio configuration data. If this file is corrupted or missing, the radio will go into **Emergency Mode** and will create a new radio.yaml file with the default settings.

 If the radio.yaml file is manually edited, the **manuallyEdited:** tag must be set to **1** in the radio.yaml file or the radio will think it is corrupted, go into **Emergency Mode** and will create a new radio.yaml file with the default settings. The original .yaml file will be saved in the folder.

SCREENSHOTS

This is where the screenshot image files that are configured in the [special function Screenshot](#) are written. This folder is empty by default (except for the readme.txt file).

SCRIPTS

This folder and its subfolders are where the Lua scripts get placed. It contains the following sub-folders by default. You can download additional Lua scripts from <https://github.com/EdgeTX/lua-scripts>.

- **Functions** - This folder is where the functions Lua scripts that can be activated by the [special function Lua Script](#) must be placed. This folder is empty by default (except for the readme.txt file). More information about function Lua scripts can

be found here: [Function Scripts](#).

- **Mixes** - This folder is where the Lua mixer scripts shall be placed. This folder is empty by default (except for the readme.txt file). More information about Mixer Lua scripts can be found here: [Custom Mixer Scripts](#)
- **RGBLED** - This folder is where Lua scripts that control the RGB Leds (if hardware available) are stored.
- **Tools** - Contains the Lua scripts that are available in the [Tools](#) screen.
- **Wizards** - Contains the Wizard Lua scripts that are available in the [Tools](#) screen.


SOUNDS

This folder is where the EdgeTX sound packs for your radio get placed. The sound packs are language-specific and correlate to the **Voice language** option in **Radio Setup**. Selecting a sound file from this folder will give you the option **Play**, which plays the selected sound file.

Sound packs are available for manual download at:

<https://github.com/EdgeTX/edgetx-sdcard-sounds/releases>. It is also possible to create custom sounds to use in EdgeTX. For your custom sounds to be playable by EdgeTX ensure that they meet the following criteria:

- File Name: 123456.wav (up to 6 characters plus .wav)
- Sample Rate: 32 kHz (or 16 Khz, 8Khz)
- Bits / Sample: 16 (or 8)
- Tracks: 1, mono
- Compression Codec: PCM

 For a demonstration video of how to make your own custom sounds that will work with EdgeTX, check out: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DqF7HUsFrnE>

Pressing the **[PAGE>]** button will take you to the **Radio Setup** screen.

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Radio Setup



Radio Setup

The **Radio Setup** screen is where you configure basic settings for your radio. It contains the following options:

Date - The current date. This date is used for the SD card log files.

Time - The current time. This time is used for the SD card log files.

Batt. range - Sets the maximum and minimum voltage for the battery meter. This should be set based on the type of battery you are using.



Sound Settings

Sound

Mode - configures when to play sounds.

- **All** - Beeps when the buttons are pressed and sounds are played when there are alerts or warnings.
- **No Key** - No beeps when buttons are pressed or the scroll wheel is turned but does play sounds when there are alerts or warnings. Also plays sounds triggered

by special functions.

- **Alarm** - Only plays alarm or warning sounds. Also plays sounds triggered by special functions.
- **Quiet** - No Beeps or sounds are played.

Volume - The master volume for the radio.

Beep Volume - Self-explanatory

Beep Length - Self-explanatory

Beep Pitch - Self-explanatory

Wav volume - The volume for alerts and warnings and sounds that are played with the **Play track** special function

Bg volume - The volume for background .wav files (music) that are played with the **BGMusic** special function



Variometer Settings


Vario (Variometer)

Volume - Volume for variometer beeps

Pitch zero - Low pitch frequency

Pitch max - High pitch frequency

Repeat Zero - The time before the tone repeats in milliseconds

 Note: In order for the variometer to function, it must be turned on via the **Vario** special or global function. See [Special Functions](#) for more information on how to configure this.





Haptic Settings

Haptic

Mode - configures when the radio vibrates.

- **All** - Vibrates when the buttons are pressed and when there are alerts or warnings.
- **No Key** - No vibrations when buttons are the pressed or scroll wheel is turned but does vibrate when there are alerts or warnings.
- **Alarm** - Only vibrates for alarms or warning sounds.
- **Quiet** - No vibrations are made

Length - Duration of vibration.

Strength - Strength of vibration



Alarms Settings

Alarms

Battery Low - Voltage to trigger low battery alarm.

Inactivity - Time to trigger inactivity warning.

Memory low - Enable/disable low memory warning.

Sound Off - An "alarms disabled" visual warning is displayed when the transmitter is turned on if the sound mode is set to quiet.

RSSI Shutdown - Checks if a receiver is still connected to the radio on attempted shutdown. Makes a audio and visual alert if one is detected.



Mode	Both
Duration	10s
Brightness	100
Alarm	<input type="checkbox"/>

Backlight Settings

Backlight

Mode

- **Off** – Always off.
- **Keys** – Turns on when buttons are pressed.
- **Ctrl** – Turns on when sticks, switches, and knobs are used.
- **Both** – Turns on when buttons, sticks, switches, and knobs are used.
- **ON** – Always on.

Duration - The length in seconds that the backlight is on. The minimum value is 5 seconds. The maximum value is 600 seconds.

Brightness - Adjusts the screen backlight brightness level.

Alarm - The backlight turns on when there are alarms or warnings.

RADIO SETUP	3/6
Contrast	20
Splash screen	---
Startup Sound	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Pwr On delay	0s
Pwr Off delay	0s
Owner ID	*
Time zone	2800

Contrast - For LCD displays, adjusts the screen contrast setting. For OLED displays, adjusts the OLED brightness level.

Splash Screen - Duration to display the splash screen.

Startup Sound - Toggles whether to enable/disable startup sound.

Power On delay - The delay between when the power button is pushed and when the radio turns on. The options are: **0s, 1s, 2s, 3s**

Pwr Off delay - The delay between when the power button is pushed and when the

radio shuts off. The options are: **0s, 1s, 2s, 3s, 4s**. *It is recommended to set at least a 1s delay in order to prevent the radio from being shut off in the case of an accidental button press.*

Owner ID - Custom registration ID used only for users with ISRM modules.

Time Zone - The time offset from UTC where the radio is being used. Can be configured in 15 minute increments.



Adjust RTC - Adjust the transmitter's real-time clock to match the time determined by the GPS.

GPS Coords - The GPS coordinate format that will be displayed.

Country code - Used by some RF modules to ensure adherence to local regulatory RF requirements. Options are **America, Japan, Europe**.

Voice language - Language for the voice pack. This setting and the voice pack folder on the SD card must match for the sounds to be played.

Units - Units of measure. Options are **metric** or **imperial**.

PPM Units - Level of accuracy for PPM values are displayed. Options are **0.-** or **0.0**

Play delay (sw. mid pos) - The minimum time in milliseconds a switch must be in the middle position before a special function will get activated. This is used to prevent the middle position from being activated on a three-position switch when switching from low position to high position.



USB Mode - Sets the default action when a USB cable is plugged into the USB data

port and the radio is powered on. Options are: **Ask**, **Joystick**, **Storage**, and **Serial**.

Def Chan Ord - The default channel order for new models and the trainer screen. The letters stand for: **A** = Aileron, **E** = Elevator, **T** = Throttle, **R** = Rudder. Changing this setting does not affect existing models. On Surface Radios, the letters stand for **S**=Steering, **T**=Throttle.

RotEnc Mode (Rotary Encoder Mode) - Sets the direction of the rotary encode for the Roller. The options are:

- **Normal** (default)
- **Inverted** = Reverses the direction of the roller
- **V-I H-N** = Vertical Inverted, Horizontal Normal
- **V-I H-A** = Vertical Inverted, Horizontal Alternate (Inverted)
- **V-N E-I** = Vertical Normal, Edit Inverted (inverted when editing text)


Mode - The stick mode that will be used for the transmitter. Defined by what actions the left stick takes. The options are:

Option	Left stick H	Left stick V	Right stick H	Right stick V
1: Left = Rud+Ele	Rudder (Yaw)	Elevato r (Pitch)	Aileron (Roll)	Throttle
2: Left = Rud+Thr	Rudder (Yaw)	Throttle	Aileron (Roll)	Elevato r (Pitch)
3: Left = Ail+Ele	Aileron (Roll)	Elevato r (Pitch)	Rudder (Yaw)	Throttle
4: Left = Ail+Thr	Aileron (Roll)	Throttle	Rudder (Yaw)	Elevato r (Pitch)



Enabled Features

The **Enabled Features** section of Radio Setup allows you to configure the **Global settings** for which tabs are visible in the Radio Setup and Model Settings area of EdgeTX. The configuration setting for the active model will show to the right of the checkbox. The model configuration will override the global configuration.

 **Note:** Turning off a tab only hides the tab and does not change the items already configured in that tab.

EXCEPTION: Turning off the Global / Special Functions tab will disable configured global / special functions for that model.

Pressing the **[PAGE>]** button will take you to the **Global Functions** screen.

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Global Functions

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Global Functions

Global functions are special functions that apply to all models on the Radio. They are configured exactly as model **Special Functions** and the same functions are available. For more information about configuring Global Functions, refer to the [Special Functions](#) section as they are essentially the same.

Pressing the **[PAGE>]** button will take you to the **Trainer** screen.

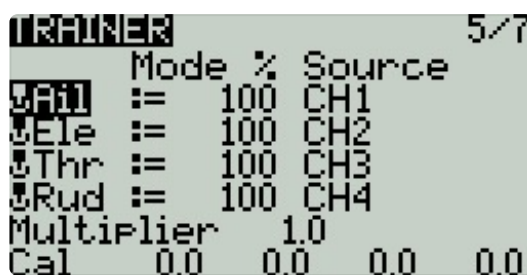
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Trainer

The **Trainer** screen in Radio Settings is used to configure how the radio in Master mode will handle the signals from the radio in Slave mode. It contains the below configuration options.



TRAINER				5/7
	Mode	%	Source	
Ail	:=	100	CH1	
Ele	:=	100	CH2	
Thr	:=	100	CH3	
Rud	:=	100	CH4	
Multiplier		1.0		
Cal	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Trainer Cscreen in Radio Settings


For each of the four main control inputs (Ail, Ele, Thr, Rud), the following options can be configured (for each row, from left to right).

Mode - How the radio in Master mode will handle the signals from the radio in Slave mode.

- **OFF** - Stick values from the radio in Master mode will be used - no input from the radio in Slave mode.
- **+=** Adds the stick values from both the radios in Master and Slave modes.
- **:=** Replaces the stick values from the radio in Master mode with the stick values from the radio in Slave mode. (Default)
- **Weight** - Percentage of stick travel to use of the radio in Slave mode. Use negative values to change the stick direction.
- **Source channel** - The channel from the radio in Slave mode that is mapped the control input.

Multiplier - This value changes the weight of all the sticks together.

Cal (calibrate)- Sets the center stick value of the radio in Slave mode.

 The trim from the radio in Master mode is usually used. Set the trims on the radio in Slave

mode to their center.

① The radio in Master mode is the one that gets bound to the model receiver.

① A virtual trainer switch (**Tnr**) can be selected as switch to activate a special function or curve. The switch is ON when the trainer link is active.

Pressing the **[PAGE>]** button will take you to the **Hardware** screen.

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Hardware

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Hardware

The **Hardware** screen is where you configure hardware specific-settings for your radio. It shows all physical hardware objects (sticks, pots, switches) and allows for their modifications. It is also where you can calibrate your sticks and pots. It also contains additional configuration options.



Hardware Screen

Calibration

To calibrate your physical radio controls (sticks, pots, sliders, & 6-position switch), highlight the **[Calibration]** option and press the **[Enter]** button. The radio will prompt you through the calibration steps.

- ① For your gimbal calibration, use a left-to-right & up-to-down movement for the gimbals, not a circular movement! Additionally, use the normal amount of pressure at the endpoints. Excessive endpoint pressure will cause the gimbal to be miscalibrated. Also, do not forget to calibrate your 6-position switch!

Inputs, Sticks, Pots, and Switches Buttons List

Selecting one of the Axis, Pots, or Switches lines from the list will allow you to add a 3 character label to the control as well as change the type of control as needed.

Additionally, you can invert the direction of the Pots by selecting the →

Additional hardware configuration options



Hardware Screen

Batt. Calib (Battery Calibration) - Set this value to match the transmitter battery voltage. This ensures that the displayed battery voltage is accurate.


RTC Batt - The current voltage of the RTC battery. The RTC (real time clock) battery keeps the radio's date and time accurate even when no main radio battery is present.

Check RTC - When enabled, checks the RTC battery at startup and warns you if the battery voltage is low.

Audio Mute - When enabled, puts the transmitter in mute mode until a sound needs to be played. This prevents interference noise from high-powered TX modules from coming out of the transmitter speakers.


Internal RF Type - Select the module type for the internal module bay. Options are: **Multi**, **XJT**, **ISRM**, **CRSF**. When **CRSF** is selected, you can also select the baud rate. You can read more about baud rates [here](#).

Sample Mode (External RF)- Options are **Normal** and **OneBit**. The default setting of **Normal** should be used by most users. Only users of X9D+ and X7 radios may want to use **OneBit** mode.

 The X9D+ and X7 radios have a slow inverter that causes problems with the reception of fast UART signals, resulting in telemetry warnings and issues with LUA scripts using the CRSF protocol. A 10k resistor on the circuit board could be replaced to fix the issue, but

this was not always effective. EdgeTX has developed OneBit Mode, which changes the UART sampling behavior to ignore slow leading edges, allowing the CRSF protocol to be run at the full 400k baud rate without hardware modifications to the radio.

Bluetooth

 **Note:** This option is only visible on custom compiled versions of EdgeTX with the **Bluetooth** flag enabled.

Mode - mode that the bluetooth module will be used in. The options are:

- --- - Off
- **Telemetry** - used for sending telemetry data over bluetooth.
- **Trainer** - used for bluetooth trainer mode

Once a mode is selected, you will see the following information:

- **PIN Code** - PIN code for bluetooth device in the radio (visible in **Telemetry** mode only)
- **Local addr** - Identifying address of the bluetooth device in the radio.
- **Dist addr** - Identifying address of bluetooth device that radio is connected to.


Name - the name the bluetooth device will be seen as.

Serial Port - Displays a list of available auxiliary serial ports that can be configured and used. The listed ports are based on the ports that are available in the particular radio hardware. The ports listed below are for example only and may not be present in your radio.

- **AUX1** - First available auxiliary serial port can be configured with the below options:
 - **OFF** - Turned off.
 - **Telem Mirror** - The same telemetry data that goes to the external module bay is sent to the serial port.
 - **Telemetry In** - Receive telemetry data over the serial port.
 - **SBUS Trainer** - Connect the Instructor and Student radios over the serial port.
 - **LUA** - Send/receive data to/from Lua script.

- **GPS** - Receive GPS telemetry data over the serial port.
- **CLI** - Send commands to the radio via the command line.
- **USB-VCP** - Virtual COM Port. This is one of the options presented when connecting your radio to the PC with most radios. Is often set to 'CLI' for radios with internal ExpressLRS RF modules in order to do firmware updates.

ADC Filter - Enables or disables the ADC Filter. This filter can also be enabled/disabled per model in the model settings.

 The ADC filter is a filter for the proportional channels (sticks, pots, sliders), smoothing out smaller fast movements that occur due to noise in the system electronics. Normally, this filter should be *disabled* for models with flight controllers.

RAS - (Formerly SWR) Reflected antenna signal. Lower numbers are better, with a 1:1 ratio being theoretically the best. Not supported by all RF Protocols.

Debug

The debug section allows for testing and debugging of the analog controls and keys.

```

CALIBRATED ANALOGS
Sticks/Pots/Sliders
A1: 0000    0 A2: 6451%-100
A3: 0000    0 A4: 0000    0
A5: 0167    16 A6: 0019    1
  
```

Debug Analogs screen

```

SWITCHES
RTN  0 SA↑
ENTER 0 SB↑
PGUP  0 SC↑
PGDN  0 SD↑
SYS   0
MDL   0
TELE  0 R.E. -1

Trim - +
↑ ↓ 0 0
↑ ↓ 0 0
↑ ↓ 0 0
↑ ↓ 0 0
  
```

Debug Keys screen

Debug Analogs - These screens will show you the data for your analog controls (Sticks, Sliders, Pots, 6-position switch). There are two views - Calibrated Analogs, Raw Analogs (5 Hz).

Debug Keys - This screen will show you the digital data for your keys, switches, trims, and the rotary encoder (roller).

Pressing the **[PAGE>]** button will take you to the **Version** screen.

Trainer

Next
Version

Last updated 8 months ago

Version

Version

The **Version** screen displays information about the current EdgeTX version that is being used:

```

VERSION 7/7
FW : edgetx-zorro
VERS: v2.8.0
NAME: FlyingDutchman
DATE: 2022-11-25 11:59:31

[Firmware options]
[Modules / RX version]
    
```

Version Screen

- **FW** - Firmware name
- **VERS** - Firmware version
- **NAME**: Firmware Codename
- **DATE** - Date & time the firmware was compiled


Firmware Options

To view the build options that were enabled when compiled, highlight the **[Firmware options]** options and press the **[Enter]** button.

```

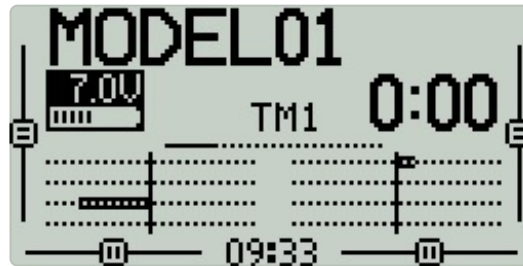
FIRMWARE OPTIONS
crossfire, ghost,
internalmulti,
internalaccess,
multimodule, luac,
passthrough, cli
    
```

Firmware Options Screen

 A complete list of build options can be found [here](#):

Modules / RX Version

To view the Modules / RX Version information about the activated RX modules for the currently selected model, highlight the **[Modules / RX Version]** option and press the **[Enter]** button.



Modules / RX Version Screen

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Access DFU and Bootloader Mode

Not all radios go into Bootloader or DFU mode the same way. Below you will find descriptions how to get into Bootlader and DFU mode for many EdgeTX radios.

BETAFPV LiteRadio 3 Pro



BETAFPV LiteRadio 3 Pro Bootloader and DFU Button

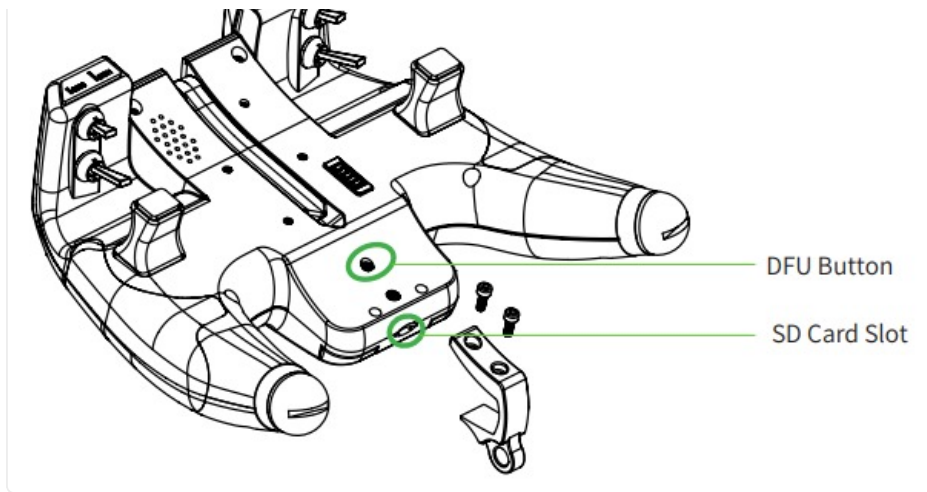
Bootloader: Turn off the radio transmitter. Press the Bootloader button and Power button, release at the same time.

DFU: Turn off the radio transmitter. Press and hold the DFU button and plug in the USB cable, release the DFU button.

Note: In early versions of the LiteRadio 3 Pro, the DFU button was non-functional, which prevented DFU mode from being enabled. However, in the current version of the radio, the DFU button has been fixed and is now working correctly.

FlySky NV14 / EL18



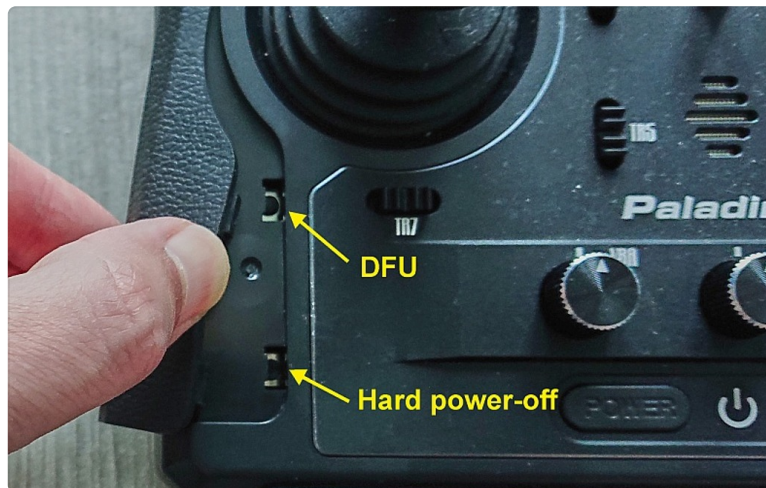


FlySky NV14/EL18 DFU button

Bootloader: Turn off the radio transmitter. Pull both trims inward and press both power buttons.

DFU: Turn off the radio transmitter. Press and hold the DFU button and plug in the USB cable, release the DFU button.

FlySky PL18 / PL18 EV



PL18 PL18 EV DFU Button

Bootloader: Turn off the radio transmitter. Pull both horizontal trims (TR7 and TR8) together and press both power buttons.

DFU: Turn off the radio transmitter. Press and hold the DFU button and plug in the USB cable, release the DFU button.

iFlight Commando8



iFlight Commando8 Boot Button

Bootloader: Turn off the radio transmitter. Press the Boot button and Power button, release at the same time.

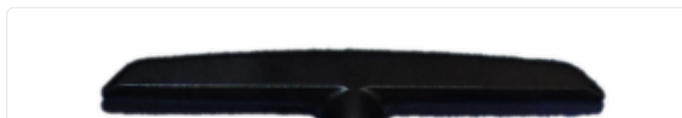
DFU: Turn off the radio transmitter. Connect the USB cable from your computer to your radio. Hold down the Boot button, then push and hold the Power button. The screen will stay dark, the LEDs will run from left to right. Radio is now in DFU mode.

Jumper T12/T16/T18

Bootloader: Turn off the radio transmitter. Pull both horizontal trim switches together and press the power button.

DFU: Turn off the radio transmitter. Plug in the USB cable to the USB port on the top of the radio.

Jumper T12 MAX



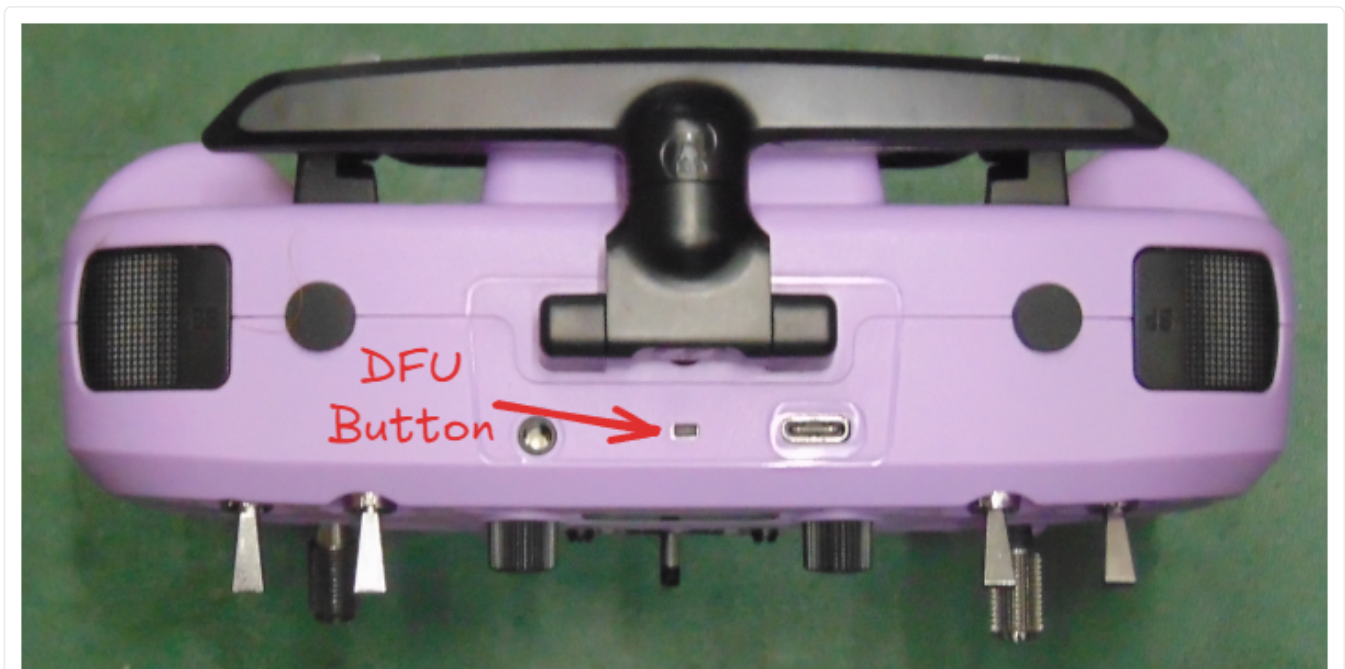


Jumper T12 MAX DFU Button

Bootloader: Turn off the radio transmitter. Pull both horizontal trim switches together and press the power button.

DFU: Turn off the radio transmitter. Press and hold the DFU button and plug in the USB cable, release the DFU button.

Jumper T14/T15



Jumper T14/T15 DFU Button

Bootloader: Turn off the radio transmitter. Pull both horizontal trim switches together and press the power button.

DFU: Turn off the radio transmitter. Press and hold the DFU button and plug in the USB cable, release the DFU button.

Jumper T-20/T-20S



Jumper T-20 v1 DFU Button

- ⓘ Note: To access the DFU button on v1, remove the antenna. For v2, use a toothpick to gently push the button to avoid damage.





Jumper T-20 v2 DFU Button

Bootloader: Turn off the radio transmitter. Push both trim hat switches inward together and press the power button.

DFU: Turn off the radio transmitter. Press and hold the DFU button and plug in the USB cable, release the DFU button.

Jumper T-Lite

Bootloader: Turn off the radio transmitter. Push both the two inner horizontal trim buttons together and press the power button.

DFU: Turn off the radio transmitter. Plug in the USB cable.

Jumper T-Pro / T-Pro V2



Jumper T-Pro DFU Button

Bootloader: Turn off the radio transmitter. Push both trim hat switches inward together and press the power button.

DFU: Turn off the radio transmitter. Press and hold the DFU button and plug in the USB cable, release the DFU button.

RadioMaster MT12

Bootloader: Turn off the radio transmitter. Pull both trims T1 and T2 together and press the power button.

DFU: Turn off the radio transmitter. Plug in the USB cable to the side USB port (under the rubber cover).

RadioMaster Pocket

Bootloader: Turn off the radio transmitter. Push both trim hat switches inward together and press the power button.

DFU: Turn off the radio transmitter. Plug in the USB cable to the USB port on the top of the radio.

RadioMaster (All others - Boxer, T12, Zorro, TX16S)

Bootloader: Turn off the radio transmitter. Pull both horizontal trim switches together and press the power button.

DFU: Turn off the radio transmitter. Plug in the USB cable to the USB port on the top of the radio.

Eachine TX16s

Bootloader: Turn off the radio transmitter. Pull both horizontal trim switches together and press the power button.

DFU: Turn off the radio transmitter. Plug in the USB cable to the USB port on the top of the radio.

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Last updated 2 months ago

Set-up wireless trainer with a Multi -protocol module

Prerequisites

In order to setup a wireless trainer connection with the Multi-protocolm Module, you will need the following:

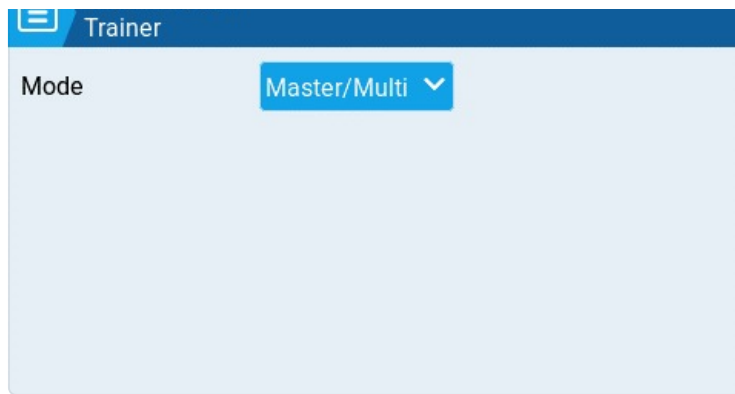
- A student radio with a FrSky D16 capable TX module
- An instructor radio with:
 - A Multi-protocol module to serve as the RX
 - An additional TX module to use to communicate with the model (protocol does not matter, but must match the protocol use by the RX on the model)

Setup

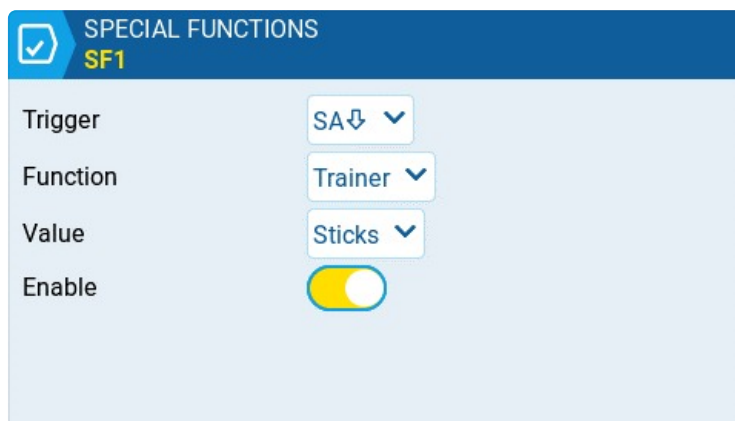
Ensure that the model is bound to the desired TX module and operational on the instructor radio.

On the Instructor radio, configure the **Trainer** section of **Radio Settings**. See [Trainer](#) section for more information on how to set this page up.

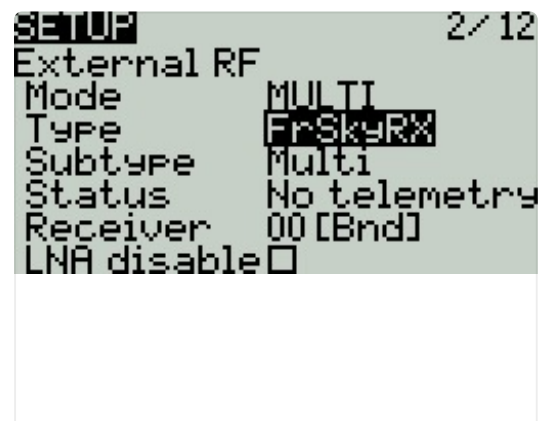
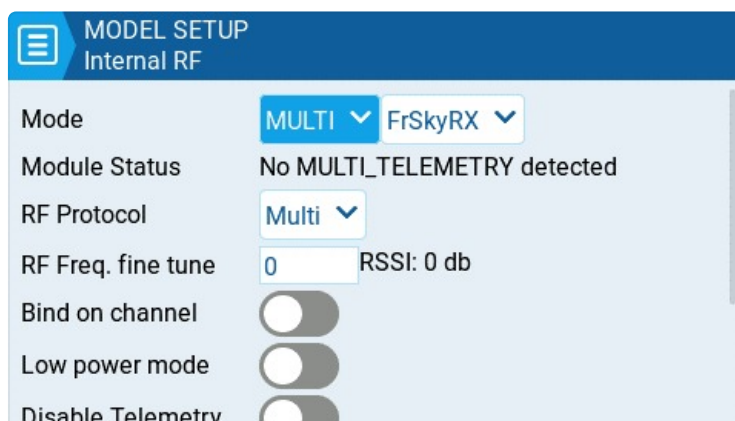
On the Instructor radio, configure the **Trainer** section of **Model Settings**. For the **Mode**, select **Master/Multi**



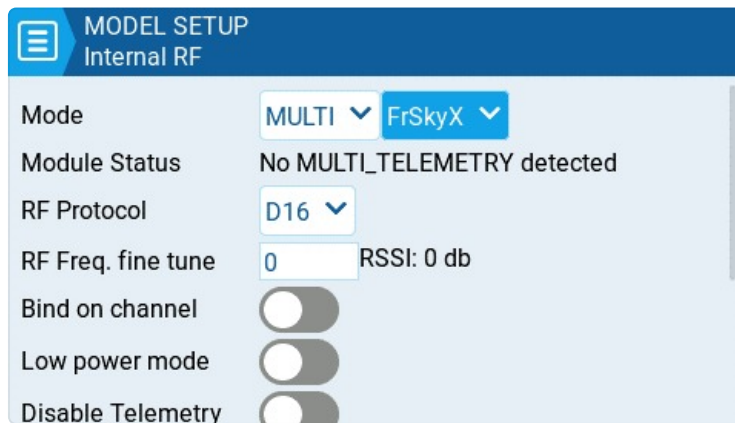
On the Instructor radio, configure the special function **Trainer**. Designate a switch to activate the mode and make sure the function is enabled.



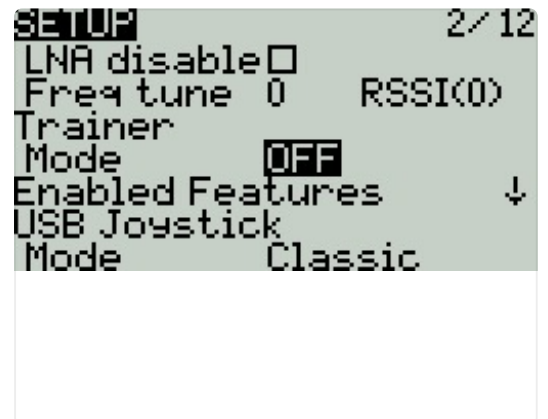
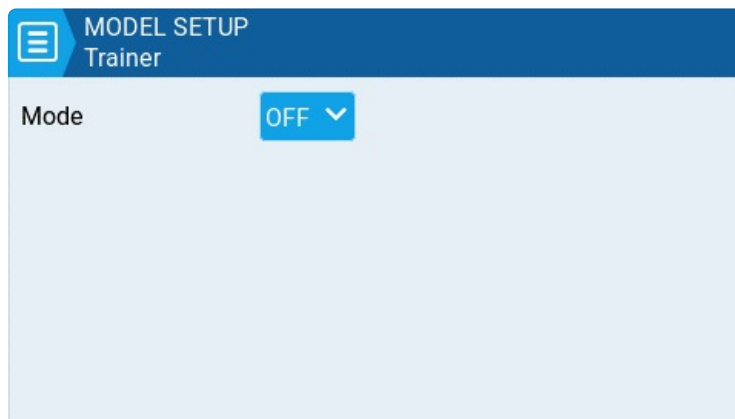
On the Instructor radio, configure the **Internal RF** and **External RF** sections in **Model Setup**. The RF Module's mode that will communicate with the Student radio should be set to **Multi, FRSkyRX** and RF Protocol: **Multi**. Also, configure a receiver number. Both the Instructor and Student radios need to use this same receiver number. The other RX module should be configured to communicate with the model.



On the Student radio, configure either the Internal RF or External RF (whichever module will be used) to communicate to the Instructor radio. If using a multi-protocol module it should be set to **Multi, FRSkyX** and RF Protocol: **D16**. Configure the receiver number to the same number configured in the step above.



On the Student radio, no configuration of the **Trainer** section in the **Model Settings** or **Radio Settings** is necessary, leave the **Mode** option in the **Trainer** section of **Model Settings** configured to **Off**.



Trainer mode is now configured.

You can test this by watching the channel monitor on the Instructor radio, activating trainer mode via the configured switch and moving the sticks on the student radio. If configured correctly, you should see the stick movements from the student radio on the channel monitor on the Instructor radio.

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[Use Bluetooth with EdgeTX](#)

Last updated 10 months ago

Use Bluetooth with EdgeTX

The support for Bluetooth in EdgeTX is limited to:

- Bluetooth Trainer Mode
- Bluetooth Telemetry Streaming

The following Bluetooth options are **not** supported.

- Bluetooth Audio
- Wireless file access and transfers
- Bluetooth joystick

Firmware

To use Bluetooth, you will need a custom compiled version of EdgeTX that needs to be built with the **BLUETOOTH=YES** CMake flag. You can create customized versions of EdgeTX using the CloudBuild tab on the [EdgeTX Buddy website](#).

Once the correct version of EdgeTX firmware is installed in your radio, the Bluetooth configuration options will be available on the **Hardware** page of **Radio** Settings.

Hardware

The only off-the-shelf bluetooth modules supported by EdgeTX are:

[FrSky Bluetooth Module](#)

[FrSky ACCESS PARA Wireless Module](#)

You can also create your own Bluetooth module by purchasing an ESP32 development kit and flashing it with the firmware from following project:

<https://btwifimod.gitbook.io/untitled/getting-started/hardware>

Telemetry Applications

The [INAV Telemetry Viewer app](#) can be used on your Android smartphone to view your telemetry data over bluetooth.

Other Important Notes:

- Bluetooth is only supported on radios that have at least one AUX serial port.
- The compile time option **Bluetooth** will reserve one AUX port (on radios with 2 AUX ports, AUX2 is reserved for Bluetooth) and it will NOT be available in the normal user interface for other purposes.
- EdgeTX Bluetooth trainer or telemetry has nothing to do with internal or external RF module Bluetooth functionality.
- EdgeTX Bluetooth can NOT be used for Bluetooth joystick functionality at the moment.

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[Configure Advanced Joystick with EdgeTX](#)

Last updated 8 months ago

Configure Advanced Joystick with EdgeTX

General

1. Please try the **classic mode first**. Handling joystick input has undergone many different designs. For example Windows has 6 joystick APIs - all with different quirks.
2. **Interface mode Gamepad** is usually the right one.
3. To ease switching between Advanced and Classic mode try using **channels 1 - 8 for axis** and **channels 9 - 32 for buttons**.
4. After **changing the joystick** configuration you likely have to disconnect and then reconnect the USB cable. Otherwise systems might still use the old joystick description to read the new data.

Analog Axis

1. Most modern applications use the **USB HID ID** to identify the meaning of an axis.
2. Legacy applications frequently use the **order** the axis where configured in.
3. A few applications use the **reverse order** the axis where configured in.
4. **Duplicate axis** are rarely supported. Some APIs do support two Slider axis.
5. **Inverted axis**: Many applications expect the left and right Y axis to go the other way. The direction can be reversed with Weight -100% or in the advanced Joystick configuration.
6. **Windows** does support "axis" and "sim". However mixing both types is not always supported.
7. **Linux** maps following inputs onto the same axis and uses the input value with the lowest channel number.
 - sim Thr + axis Slider → ABS_THROTTLE
 - sim Rud + axis Dial → ABS_RUDDER

- axis Wheel + sim Steer → ABS_WHEEL

8. **Android** treats **sim Acc** and **sim Brk** as half axis. EdgeTX channel outputs [-100%, 0% and +100%] are interpreted by Android as [0%, 50% and 100%]. Consider following configuration if your physical input is one analog stick:

- sim Acc = input (axis 1: Offset -50%, Func "x>0") mixed with (Weight 200%)
- sim Brk = input (axis 1: Offset -50%, Func "x<0") mixed with (Weight -200%)

Common Axis Mapping

channel	Android	Betaflight	Dualsense	EdgeTX Class
CH1	axis X	axis X	axis X	axis X
CH2	axis Y	axis Y	axis Y	axis Y
CH3	axis Z	axis Z	axis Z	axis Z
CH4	axis rotZ	axis rotX	axis rotZ	axis rotX
CH5	sim Brk	axis rotZ	axis rotX	axis rotY
CH6	sim Acc	axis rotY	axis rotY	axis rotZ
CH7		axis Slider		axis Slider
CH8	sim Dpad	axis Dial	sim Dpad	axis Dial

Similar layouts:

other controller	use layout
OpenTX	EdgeTX pre 2.9
Orqa FPV.Ctrl	EdgeTX pre 2.9
Stadia	Android
XBox	Android

sim Dpad

Sim Dpad emulates a **directional pad** also known as **hat switch** or point of view switch. Most application decode the 8 ordinal directions and "center". Some applications only decode the 4 cardinal directions and "center" (e.g. Northeast is treated as North).

direction	from	to
North	-100.0%	-88.1%
Northeast	-88.0%	-76.4%
East	-76.3%	-64.6%
Southeast	-64.6%	-52.9%
South	-52.8%	-41.2%
Southwest	-41.1%	-29.5%
West	-29.4%	-17.8%
Northwest	-17.7%	-6.1%
Center	-6.0%	5.7%
North	5.8%	17.4%
Northeast	17.5%	29.1%
East	29.2%	40.8%
Southeast	40.9%	52.5%
South	52.6%	64.3%
Southwest	64.4%	76.0%
West	76.1%	87.7%
Northwest	87.8%	100.0%

Axis IDs

EdgeTX	HID name	USB HID ID
axis X	X	0x00010030
axis Y	Y	0x00010031
axis Z	Z	0x00010032
axis rotX	Rx	0x00010033
axis rotY	Ry	0x00010034
axis rotZ	Rz	0x00010035
axis Slider	Slider	0x00010036
axis Dial	Dial	0x00010037
axis Wheel	Wheel	0x00010038
sim Ail	Aileron	0x000200B0
sim Ele	Elevator	0x000200B8
sim Rud	Rudder	0x000200BA
sim Thr	Throttle	0x000200BB
sim Acc	Accelerator	0x000200C4
sim Brk	Brake	0x000200C5
sim Steer	Steering	0x000200C8
sim Dpad	Hat switch	0x00010039

Buttons

1. Buttons are **identified** by their USB HID ID.
2. The **meaning** of a specific button ID is not standardized.
3. **Duplicate buttons** (*e.g. button 1, button 1*) are not supported. The button with the

higher channel number is used.

4. **Buttons as axis:** Some applications need analog button information. Use a mixer to forward the digital button state to an analog axis.
5. **Ghost buttons:** For Joysticks and Gamepads the required minimum amount of buttons is automatically created. Similarly if only button 15 is configured the missing buttons 0 - 14 are automatically created. These buttons have no input and are always off.
6. **Android** generally supports buttons 0 to 14 with the same mapping as Linux. Support for buttons in bold is [mandatory](#) for all Android devices.
7. **Windows** generally supports buttons 0 to 9 with the same mapping as Xbox.

EdgeTX	Android / Linux	Dualsense	Windows / XBox	USB HID ID
button 0	BTN_A - 304	square	A	0x00090001
button 1	BTN_B - 305	cross	B	0x00090002
button 2	BTN_C - 305	circle	X	0x00090003
button 3	BTN_X - 307	triangle	Y	0x00090004
button 4	BTN_Y - 308	L1	left bumper	0x00090005
button 5	BTN_Z - 309	R1	right bumper	0x00090006
button 6	BTN_TL - 310	L2	back	0x00090007
button 7	BTN_TR - 311	R2	start	0x00090008
button 8	BTN_TL2 - 312	create	left stick	0x00090009
button 9	BTN_TR2 - 313	options	right stick	0x0009000A
button 10	BTN_SELECT - 314	L3	left trigger	0x0009000B
button 11	BTN_START - 315	R3	right trigger	0x0009000C

button 12	BTN_MODE - 316	home	guide	0x0009000D
button 13	BTN_THUMBL - 317	touchpad		0x0009000E
button 14	BTN_THUMBR - 318	mute		0x0009000F
button 15				0x00090010
button 16	BTN_TRIGGER_HAPPY1 - 704			0x00090011
button 17	BTN_TRIGGER_HAPPY2 - 705			0x00090012
button 18	BTN_TRIGGER_HAPPY3 - 706			0x00090013
button 19	BTN_TRIGGER_HAPPY4 - 708			0x00090014
button 20	BTN_TRIGGER_HAPPY5 - 709			0x00090015
button 21	BTN_TRIGGER_HAPPY6 - 710			0x00090016
button 22	BTN_TRIGGER_HAPPY7 - 711			0x00090017
button 23	BTN_TRIGGER_HAPPY8 - 712			0x00090018
button 24	BTN_TRIGGER_HAPPY9 - 713			0x00090019
button 25	BTN_TRIGGER_HAPPY10 - 714			0x0009001A
button 26	BTN_TRIGGER_HAPPY11 - 715			0x0009001B

button 27	BTN_TRIGGER_HAPPY12 - 716			0x0009001C
button 28	BTN_TRIGGER_HAPPY13 - 717			0x0009001D
button 29	BTN_TRIGGER_HAPPY14 - 718			0x0009001E
button 30	BTN_TRIGGER_HAPPY15 - 719			0x0009001F
button 31	BTN_TRIGGER_HAPPY16 - 720			0x00090020

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Joystick Mapping Information for Game Developers

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Use Trims to Adjust Global Variables

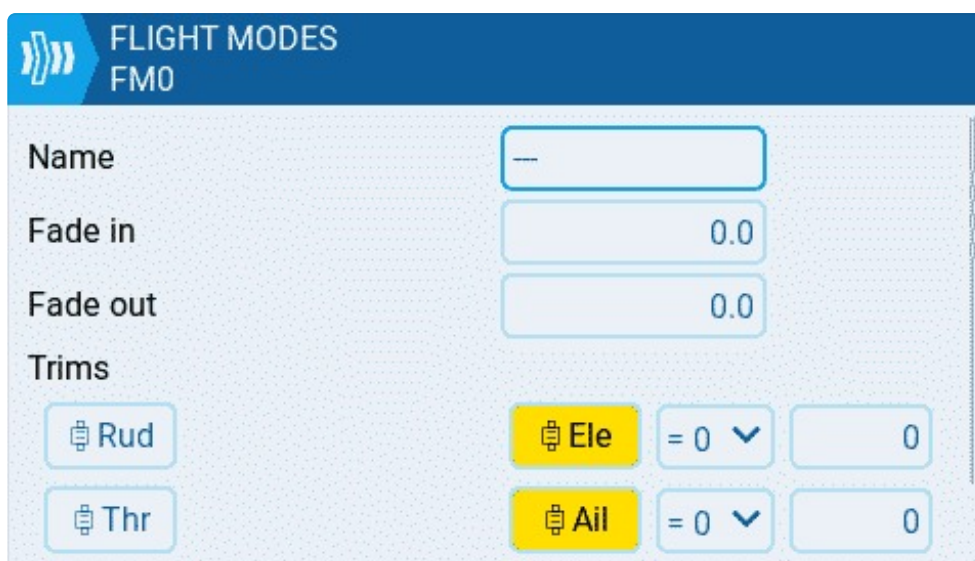
There are model types where some or all of the trim switches on your radion are not used. Helicopters or drones with a flight controller usually don't need trims Also on many fixed wings you may not need all the 4 trims for throttle, rudder, elevator and aileron.

In the following example our model is a glider. Gliders don't need throttle trim. We also don't need the rudder trim, because we can adjust the rudder with the servo sub trim.

Glider usually use differential on the aileron mixers. The plane rolls perfect when the differential is set to the correct value.

In this sample we will use the rudder trim buttons to adjust the differential of the ailerons. And we will be able to adjust this using the trims in flight.

Step 1: Disable the trims for rudder and throttle which are not needed. Then we can reuse them for other functionality. Enter the model menu and navigate to the [Flight Modes](#) page. Edit **FM0** and disable the Throttle and Rudder trims. The yellow highlight color will be gone when the trims are disabled.



Disable trims for flight mode

You can see the disabled trims also on the flight modes page. They now show a dash

FLIGHT MODES									
FM0	-	=0 0	-	=0 0	=0 0	=0 0	0.0s	0.0s	
FM1		=0	=0	=0	=0	=0	0.0s	0.0s	
FM2		=0	=0	=0	=0	=0	0.0s	0.0s	
FM3		=0	=0	=0	=0	=0	0.0s	0.0s	
FM4		=0	=0	=0	=0	=0	0.0s	0.0s	

FM0 with disabled trims for throttle and rudder

Step 2: Now we navigate to the [Global Variables](#) page and set a default value of 30 for **GV1** in **FM0**

GLOBAL VARIABLES

GV1=30

Popup

☐

FM0

FM1

☐

FM2

☐

FM3

☐

FM4

☐

Step 3: We will now create 2 [Special Functions](#) to adjust the **GV1** value we created in the previous step. Navigate to the [Special Functions](#) page and create a new function **SF1** for decreasing **GV1**

SPECIAL FUNCTIONS

SF1

Trigger

Rud- ▼

Function

Adjust ▼

Global var

GV1 ▼

Mode

Inc/Decrement ▼

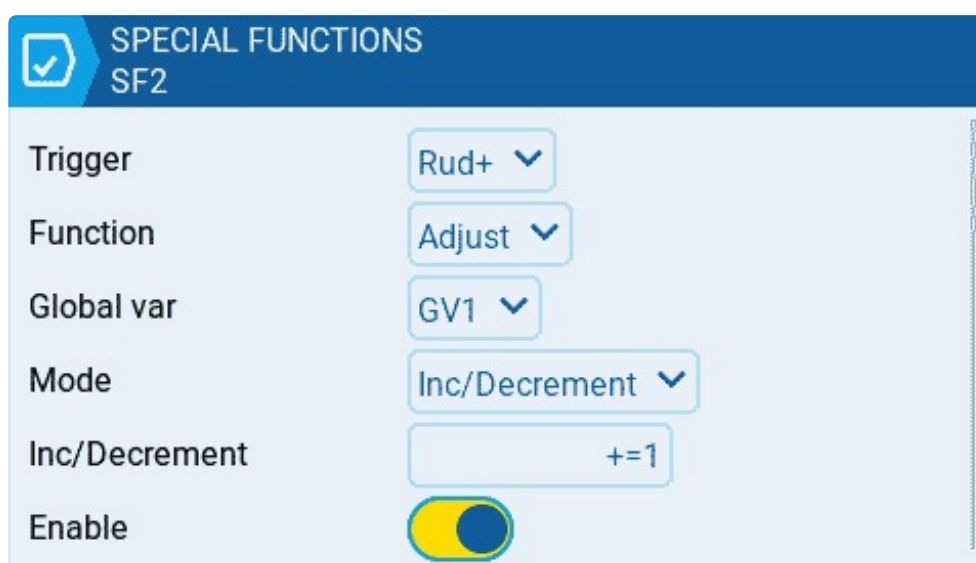
Inc/Decrement

-1



- **Trigger** is set to the Rud- (rudder trim left)
- **Function** is Adjust
- **Global var** is GV1
- **Mode** is Inc/Decrement
- **Inc/Decrement** is set to -=1
- **Enable** the special function

We create **SF2** now for increasing the **GV1** value

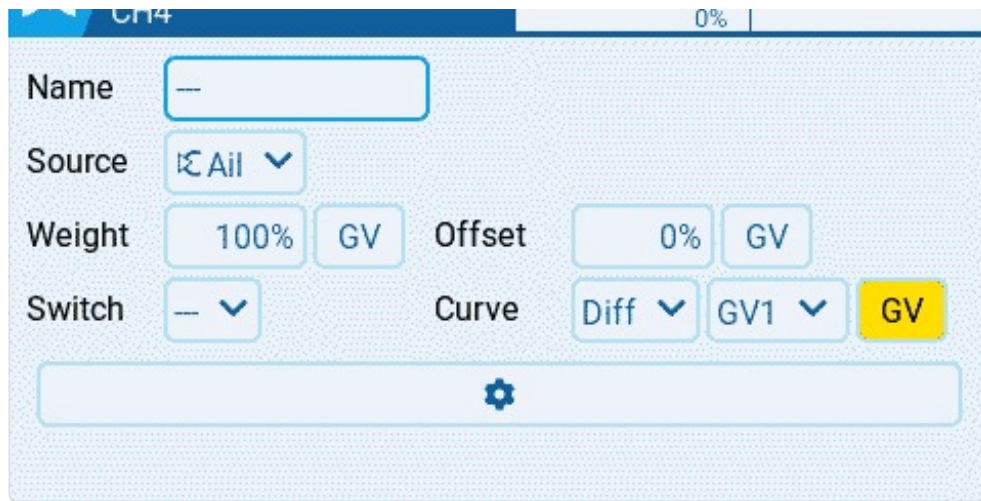


- **Trigger** is set to Rud+ (rudder trim right)
- **Function** is Adjust
- **Global var** is GV1
- **Mode** is Inc/Decrement
- **Inc/Decrement** is set to +=1
- **Enable** the special function

after those 2 special functions are created you can already test the functionality. When you go to Global Variables page you can monitor the GV1 value. The value should change as you use the trims.

Step 4: Now we can adjust our aileron mixer and use the GV1 value for the differential





- **Curve** is set to use Global variables and GV1 is selected

Now you should be able to use the Rudder trim to adjust your aileron differential in flight.

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Last updated 1 month ago